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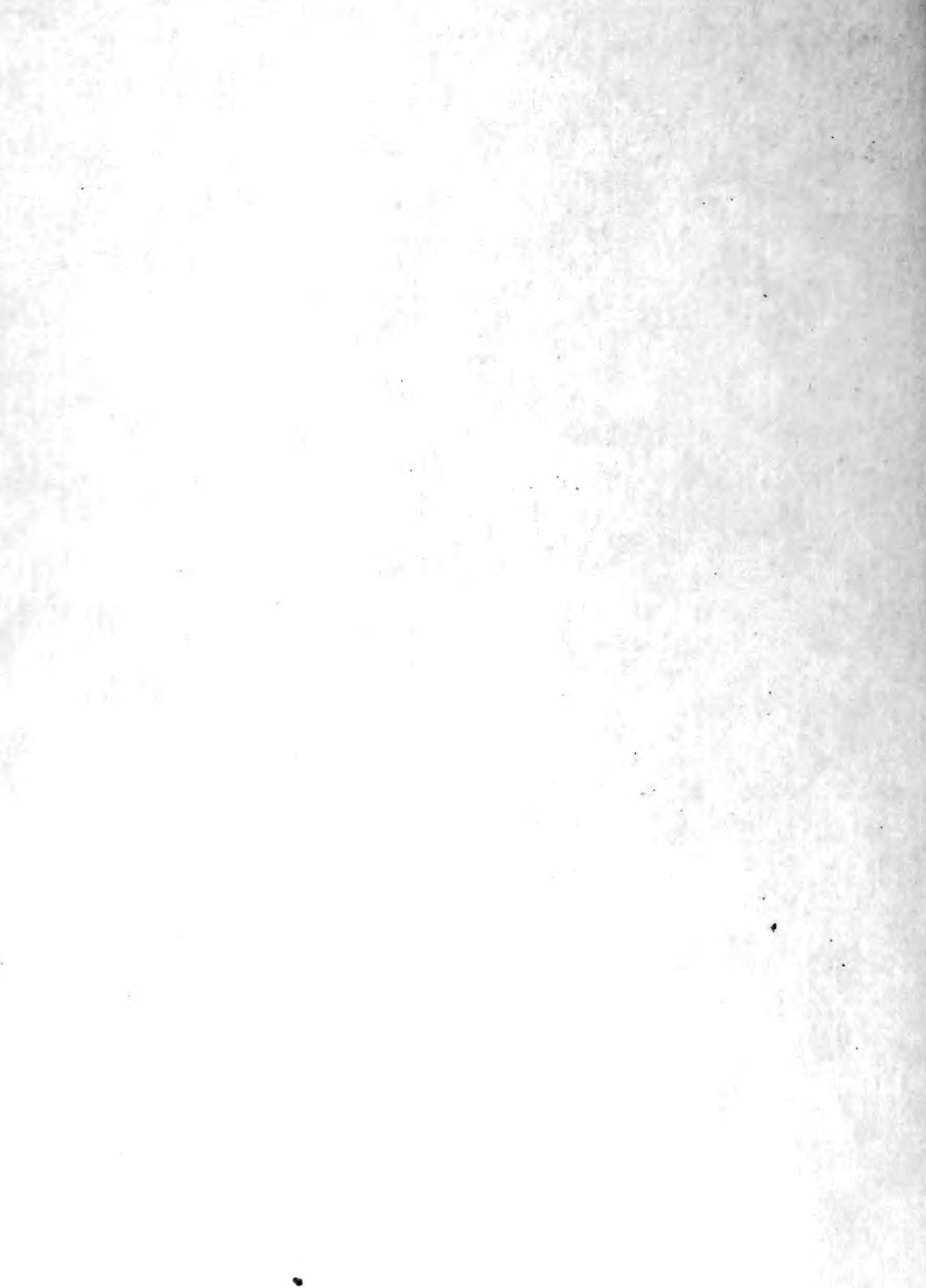
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General Notes on South Pacific Island Groups.

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Volume II

By

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GENERAL NOTES ON THE FIJI (OR VITI) GROUP. BRITISH.

(Also Fedjee, Feejee, Fidgee, Fidji, Fidschi, etc.)

Prince William Islands of Tasman.

Said to be 155 islands (100 of them inhabited), with as many more islets and reefs; coral and volcanic; highest peak in group 5000 ft.

Little or no malaria; disease most feared by Europeans is dysentery, which caused Wigglesworth's death shortly after he reached the islands. Heaviest rains in Feb. and March; best weather is in April-November; cyclones frequent in hot months (Dec. to April).

Rotumah was annexed as part of the Fiji colony in 1880, and Fortuna (or Fotuna) at a later date; both these are treated under other groups in the present connection. At the present time (Sept. 25, 1924), only Rotumah island is an outlying island of Fijis; Fotuna or Fortuna Island is a French possession, not in the Fiji Group.

There are several lesser groups and clusters in the Fijis, such as the Exploring Group, Hudson Group, Lau or Eastern Group, Ono i Lau Group, Mamamutha Group, Ringgold Group, Tiri Group, Underwood Group, Yangasa Cluster, and Yasawa Group.

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present time (Sept. 25, 1934), only Rotuma island is an  
outlying island of Fiji; Rotuma or Rotuma island is a  
French possession, not in the Fiji Group.

There are several lesser groups and clusters in the Fiji.  
such as the Kapinga Group, Wilson Group, Vanua Levu  
Group, and 100 Group, Macauley's Group, Laysan Group,  
Fiji Group, United Group, Johnston Island, and various  
Group.

Abuda: within Angasa reef.

Abutolema: outside Angasa reef; 60 feet high.

Abutuena: on Angasa reef.

Agaga: Yanganga.

Agata: Agate.

Agate: small; rocky; high (hilly); apparently n.e. of Naviti, in

Agata. Yasawa Group. (See Angata.)

Angata.

Vangata.

Aiva: Aiwa.

Aiwa: double islet; 1800 & 1600x600 yds.; 200 ft. high; limestone and

Aiva. rocky; honeycombed by sea; covered with bush;

Echouas.

Ei-houa. uninhabited; in Lau Group, s. of Lakemba.

Aiwa-thaki;

two islets that form Aiwa.

Aiwa-va:

Alden: high and rocky; in Hudson Group.

Alewa kalaou: islet; rocky; 500 ft. high; sides are steep cliffs;

Awakalo. summit covered with grass and stunted bushes;

Awakalou.

Ronde. uninhabited, and may be inaccessible. (16°40'S;

Round. 177°46' W.)

Alorua: Olorua.

Ambatiki: Mbatiki.

Ambau: Mbau.

Ambow: Mbau.

Amboa: Mbau.

Anatunga: Amutunga.

Andatavie: 165 ft. high; at n. limit of Ngaloa harbor (on s.e. side  
Kandavu.)





Andiwathe: islet; 250 ft. high; off w. coast of Vanua mbalavu,  
in Lau Group.

Andoua: Yandua.

Androna:  $3 \times 1\frac{1}{4}$  mi.; 900 ft. high; in Yasawa Group.

Anganga: Yanganga.

Angasa: Yangasa.

Angata: probably Agate, and if so is the present accepted name.

Angau (of Wilkes): Ngau.

Anghasa: Ngau.

Annan Ids.: 3 ids. off n. end of Viti Levu;  $4 \times \frac{3}{4}$  mi.; 610 ft. high.

Amutha: Yamutha.

Amutuga: Amutunga.

Amutunga: small, low islet, near Ngaloa Bay on n. coast Vanua Levu;

Anatunga. uninhabited.

Amutuga.

Appallo: Kambara.

Aro: islet e. of Tuvutha.

Aroua.

Aroua: Aro.

Asaua: Asawa.

Asaua: Yasawa Group.

Asaua: one of the Yasawa Group.

Asaua.

Atakimbo (of d'Urville): Lakemba.



Ato : islet of Yasawa Group, between Matathoni and Yangati.

Avea: 3 mi. circ.; coral; wooded; 600 ft. high; inhab.; in Ex-

Avia. ploring Group, w. of Sovu and off n. e.

Aviea.

Curling. coast of Vanua mbalavu.

Avia: Avea.

Aviea: Avea.

Awakalo: Alewa kalou.

Awakalou: Alewa kalou.

Azata: Yathata.

Ba group: Yasawa Group.

Bacon: a "white" rock 60 ft. high ; guano-covered; within Argo reef,  
near Vanua masi, in Lau Group.

Baino: Benow.

Balaou: Ovalau? (Used for one of the larger islands of the Fijis,  
by authors of the d'Urville expedition, probably  
the one suggested.)

Balahou: is a spelling for some island of the Fijis, possibly the  
preceding. Used by d'Urville.

Baldwin: islet of the Yasawa Group.

Banoue-Batou: ?Vanua watu.

Bateman: low, sandy, wooded islet of the Underwood Group.

Batigui: Mbatiki.

Batiki: Mbatiki.



Batoa: Vatoa.

Batou-bara: Vatuvara.

Bau: Mbau.

Bega: Mbenga.

Benga: Mbenga.

Benow: islet about 1 mi. w. of Vienne Bay, on coast of Vanua Levu;

Baino. low; covered with palms.

Bega: Mbenga.

Bird: small sand cay; low (4 ft. high); few bushes; in passage between Mbenga and Viti Levu.

Bithono Ids.: Mamanutha i ira.

Bitoa: Vatoa.

Bitonho Ids.: Mamanutha i ira group.

Biva: 2 mi. long; 100 ft. high; coconut-covered; few inhab.; 10 mi.

Bivoua. w. of Yasawa Group.

Biwa.

Viwa.

Bivoua Ids.: a group in the Yasawa group, so named by d'Urville, n. of Mamanutha i ira group. (See Biva.)

Biwa: Biva.

Blair: said to be in 18° 30' 10" S., 177° 36' E. This is one of the islets just n. of Vatu Leile.

Blunt: Mbulia.

Blunt: Tutu.

Island: Viti.

Island: Viti.

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Island: Viti. about 100 ft. N. of Viti, on coast of Viti.

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Island: Viti.

Island: Viti.

Boat: Koro Levu.

Booby rock: islet in lagoon of Reid reef; Dark in color; 10 ft. high;  
in Lau group.

Boulang-Ha: Fulanga.

Brackenridge: low; 1 mi. long; off Vanua Levu.

"Bua": a town on Vanua Levu, where Layard collected.

Budd: Thombia.

Bukalau: low islet;  $16^{\circ} 12' 20''$  S.;  $179^{\circ} 45' 50''$  E.

Bulia: Mbulia.

Bulloo: Ovolau.

Cabeva: islet,  $16^{\circ} 11' 20''$  S.,  $179^{\circ} 34' 45''$  E.

Cagalai: islet, near Leluvia and Moturiki.

Camel rock: about 15 ft. high; 1 mi. from Kandomo.

Cap: Tuvutha.

Cap: Yathuata.

Carr: high id. in Hudson Group.

Case: high id. in Hudson Group.

Castle Rock: a rock 200 ft. high, off n.w. end of Vomo, in Yasawa  
Group.

Chaptal Ids.: Mamamutha i thake group.

Chichia: Thithia.

Chicobea: Thikombia.

Chikobia: one of the Exploring Group; not Cikobia at n. end of  
Fiji Group; see Thikombia i lau.



Booby rock: large in bottom of hole; 10 ft. high.

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Cicia: Thithia.

Cicobia: Thikombia.

Clark: a low id.;  $16^{\circ} 22' 24''$  S.,  $179^{\circ} 11' 32''$  E. (vide Brigham).

just north of Vatu Leile.

Clark: an islet of this name.

Cocoa Nut: see under Ngau.

Colvocoressis: Ndravuni.

Corolib: Koro Levu.

Cox: Mango.

Craven: a high id., in Hudson Group.

Cumming: low islet;  $16^{\circ} 21' 40''$  S.,  $179^{\circ} 8' 47''$  E.

Curling: Avea.

Davis: a high id. in Yasawa Group.

Davura: one of the Ono i Lau Group.

Day: Thakavi.

De Haven: high id. of Ringgold Group.

Denham: coral islet at w. end of Kandavu; 10 ft. high; clump of  
palms on e. end.

Direction: Naitamba.

Direction: Namena.

Doi: Konaoe.

Dongaloa: group of low islets off n.w. side of Viti Levu.

Drala: Ndrala.



Draviuni: Ndravuni.

Dravuni: Ndravuni.

Druadrua: Ndruandrua.

Druau: Ndruandrua.

D. Scot's: Susui.

Dzizia: Thithia.

Dzizla: probably Thithia; used by d'Urville.

East: islet off Kandavu, half mi. n. of Koro Levu Passage; rocky;  
69 ft. high.

Eastern group: Lau Group.

Edward's: (applied by Wilson to some part of a peninsula on Vanua  
Levu, thinking it an island.)

Echouas: Aiva.

Ekabo: about 5' n. e. of Kambara (179° W.; 18° 55' N.--About), and  
somewhat w. by s. of Namuka (on De Ricci's  
map of 1875).

Ei-houa: Aiwa.

Eld: 1 mi. long; high; near s.s.w. of Naviti, in Yasawa Group.

Elisabeth: Elizabeth.

Elizabeth: islet near (close offs. side of) Mbenga.

Elisabeth.  
Moturiki.

Elliott: near and n. of Ono; 18° 51'S., 178° 24'E.

Gravimetric measurements.

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Emmons: islet of Hudson Group.

Enkaba: Wangava.

Eori: islet of Mamanutha i ira Group; uninhabited.

Eva cay: 3 ft. high; off Viti Levu.

Exploring Group: part of Lau Group; on reef 77 mi. circ.; islets  
are Avea, Malatta, Munia, Osubu, Susui,  
Thikombia i lau, and Vanua mbalavu.

False: Thikombia i lau.

Fanua Levu: ?Vanua Levu.

Farewell: Thikombia.

Favourite: Thithia.

Foocaffa: Wangava.

Fortuna (or Fotuna): (Sept. 9, 1924--See under Horne Group; now  
Fotuna is politically part of the Fijis.)  
Sept. 25, 1924--Fortuna is not part of the  
Fiji Group, but rather a French possession.

Fox: 2 mi. long; near (s.s.w. of) Navit, in Yasawa Group.

Foxe.

Foxe: Fox.

Fulaga: Fulanga.

Fulanga: limestone id., 260 ft. high; fine timber; inhabited;  
in Lau Group.

Boulang-Ha, Fulaga, Laquaba, Vulanga.

Ensign: 1st of 1st Group.

Ensign: 2nd of 1st Group.

Ensign: 3rd of 1st Group; 1st of 2nd Group.

Ensign: 4th of 1st Group; 2nd of 2nd Group.

Ensign: 5th of 1st Group; 3rd of 2nd Group; 1st of 3rd Group.

Ensign: 6th of 1st Group; 4th of 2nd Group; 2nd of 3rd Group.

Ensign: 7th of 1st Group; 5th of 2nd Group; 3rd of 3rd Group.

Ensign: 8th of 1st Group; 6th of 2nd Group; 4th of 3rd Group.

Ensign: 9th of 1st Group; 7th of 2nd Group; 5th of 3rd Group.

Ensign: 10th of 1st Group; 8th of 2nd Group; 6th of 3rd Group.

Ensign: 11th of 1st Group; 9th of 2nd Group; 7th of 3rd Group.

Ensign: 12th of 1st Group; 10th of 2nd Group; 8th of 3rd Group.

Ensign: 13th of 1st Group; 11th of 2nd Group; 9th of 3rd Group.

Ensign: 14th of 1st Group; 12th of 2nd Group; 10th of 3rd Group.

Ensign: 15th of 1st Group; 13th of 2nd Group; 11th of 3rd Group.

Ensign: 16th of 1st Group; 14th of 2nd Group; 12th of 3rd Group.

Ensign: 17th of 1st Group; 15th of 2nd Group; 13th of 3rd Group.

Ensign:

Ensign:

Ensign:

Ensign: 18th of 1st Group; 16th of 2nd Group; 14th of 3rd Group.

Ensign:

Ensign: 19th of 1st Group; 17th of 2nd Group; 15th of 3rd Group.

Galoa: Ngaloa.

Gamea: Ngamea.

Gamia: Ngamea.

Gau: Ngau.

Gillet: Rambli.

Gibson: Thukini.

Goa: Ngau.

Goat: small islet 90 ft. high; covered with grass and screw pine;  
off n. coast of Vamua Levu.

Goat: Koro Levu.

Goro: Koro.

Great Fiji: Viti Levu.

Green: one of the Tiri group.

Gualito: Ngualito.

Hadow: Munia.

Hamersley: islet just n. of Vatu Leile.

Hamilton: ?Ythata.

Hanbury: Ngevo.

Harrison: small islet n. of Ono.

Hat: Vatu vara.

Henderson: Nukuvandra.

Henry: small low sandy islet of Underwood Group, in Nandi waters,  
Kandavu. on w. coast of Viti Levu.



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High: North.

Holmes: s.w. of Thombia, in Ringgold Group.

Holoroua: Olorua.

Howison: 36 ft. high; near and n.e. of Ono;  $18^{\circ}51'S.$ ,  $178^{\circ}25'30''E.$

Hudson Group: 14 or more ids. w. of Viti Levu, including Alden, Carr, Case, Craven, Emmons, Johnson, Kuku, Malolo Ids., Mamanutha Ids., Palmer, Perry, Soni, Tavarua, Waldron, and Walker.

Hudson Ids; near and n.e. of Ono;  $18^{\circ}52'S.$ ,  $178^{\circ}26' E.$  (approximately).

Iakuilau: sand islet; low; coral; with some cocoanut trees; on w. coast of Viti Levu.

Iambu: islet or "rock" 1800x800 yds.; 370 ft. high; densely wooded; w. of Yamutha, in Ringgold Group.

Itai: sandy islet, covered with bushes and trees, on w. coast of Viti Levu (in Nandi waters).

Jabeia: hilly islet between Yasawa and Naviti.

Janoudza Islets: Ringgold Group.

Johnson: 70 ft. high; in Hudson Group.

Kaba: Kamba.

Kabara: Kambara.

Kadavu: Kandavu.

Kaimbo: Kaimbu.

Kaimbu: (next sheet)

High: 100 ft.

Bottom: s.s. of Tertiary, in Hingeoid Group.

Bottom: 100 ft.

Bottom: 55 ft. high, near and s.s. of Tertiary, 175° 30' E.

Bottom Group: is exposed 1/2 mi. W. of Viti Levu, including Aikua, Oia,

Case, Craven, Fanning, Johnson, Kila, Kilaia, etc.

Mammals: 1/2 mi. W. of Viti Levu, 175° 30' E.

Wahine, and Waike.

Bottom: 1/2 mi. W. of Viti Levu, 175° 30' E. (approximately).

Bottom: sandy, coral; with some coconut trees; on W.

coast of Viti Levu.

Bottom: 1/2 mi. W. of Viti Levu, 175° 30' E. (approximately).

W. of Viti Levu, in Hingeoid Group.

Bottom: sandy, coral, covered with bushes and trees; on W. coast of

Viti Levu (in small waters).

Bottom: 1/2 mi. W. of Viti Levu, 175° 30' E.

Bottom: 1/2 mi. W. of Viti Levu, 175° 30' E.

Bottom: 70 ft. high, in Tertiary, 175° 30' E.

Bottom: 100 ft.

Bottom: 100 ft.

Bottom: 100 ft.

Bottom: 100 ft.

Bottom: 100 ft.

Kaimbu: islet  $1\frac{1}{2}$  mi. long, 150 ft. high; volcanic and coral forma-

Kaimbo.                   tion; partly cultivated; off e. point of  
Yathata, in Lau Group.

Kamba: coral; 80 ft. high; wooded; on s.e. coast of Viti Levu.

Kaba.

Kambara:  $4\frac{1}{2} \times 3$  mi.; 470 ft. high; volcanic; wooded, with some open

Appallo.               grassy places; fertile; reef except on n.w.  
Kabara.               side; inhabited; in Lau Group.

Kamea: Ngamea.

Kamia: Ngamea.

Kanacea: Kanathea.

Kanacia: Kanathea.

Kanathea:  $3 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$  mi.; 830 ft. high; 5 mi. w. of Vanua Mbalavu, in

Kanacea.               Lau group. Said to be the property of two Europeans,  
Kanacia.               who raised cotton and copra.  
Kanathia.  
Kanazla.  
Sim.

Kanathia: Kanathea.

Kanazla: Kanathea.

Kandabon: Kandavu.

Kandaboo: Kandavu.

Kandabou: Kandavu.

Kandavu: 32 by  $\frac{1}{2}$  to 8 mi.; 2750 ft, high; mostly mountainous and

Kadavu.               volc.; well wooded, with much pine timber on  
Kandabon.  
Kandaboo.           s. side, but less woods and more grass on n.  
Kandabou.  
Kantavu.           side; inhabited South of Viti Levu. Mt. Yale,  
Mywolla?  
Mywoolla?          1180 ft. high, is covered with grass. Layard  
did very little collecting on the id.



Kandavu: Henry.

Kandomo: islet of Mamamutha i ira group; uninhabited.

Kantavu: Kandavu.

Karoni: high limestone islet, 120 ft. high; wooded; within reef of

Skerries. Mothe. in Lau Group.

Katafanga: small, 1800x600 yds.; 180 ft. high, with two hills cover-

Katavaga. ed with palms; inhabited; s.e. of Exploring

Katavanga. Group. Was the property of an European, who raised  
cotton and copra.

Katavaga: Katafanga.

Katavanga: Katafanga.

Kautau: Vanua Levu.

Kavawa: Kavewa.

Kaveva: Kavewa.

Kavewa: islet  $\frac{3}{4}$  mi. long; 233 ft. high; wooded; inhabited. In Sausau

Kavawa. passage, on n. coast of Vanua Levu.

Kaveva.

Kea: Kioa.

Kea: islet 570 ft. high; inhabited; near Vanua Levu.

Kia: Kie.

Kia: islet 780 ft. high; n. of Vanua Levu, and fust within Great Sea Reef.

Klaw: Kioa.

Kie: islet 760 ft. high; off Muthuata on n. side of Vanua Levu.

Kia.

Kashan: Henry.

Kashan: list of specimens & the group unclassified.

Kashan: Kashan.

Kashan: high limestone table, 180 ft. high; wooded; typical east of

Shanghai. No. 1 in the group.

Kashan: small, 100x200 yds; 100 ft. high, with two hills cover-

ed with pine; unclassified; a. of Kashi.

Kashan: Group. Was the property of an English, who raised

cotton and opium.

Kashan: Kashan.

Kashan: Kashan.

Kashan: Vamsi level.

Kashan: Kashan.

Kashan: Kashan.

Kashan: list of all items; 225 ft. high; wooded; unclassified. In Kashan

Kashan, on the coast of Vamsi level.

Kashan.

Kashan: Kashan.

Kashan: list of 270 ft. high; unclassified; near Vamsi level.

Kashan: Kashan.

Kashan: list of 280 ft. high; on the coast of Vamsi level; unclassified. In Kashan.

Kashan: Kashan.

Kashan: list of 285 ft. high; off the coast of Vamsi level.

Kashan.

Kimbombo: 3 islets within reef 12 mi. in circ.; southernmost and

Okimbo. largest is 190 ft. high, and wooded; middle

Olimbo. one coral and sand; covered with cocoanuts

and bushes, and 120 ft. high; northern and

smallest is 100 ft. high, coral and sand, with

palms at s. end; in Lau Group, and 13 mi. e. of

Naitamba.

Kioa: 5 mi. long; 920 ft. high; partly wooded; uninhabited; 5 mi.

Kea. s.s.w. of Rambi, in Somo-somo Strait, e. of

Kiaw.

Owens. Vamua Levu.

Tate.

Kiusick: 40 ft. high; in Yasawa Group.

Knox: islet 47 ft. high; in Yasawa Group.

Komo: Komo levu.

Komo levu:  $1\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$  mi.; 270 ft. high; grass, casuarinas and screw pines

Komo. hills, and cocoanuts on summit and in low ground;

inhabited; s.e. of Olorua. Komo is recognized

name at present.

Komo ndriki: 300 yds. diam.; 70 ft. high; "dark" and rocky; in  
or Lau Group.

Komo ndriti:

Komo Riki.

Komo Riki: Komo ndriki.





Konaoe: islet of Ono i Lau Group.

Doi.

Ndoi.

Kora: small islet of Kia.

Koro: 10x5 mi.; volcanic; 1840 ft. high; fertile; mtns. densely

Goro.                    wooded; many cocoanuts at lower levels; inhab.

Koro Levu: islet 320x200 yds.; 150 ft. high (to tree tops); wooded;

Boat.                    on e. coast of Vanua Levu.

Korolib.

Goat.

Korolib.

Korolib: Koro Levu.

Koroni: small islet s.e. of Mothe, and on same reef.

Korotuna: Vataua.

Kotuho: said to be approximately  $16^{\circ}48'50''$ S.,  $179^{\circ}25'30''$ E.

Kowata: Waia lailai thake.

Kubulau: an islet between Nandi Bay and Savu Savu Bay, on s. side of  
Vanua Levu, near coast (de Ricci's map of 1875).

Kuku: islet 87 ft. high, on s.w. side of Malolo, Hudson Group.

Laciba: Lathiba.

Laguemba: Lakemba.

Lakeba: Lakemba.

Lakemba: 5x3 mi.; 720 ft. high; volcanic; coast is fertile, interior

Atakimbo.                grassy, with casuarinas and screw pines; has ex-  
Laguemba.

Lakeba.                    tensive reefs; in Lau Group.

Report: List of ...  
Date: ...  
Place: ...

Name: ...

Age: ...

Sex: ...

Address: ...

Occupation: ...

Education: ...

Marital Status: ...

Religion: ...

Political Party: ...

Other: ...

Signature: ...

Witness: ...

Notary: ...

Remarks: ...

Signature: ...

Date: ...

Place: ...

Signature: ...

Date: ...

Signature: ...

Date: ...

Place: ...

Signature: ...

Lamut: small islet; 15 ft. high; bushy; off s.w. coast of Vanua Levu.

Lanthala: Lanthala.

Lanthalu: Lanthala.

Laoudzala: Lanthala.

Lequaba: Fulanga.

Late i Tonga: islet covered with white guano; 50 ft. high; in lagoon  
of Reid reef in Lau Group.

Late i Viti: islet 60 ft. high; covered with white guano; in lagoon  
of Reid reef, in Lau Group.

Lathiba: small low islet off Ngau.

Laciba.

Lau Group: consists of many islands or islets on the eastern border  
Eastern Group. of the Fijis; includes the lesser Exploring  
group, and the Yangasa cluster.

Laucala: Lanthala.

Lanthala: 3.3x2.3 mi.; 880 ft. high; densely wooded; inhabited; close

Lanthala. to and e. of Ngamea. Property of two Europeans.

Lanthalu.

Laoudzala.

Laucala.

Louthalu.

Leeward Group: Yasawa Group.

Leku: low islet off s.w. side of Viti Levu.

Liku.

Lele-Oubia: Leluvia.

Island: small island, 15 ft. high, sandy; off S.W. coast of Yona Island.

Island: small island.

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Island.

Island: small island, 15 ft. high, sandy; off S.W. coast of Yona Island.

Leleuvia: Leluvia.

Leluvia: small islet s. of Moturiki; low; covered with cocoanuts.

Lele-Oubia.

Leleuvia.

Leonidas: low islet;  $\frac{3}{4}$  mi. circ.; at entrance of Wailea Bay,

Vanua Levu.

Levuka: Ovalau.

Lewin: Lewis.

Lewis: islet of Yasawa Group.

Lewin.

Liku: Leku.

Likuri: sand islet, 700x200 yds.; has grove of cocoanuts on it;

$3\frac{1}{2}$  mi. n.w. of Songo id., off w. coast of

Viti Levu.

Linthicum: low, sandy islet; wooded; in Underwood Group.

Little Malolo: Malololailei.

Loa: 140 ft. high; close to and n.e. of Oneata, and connected with

Observatory. it by a sunken reef.

Loangi: 1 mi. long; off Vanua Levu.

Loma Loma: is chief town on Vanua mbalavu, and the name has been

frequently applied to the island.

Lomi Lomi: Loma Loma.

(See Vanua mbalavu.)

Lomo Lomo: Loma Loma.

Louthalu: Lauthala.

Lovuka: small sandy islet, (over)

[illegible]
$$x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix}, y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Observatory. It is a wooden roof.

1000 1000 : 1000 1000

... ..

Lovuka: small sandy islet, covered with trees and bushes; in Nandi waters, off w. coast of Viti Levu.

Low: Wailagilala.

Macuata: Mathuata.

Mago: Mango.

Magon-hai: Mokongai.

Magon-heren: Mekundranga.

Maitamba: Naitamba.

Makondranga: Mekundranga.

Madongai: Mokongai.

Makuluva: Mukulau.

Malaki: 3-sided, and about 2 mi. on a side; "755" or "500" ft. high; grass and casuarina trees; inhabited; now owned Europeans. On n. side of Viti Levu.

Malamala: sand islet (with bushes and trees); in Nandi waters, off w. coast of Viti Levu.

Malata:  $2\frac{1}{4}$  mi.; 420 ft. high; wooded; joined to Vanua mbalavu by Malatta. reef.

Malatta: Malata.

Malebu: Malevu.

Malevu: islet; low; sandy; with stunted coconut trees; on inner

Malebu. Tabooa reef, off n.w. coast of Viti Levu.  
Melevu.



Islands: small sandy islands, covered with trees and bushes; in March

water, off W. coast of Viti Levu.

Islands: small sandy islands.

Islands: small sandy islands.

Islands: small sandy islands.

Islands: small sandy islands.

Islands: small sandy islands.

Islands: small sandy islands.

Islands: small sandy islands.

Islands: small sandy islands.

Islands: small sandy islands.

Islands: small sandy islands, and about 2 mi. on a side; "Viti" or "Viti" islands.

Islands: small sandy islands; covered with trees and bushes; in March

water, off W. coast of Viti Levu.

Islands: small sandy islands (with trees and bushes); in March water, off

W. coast of Viti Levu.

Islands: small sandy islands; covered with trees and bushes; in March water, off

Islands: small sandy islands.

Islands: small sandy islands.

Islands: small sandy islands.

Islands: small sandy islands; covered with trees and bushes; in March

water, off W. coast of Viti Levu.

Islands: small sandy islands.

Mali:  $3 \times \frac{3}{4}$  mi.; 562 ft. high; covered with casuarina trees; inhab.;  
off n. coast of Vamua Levu, and 16 mi. e. of  
Mathuata.

Malima: 2 islets (s. one 130 ft. high), in centre of lagoon  $1\frac{3}{4}$  mi.

Malina. in diam.; uninhabited; 6 mi. n. by w. of Kanathia.  
Scars.

Malina: Malima.

Malolo: one of Malolo Ids.; has peak 750 ft. high; and covered with  
grass; inhabited; 7 mi. off w. coast of Viti Levu.

Malolo Ids.: 6 islets and rocks in form of a triangle, 2 mi. on a  
side; in Hudson Group. The islets are Malolo,  
Malololailai, Mathiu, Ngualito, Vatu mbulo, and  
Wadingi.

Malololailai: islet 30 ft. high; s.e. of Malolo.

Little Malolo.

Mamanutha Ids.: in Hudson Group, and divided into 2 groups, as below.

Mamanutha i ira Group: contains Eori, Kandomo, Navandra, Vamua levu,

Bithono Ids. and Yavurimba.  
Bitonho Ids.

Mamanutha i thake Group: contains Mana, Matamanoa, Mondriki, Momu,

Chaptal Ids. Nautanivono, Tavua, Tokoriki, and Yanua.

Mambualau: low islet on reef, e. side of Viti Levu.

Mana: one of Manamutha i thake Group; inhabited?; about 4 mi. n.w.  
of Malolo.

Mana Islets: on s. side of reef of Ono i lau Group.

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• **INDEX**

Mango: 3x2 mi.; 670 ft. high; water only from wells; cultivated and

Cox. inhabited; 18 mi.n.n.e. of Thithia, in Lau

Mago.

Mang-ho. Group. Layard and his son did little collecting here.

Mang-ho: Mango.

Mangrove: low id., 17°50'30''S., 177°21'E. (approximately.)

Manuatha: 400 ft. high; on n. coast of Viti Levu.

Marambo: small wooded limestone islet; 1200 yds. diam.; 160 ft. high;

Morabo. 7 mi. e. by n. from s. point of Kambara, in Lau

Moramba.

Group.

Matamanoa: islet of Mamanutha i thake Group; uninhabited?

Matamuku: islet s. of Kandavu; 700 ft. high.

(See Matanuku.)

Matangi: 1 mi.x200 yds.; crescent-shaped; has two hills, each 440 ft.

high; densely wooded; uninhabited; e. of Vamua

Levu and n. of Ngamea.

Matanuku: s.-most of Kandavu group; 570 ft. high; covered with grass;

Matamuku? inhabited.

Matamuti.

Matamuti: Matanuku.

Matathawa levu: Matathoni levu.

Matathoni levu: 2 mi. long; hilly; in Yasawa Group.

Matathawa levu.



Mathiu: a rock in the Malolo Ids.

Mathuata: 400 ft. high; covered with grass; partly wooded;  $\frac{3}{4}$  mi.  
off Viti Levu.

Mathuata:  $1\frac{1}{2}$  mi. long; with two hills; 300 and 500 ft. high; n.e.

Macuata. hill is wooded; off n. coast of Vanua Levu.  
Mucuata.  
Muthuata?

Matiavai: rocky and rugged; 343 ft. high;  $1\frac{1}{2}$  mi. e. of Sau Sau,  
on n. coast of Vanua Levu.

Matookoo: Matuku.

Matoriki: Moturiki.

Matougou: Matuku.

Matugu: Matuku.

Matuku:  $4\frac{1}{2}$  mi. long; volc. peak 1262 ft. high; wooded; has fringing

Matookoo. reef with good harbor on w. side; inhabited;  
Matougou.  
Matugu.  $19^{\circ}13'30''$ S.,  $179^{\circ}44'$ E.  
Motougou.

Maury: in Ringgold Group.

Mavuva: islet of Mathuata, on n. coast of Vanua Levu.

May: Yaukuve.

Mbatiki: 2 mi. diam.; 609 ft. high; volc.; wooded (not very dense);

Ambatiki. inhabited; nearly midway between Nairai and  
Batigui.  
Batiki. Ovalau.  
Vateki.

Mbau: about  $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{4}$  mi.; 80 ft. high; at one of mouthes of Rewa River,

Ambau. Viti Levu, almost entirely occupied by the native  
Amboa.  
Ambow. town (formerly at least). See Pao, etc.  
Bau.





Mbeka: a rock 110 ft. high; covered with bush; near Mungaiwa, in  
Ringgold Group.

Mbekana: covered with mangroves, with a few cocoanuts; n.e. of  
Vio, at n.w. end of Viti Levu.

Mbenau: 300 ft. in diam.; sandy; covered with palms and other trees;  
on s. coast of Vanua Levu.

Mbenga: 5x3 mi.; volcanic origin; 1430 ft. high; covered with  
Bega. vegetation from shore to summit of hills; in-  
Benga. habited; s. of Viti Levu.  
Beqa.  
Bequaa.  
Mbengga.  
Mbengha.

Mbengga: Mbenga.

Mbengha: Mbenga.

Mbua: islet on shore reef at s.e. end of Nanamu i thake; 35 ft.  
high.

Mbuimbani: conical id. in Namuku passage; 430 ft. high; planted  
?Miumbani. with cocoanuts. (Cf. Miumbani.)

Mbulia: 460 ft. high; nearly covered with grass; inhab.;  $1\frac{1}{2}$  mi.  
Blunt. from Vuro, and  $2\frac{1}{4}$  mi. n.n.e. of Ono, in  
Bulia. Kandavu Group.

Mekundranga:  $1\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{4}$  mi.; low;  $\frac{1}{2}$  mi. n.w. of Mokongai.  
Magon-heren.  
Makondranga.  
Mokundranga.

Melevu: Malevu.





Merla Eavou: Moala.

Metcore: a supposed small islet awash, in about  $18^{\circ}25'S.$ ,  $178^{\circ}50'E.$ ,  
on a map accompanying de Ricci's "Fiji", 1875.

Michaeloff: Tuvana ira.

Michaelov: Tuvana ira.

Mikhaeloff: Tuvana ira.

Mills: in Tiri Group, off Vanua Levu.

Miumbani: islet 430 ft. high, with cocoanuts on it, near Taviuni.

(See Mbuimbani).

Moala: 5x7 mi.; 1535 ft. high; volcanic; various peaks; wooded

Moalo. (incl. cocoanuts); inhabited.

Merla Eavou.

Mouala.

Mywolla?

Mywoolla?

Moalo: Moala.

Moani-boule: (of d'Urville) an islet about e. of Pao, on e. side  
of Viti Levu.

Moce: Mothe.

Mogogha: islet off n. coast of Vanua Levu.

Moka: small islet of Kia.

Mokagai: Mokongai.

Mokaluva: Mukalau.

Wells: Wells.

Wells: a reported small lake near, in about 10° 25' N., 100° 20' W.

on a map of the region of the "Pill" 1872.

Wells: Wells.

Wells: Wells.

Wells: Wells.

Wells: in the group, off the coast.

Wells: about 100 ft. high, with some small trees, near the coast.

(See "Wells").

Wells: 300 ft. high; 100 ft. high; various peaks; wooded.

(See "Wells"); (See "Wells").

Wells.

Wells.

Wells.

Wells.

Wells.

Wells: Wells.

Wells: (of "Wells") as far as the coast of the island.

of the island.

Wells: Wells.

Wells: about 100 ft. high, off the coast of the island.

Wells: small lake of the island.

Wells: Wells.

Wells: Wells.

Mokane: appears to be another spelling of Mokongai. Layard says  
(Ibis, 1876, 387-394) he "inspected" a colln.  
from here, and that this id. "adjoins" Wakaya;  
probably a synonym of Mokongai.

Mokani: Mokane.

Mokongai:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  mi.; 876 ft. high; volcanic; between Ovavau and

Magon-hai.	Koro; belongs (or did) to an European, engaged
Mokagai.	
?Mokane.	in sheep farming.
?Mokani.	
Mokungai.	

Mokundranga: Mekundranga.

Mokungai: Mokongai.

Mondriki: uninhabited; id. of Mamanutha i thake Group.

Monk Rock: at n.w. end of Vanua Levu.

Monu: 730 ft. high; uninhabited; highest id. in Mamanutha i thake  
Group.

Morabo: Marambo.

Moramba: Marambo.

Motha: of Wilkes: Mothe.

Mothe:  $2\frac{1}{4}$  mi. diam.; volcanic; 590 ft. high; peak covered with trees;

Moce.	soil rich; inhabited; in Lau Group.
Motha.	
Moze.	

Motougou: Matuku.

Motua: small islet off n. coast of Vanua Levu, near Nakandramui.



Motualevu: small islet off n. coast of Vanua Levu, near Nakandramui.

Moturiki: Elizabeth.

Moturiki: 5x1 mi. circ.; high ridge in centre; covered with cocoanuts;

Matoriki. 1 mi. s.w. from Ovalau.

Mouala: Moala.

Moze: Mothe.

Mucua: Mathuata.

Mukalau:  $\frac{1}{2}$  mi. circ.; low; off Viti Levu; used as quarantine station.

Makuluva.

Mokalua.

?Nukulava.

Mumbualau: low, narrow, coral islet; 90 ft. high; 450x100 yds.; plant-

ed with cocoanuts; 8 mi. e. of Mban, on coast of V

Viti Levu.

Mungaiwa: 1200x400 yds.; 280 ft. high; islet of Yanutha, in Ringgold

Group.

Munia: islet 2x1 mi.; "950" or "1054" ft. high; e. of Susui, in Ex-

Hadow. ploring Group.

Mathuata: 1.1x $\frac{1}{2}$  mi.; "1005" ft. high; wooded; off Vanua Levu. prob-

ably same as Mathuata?

Mywolla: Mywoolla.

Mywoolla: Kandavu? or more likely Moala?

Nacula: Nathoula.

Na-Gali: Ngele Levu.

Naiabo: small coral islet, covered with scrub, and fringed with sand;  
(over)



Naiabo: small coral islet, covered with scrub, and fringed with sand; 40 ft. high; with barrier reef 3 mi. in circ.; near Yangasa, in Lau Group.

Naiarai: Nairai.

Naitauba: Naitamba.

Naiau: coral id.,  $3\frac{1}{2} \times 2$  mi.; with crater-like summit (vertical on sea-face); 500 or more ft. high; crater depression is about 200 ft. lower than rim; densely wooded; inhabited; in Lau Group, s.e. of Thithia.

Naigani: Naingani.

Nailinglitha: islet near n.w. end of Vamua Levu.

Naingani:  $1 \times \frac{3}{4}$  mi.; "420" or "514" or "600" ft. high;  $5\frac{1}{2}$  mi. n.w. Ovalau.

Naigani.  
Namgani.  
Nangani.  
Ringani.

Nairai:  $4 \times 1\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 mi.; volcanic; Needle peak 1078 ft. high; wood-

Naiarai ed; hilly; has two or three islets; inhabited;  
Neirai.  
Nirie. 10 mi. n. by e. of Ngau, and 32 mi. (nearly e) from Levuka in Ovalau.

Naitaba: Naitamba.



Kalaba: small coral island, covered with coconuts, and fringed with  
sandy beach; 40 ft. high; with barrier reef 3 mi.  
in size; near Yagosa, in low group.

Kalaba: Kalaba.

Kalaba: Kalaba.

Kalaba: small island, 40 ft. high; with barrier reef 3 mi. in size.

Kalaba: small island, 40 ft. high; with barrier reef 3 mi. in size.  
Koror: small island, 40 ft. high; with barrier reef 3 mi. in size.  
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of Kalaba.

Kalaba: Kalaba.

Kalaba: small island, 40 ft. high; with barrier reef 3 mi. in size.

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Kalaba.

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Kalaba: small island, 40 ft. high; with barrier reef 3 mi. in size.

from Kalaba in Kalaba.

Kalaba: Kalaba.

Naitamba:  $1\frac{1}{2}$  mi. diam.; triangular in shape; 610 ft. high; rugged

Direction.	and wooded in places; owned by two Europeans, who
Maitamba.	
Naitaba.	grow cotton. In Lau Group.
Naitaumba.	
Naitoumba.	
Naitauba.	
Neita-Oumba.	

Nakandra mui: small mangrove islet, with clump of cocoanuts on it,  
on n. coast of Vanua Levu.

Nakoro: a cluster of islets n. of Malolo, on w. side of Viti Levu,  
in d'Urville's atlas; now probably known under  
some other name, or spelling.

Nakubati: Nukumba.

Nakumbutha: small rocky islet off Vanua Levu.

Nambite: low; off Vanua Levu.

Nambukalau: 130 ft. high; wooded; inhabited; at head of Timbithi  
harbor, on n. coast of Vanua Levu.

Namena:  $1 \times \frac{1}{4}$  mi.; 320 ft. high; 2 hills covered with dense foliage;

Direction.	Namena reef has lagoon $13 \times 2-3$ mi.; uninhabited.
Namenia.	
Nemen, and Nemena.	

Namenia: Namena.

Namgani: Naingani.

Namotu: sandy islet, 900 ft. diam., surrounded by coral reef; has

Waldron.	group of cocoanut trees; on w. coast of Viti Levu, and close to Tavarua.
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Namouka: Namuka 1 lau.



Namuka:  $1\frac{3}{4}$  mi. x 1 mi.; 7 mi. w. of Mbenga, and enclosed in same reef.

Namuka; islet covered with trees; inhabited; 3 mi. s. w. of entrance  
to Suva Harbor, inside shore reef.

Namuka i lau: (eastern)--  $4 \times 1\frac{1}{2}$  mi.; dark, wooded, coral id.; 260 ft.

Namouka. high at n. end; inhabited; 15 mi. n. of Fulanga,  
Namuku.

Neat's Tongue./and n.e. of Marambo, in Lau Group.

Namuku: Namuka i lau.

Nananu group: consists of N. ira (leeward) and N. thake (windward);  
on n. side of Viti Levu.

Nananu ira: islets of Nanamu group; 230 ft. high; covered with  
Nananu thake/grass and bushes, partly planted in cocoanuts.

Nandongo: see Na Ndongu or Tiri Group.

Na Ndongo group: Tiri Group. Now recognized as "Nandongo" on the

Na Nandongu. Fiji Lands Dept. map.  
Nuvera.

Na Ndongu: Nandongo.

Nangani: Naingani.

Nangano: 68 ft. high; n. coast of Vanua Levu; n. of Thakavi. See  
also Piner.

Nanga Sautambu: small sand cay;  $2\frac{1}{4}$  mi. s. of Leluvia, s. of Moturiki.

Nangati:  $1 \times \frac{1}{2}$  mi.; 930 ft. high; inhabited; in Yasawa Group.

Naniuka leile: large rock near Navandra.

Nansia: Namuia.



Namua: high (hilly) islet  $\frac{3}{4}$  mi. diam.; in Yasawa Group.

Nansia.

Namua.

Namuka: small id. on s. side Viti Levu, and w. of Mbanga:

May-Yanutha.

Namuku islets:  $1\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$  mi.; on reef  $14 \times 8$  mi.; 2 sand banks covered

Warner. with trees; on Namuku reef.

Namua: Namua.

Narangai: Narangi.

Narangi: rocky islet, with scrub on it; 30 ft. high; off s. coast

Narangai. of Vanua Levu.

Natangi.

Nasoata: in or near Rewa roads, off Viti Levu.

Nasuviyanga: small islet near Nakandranui, on n. coast of Vanua Levu.

Natangi: Narangi.

Nathoula: hilly islet between Yasawa and Angata.

Nacula.

Nathoulla.

?Ndrola.

Nathoulla: Nathoula.

Nautanivono: Nautaniwono.

Nautaniwono: islet of Mamamutha i thake group; uninhabited?

Nautanivono.

Navandra: highest (420 ft.) id. in Mamamutha i ira group; uninhabited.





Na Vatu: islet 130 ft. high, on e. side of Soni Soni; inhabited.

Passage.

Navihī Levoo: Viti Levu.

Navini: sand islet (covered with bushes and trees), in Nandi  
waters, on w. coast of Viti Levu.

Naviti: 8x3 mi.; 740 ft. high; inhabited; largest id. in Yasawa

Vaviti. Group.

Naviti levu: Viti Levu.

Navumbalavu: islets 122 ft. high; off Viti Levu.

Navutuila: 210 ft. high; densely wooded; landing on w. side; in  
Yangasa cluster.

Navutaira: 270 ft. high; densely wooded; landing on s.e. side; in  
Yangasa cluster.

Nawi: islet 130 ft. high; 900x450 yds.; has mangrove swamp on it;  
at mouth of Na Kama creek; on s. coast of  
Vanua Levu.

Nayau: Naiaua.

Ndoi: Konaee.

Ndrala: islet 80 ft. high; off e. coast of Viti Levu. (Cf. also Ndrola).

Drala.

Ndravuni;  $1\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{4}$  mi.; rises to a hump at either end, that at s. end being

Colvocoressis. 350 ft. high; partly cultivated; grassy; inhab.;  
Draviuni.  
Dravuni. near Ono, n.e. of Kandavu.





Ndrendre: - - islets, with Thumbu, on n. coast of Viti Levu,

Ndrendre lailai: - at entrance of Rakiraki River.

Ndrola: islet in n. part of Yasawa Group: possibly same as Nathoula.

Ndrua: Ndruandrua.

Ndruandrua: islet  $1\frac{1}{2}$  mi. long; 439 ft. high; rocky; wooded; on n. side

Druadrua. of Vanua Levu, near Sausau Passage. If Ndrua is  
Druau.

?Ndrua. the same, the latter is now the official name for  
it.

Neat's Tongue: Namuka i lau.

Neaou: Naiau.

Neau: Naiau.

Neirai: Nairai.

Neita-Oumba: Naitamba.

Nemen: Namena.

Nemena: Namena.

Neow: Ngau.

Ngaloa:  $1\frac{3}{4}$  mi. extent; on s. side of Kandavu.

Ngaloa: well cultivated; densely inhabited; n. of Lekutu river, on

Galoa. n. side of Vanua Levu.

Ngamea:  $5\frac{3}{4} \times 3\frac{3}{4}$  by  $3\frac{3}{4}$  mi.; 1000 ft. high; densely wooded; inhabited; n.e.

Gamea. of Taviuni.

Gamia.

Kamea. Oamea.

Kamia. Ongomea.

Ngamia. Qamea.

Nggamea. Ross.



Ngamia: Ngamea.

Ngasi mbali: islet; low; but hill at each end 60 ft. high; has palms; uninhabited; off Kandavu.

NGau:  $11 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$  mi.; with 16 mi. barrier reef on w. side; various

Angau.	ranges of hills and peaks; Dilathoa peak
Angasa.	
Gau.	2345 ft. high; densely wooded in middle
Goa.	
Neow.	ans s. parts; reeds, ferns, and grass at
Nhao.	
Nyau.	north; 27 mi. s.e. of Ovalau. At the s. end
	is said to be "Yaciva" or "Cocoa Nut" id.

Ngele levu: low coral id.; 1 mi.; 1 mi. x 1200 yds.; covered with

Na-Gali.	cocoanut and other trees; inhabited in
Nuku Levu.	
Nuku Balavu.	Ringgold Group.
Qele Levu.	

Ngevo: islet 463 ft. high; very rocky; thickly wooded; near

Hanbury.	Yanutha; on n. coast of Vanua Levu.
----------	-------------------------------------

Nggamea: Ngamea.

Ngillangillah: steep, elevated lime stone id.; 510 ft. high; densely wooded; has large caverns on it; not inhabited; off n.w. end of Vanua mbalavu, in Lau Group.

Ngoma: 120 ft. high; well cultivated; n.w. end terminates in a bluff 30 ft. high; off e. coast of Viti Levu.



Ngualito: islet of Malolo Ids.

Guaiito.

Nhao: Ngau.

Nifo: in Yasawa Group, between Matathoni levu and Yangati.

Nirie: Nairai.

Nitabo: in or near Yangasa cluster (in Lau Group). See Naitamba.

Nmara: islet 230 ft. high; grassy, with a few trees; uninhabited;  
on Kandavu reef.

North: near Holmes, in Ringgold Group.

High.

Nosoata: islet at mouth of Rewa River, Viti Levu.

Nougo-tolou: Nukutolu.

Nougou labe: this and the following are given on d'Urville's map

Nougou labo: for two islets on s. side of Viti Levu; doubtless for  
Nukulau and Makalau, the islets used for quarantine  
purposes.

Nougou Laho:

probably for the same islets just mentioned.

Nougou Loube:

Noukoulau: Mbau? or Nukulau?

Nucumbati: Nukumba.

Nucumurry: islet at w. end of Vanua Levu.

Nugatobe: Nukutolu.

Nuku Balabu: Ngele levu.

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Nuku ira: one of Tiri Group, on n. coast of Vanua Levu.

Vatou.

Nukulau: 0.3x0.2 mi.; low; sandy, and well wooded; off Viti Levu.

Nongou labe. Mukalau used as a quarantine station.

Nongou loube.

Nukulava: ?Mukalau.

Nukulevu: Ngele levu.

Nukumbasaga: one of Ringgold Group, s. of Ngele levu.

Nukumanu: w. of Nuku mbasanga; inhabited.

Nukumaroreko: islet on s. side of Viti Levu.

Nukumba: islet 80 ft. high; sandy on s. side; off n. coast of

Nakubati. Vanua Levu.

Nucumbati.

Nukumbatu.

Nuku Mbalate: small sand islet, 400 yds. diam.; covered with  
cocoanuts; on reef with Nuku Mbasanga.

Nukumbasaga: islet 800x400 yds.; on same reef with Nuku mbalate; rocky

Nuku mbasanga. coast; coconut and other trees; 10 mi. n. of Namuku.

Nukumbati:  $\frac{1}{4}$  mi. x 400 yds.; low; mangrove islet; on n. side of

Vanua Levu; approximately  $16^{\circ}27'54''$  S.,

$179^{\circ}00'45''$  E.

Nukumbatu: Nukumba.

Nuku Nuku: 30 ft. high;  $\frac{1}{2}$  mi. n. of Thukini, on n. coast of Vanua

Clark. Levu.





Nukusemanu: sand islet, 20 ft. high; has cocoanuts; on e. side

Sandy. of reef of same name in Ringgold Group.

Nukutolo: Nukutolu.

Nukutolu: 3 small islets, 40-100 ft. high; covered with sand,

Nougou-tolou. bushes and cocoanuts; uninhabited; but visited  
Nugatobe.

Nukutolo. for turtles; 4 mi. from Yathata, in Lau Group.  
Three Sands.

Nukutu: small sandy islet, with cocoanuts; off n. coast Vanua Levu.

Nuku Vandra: small sandy islet, covered with trees; 60 ft. high;  
1 mi. n.w. of Tutu Id., on n. coast of Vanua  
Levu.

Nunera: islet off Vanua Levu. May- Nuvera?

Nuvara.

Nunga: a rock, approximately  $16^{\circ}55'$  S.,  $177^{\circ}20' 30''$  E.

Nuvara: Nuvera.

Nuvera: Low islet, covered with mangroves, with a few cocoanuts

Nuvara. and bushes at n.w. end; off n.w. coast of  
Vanua Levu. See Nandongo.

Nyau: Ngau.

Oamea: Ngamea.

Oandrau: small, low, sandy islet, with cocoanuts; off n. side of  
Vanua Levu.

Obalaou: Ovalau.

Mineral: sand, light, 40-50 ft. high, has rounded, smooth, with

of soil of same sand in Ringold Grove.

Mineral: Mineral.

Mineral: 3 small islands, 40-100 ft. high; covered with sand.

Mineral: sand, light, 40-50 ft. high, has rounded, smooth, with

Mineral: sand.

Mineral: sand, light, 40-50 ft. high, has rounded, smooth, with

Mineral: sand.

Mineral: sand, light, 40-50 ft. high, has rounded, smooth, with

Mineral: sand, light, 40-50 ft. high, has rounded, smooth, with

Mineral: sand, light, 40-50 ft. high, has rounded, smooth, with

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Mineral: sand, light, 40-50 ft. high, has rounded, smooth, with

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Mineral: sand, light, 40-50 ft. high, has rounded, smooth, with

Mineral: sand, light, 40-50 ft. high, has rounded, smooth, with

Mineral: sand, light, 40-50 ft. high, has rounded, smooth, with

Mineral: sand.

Mineral: sand.

Mineral: sand, light, 40-50 ft. high, has rounded, smooth, with

Mineral: sand.

Mineral: sand.

Obalauo: Ovalau.

Observatory: Loa.

Oedida: Naiau.

Ogea: Ongea.

Ogle: low islet of Underwood Group.

Okimbo: Kimbombo.

Olenea (of Wilkes): Olorua.

Olimbo: Kimbombo.

Olorua: small, "desolate", steep islet, 250 ft. high; with 3 humps

Alorua. on summit; in Lau Group.

Holoroua.

Olenea.

Ularua.

Ombi: small id.; off Viti Levu.

Omene: low islet, off Viti Levu.

Onalau: Ovalau.

Oneata:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  mi.; 160 ft. high; has barrier reef 26 mi. circ.; inhab.;  
n. of Mothe, and 12 mi.s.e. of Lakemba, in Lau  
Group.

One Tree: low islet of Yasawa Group.

Ongea: consists of 2 elevated limestone islets, enclosed within

Ogea. barrier reef with passaga on w. side;  $19^{\circ}03'07''$

Ong-Hea.

S.,  $178^{\circ}20'$  W. See the following:

Ongea Levu:  $4 \times 1-2$  mi.; 270 ft. high; densely wooded; inhabited.

Ong-hea Labou.

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Copyright: Overland

Observatory: Los.

metal : abtLeO

.sep0 : sep0

Q: How did you feel about the trip?

James (or Wilkes): Director.

Olaf: Kibben.

Alfred. ca. 1880. in Jan. 1880.

2801A

Polovina.

01600.

• 5181U

Copy: small 11. old 11.11.11.

Quinn: low relief, old Vint lawn.

Quesada: Quesada.

Group.

One Tree: low tuft of Yucca, 3' high.

000-100

Ongeadriki:  $1\frac{1}{2} \times 1$  mi.; 300 ft. high; rocky; uninhabited.

Ongeandriki.

Ong-hea-Riki.

Ongeandriki.

Ongeandriki: Ongeadriki.

Ong-hea-lebou: Ongea Levu.

Ong-hea Riki: Ongeadriki.

Ongomea: Ngamea.

Ono:  $4\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$  mi.; surrounded by reef; Mbualu peak 1160 ft. high;

Oubenga.                   densely wooded on e. side, and partly so on  
Oumbenga.                   w. side; grassy hill 560 ft. high near s.  
end; inhabited; n.e. of Kandavu.

Ono: Ono i lau.

Ono i lau group: on reef 5 mi. n.e. by s.w., and 4 mi. wide;

Lau.                       highest peak is 370 ft. high. Said to be 3  
Ono.                       larger (inhab.) volc. ids., and 3 lesser (  
Ono i lau.               (uninhab.) coral islets, all thickly wood-  
ed; in s.e. extreme of Fiji Group. Vanua  
Vatu is said to be in this group.

Ono i lau: Ono i lau.

Osombu: Osubu.

Osubu: islet of Exploring Group; see Sovu.

Otovawa:  $\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{2}$  mi.; in Yasawa Group.

Oubenga: Ono.

Oumbenga: Ono.



Ovalau: 8x6 mi.; volcanic; 2089 ft. high; rugged (very broken,

Balaou.?	with little level land); e. side is rocky
Bulloo.	
Levuka.	and barren; Levuka is chief port; surround-
Obalaou.	
Obalaou.	ed by coral reef; inhabited; on e. side of
Onalau.	
Ovolau.	Viti Levu; Layard worked mostly on e. side,
	near town of Levuka.

Ovalau-lei-lei: seems to be Vatu i-thake or "Passage" id.

Ovalu: Vatu i thake.

Ovawa: Ovawo.

Ovawo:  $1\frac{1}{2}$  mi. circ.; 40 ft. high; near Yasawa, in Yasawa Group.

Ovawa.

Ovolau: Ovalau.

Owens: Kioa.

Palmer: high id. in Hudson Group.

Pao: islet at e. end of Viti Levu, mapped by d'Urville.

Paoo: Vanua Levu.

Paoo: name of a small id. at e. end of Viti Levu; possible Mbau.

Paou.

Pau.

Paw.

Paou: Paoo.

Pasco cay: 10 ft. high; at n.w. end of Viti Levu.

Passage: Na Vatu.

Passage: Vatu i thake.

Pau: Paoo.



Ovalum: 8x8 m.; volcanic; 2000 ft. high; rugged (very broken,  
with little level land); e. side is rocky  
and barren; lavas in chief part; surround-  
ed by coral reef; imbedded; on e. side of  
Viti Levu; lavas worked chiefly on e. side,  
near town of Lavea.

Ovalum-Lava: seems to be Viti Levu or "Passage" id.

Ovalum: Viti Levu.

Ovalum: Ovalum.

Ovalum: 15 m. diam.; 40 ft. high; near Lavea, in Viti Levu.

Ovalum.

Ovalum: Ovalum.

Ovalum: Ovalum.

Ovalum: Ovalum id. in Hudson Group.

Ovalum: Ovalum id. at end of Viti Levu, capped by d'Urville.

Ovalum: Ovalum.

Ovalum: Ovalum of a small id. at end of Viti Levu; possible Ovalum.

Ovalum.

Ovalum.

Ovalum.

Ovalum: Ovalum.

Ovalum: Ovalum: 10 ft. high; at end of Viti Levu.

Ovalum: Ovalum.

Ovalum: Ovalum.

Ovalum: Ovalum.

Paw: Paoo.

Peka: high id.;  $16^{\circ}52' 54''$  S.,  $177^{\circ}26' 6''$  E. (approximately).

Perry: high id. of Hudson Group.

Piner: low id.; off Vanua Levu, in Tiri Group. Guppy says it  
is same as Nangano.

Piva: islet at n. of Pao, on e. side of Viti Levu, on d'Urville's  
map.

Pully: off Vanua Levu, in Tiri Group.

Prince Guillaume (iles de). D'Urville's name for some ids. e. of  
Vanua Levu. See: William.

Qamea: Ngamea.

Quamea: Ngamea.

Qele: Levu: Ngele Levu.

Raberabe: Ngele Levu.

Rabi: Rambi.

Rabi Rabi: Ravu Ravu.

Raki Raki: high id. off Viti Levu.

Rambe:  $8\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$  mi.; volc.; 1550 ft. high; hills densely wooded; in-

Gillet. habited; 10 mi. n. of Taviuni.

Rabi.

Rambi.

Rhambi.

Rambi: Rambe.

Rana ni tinka: Tavuka.

Rativa: islet on s.e. coast of Vanua Levu.



Raviravi: Ravuravu.

Ravu Ravu:  $1\frac{3}{4}$  mi.; low islet; inhab.; off s.w. end of Vanua

Raberabe.           Levu.

Rabirabi.

Raviravi.

Reid: high id. on n. part of Argo reef. (Approx.  $17^{\circ}57'20''S$ ,  
 $181^{\circ}38'30''E$ .)

Reynold: Vanua Kula.

Reynolds: islet, low, sandy and wooded; in Underwood Group.

Rhambi: Rambi.

Richmond: low id. of Tiri Group, off Vanua Levu.

Ringani: d'Urville's name for Naingani.

Ringgold Group: a high, volcanic group e. of Vanua Levu; un-

Janoudza Islets. inhabited. The Ringgold Group includes:

Budd, De Haven, Holmes, Iambu, Maury,

Mbeka, Mungaiwa, Ngele levu, North,

Nukusemanu, Taulalia, Tavuka, Thombia,

and Yanutha. There are said to be "vast

numbers" of sea birds on the Ringgold Group.

Rock: a low, inhabited id. in Nalow Bay, Vanua Levu.

Ronde: Alewa kalou.

Ross: Ngamea.

Rotuma: See group No. 22 of this series; Though Rotuma is now  
politically a part of the Fijis.

Hayward: Hayward.

Hayward: 15 1/2 mi.; low island, inland; off a.w. end of Vanda

Hayward: 15 1/2 mi.  
Hayward: 15 1/2 mi.  
Hayward: 15 1/2 mi.

Hayward: 15 1/2 mi. on a part of a.w. end. (approx. 15 1/2 mi.)

(15 1/2 mi. 30 mi.)

Hayward: Vanda Island.

Hayward: 15 1/2 mi.; low, sandy and wooded; in Underwood Group.

Hayward: 15 1/2 mi.

Hayward: 15 1/2 mi. of 15 1/2 mi. off Vanda Island.

Hayward: 15 1/2 mi. (approx. 15 1/2 mi.)

Hayward: 15 1/2 mi.; a high, volcanic group of Vanda Island; the

Hayward: 15 1/2 mi. The Hayward Group includes:

Hayward, De Haven, Holmes, Lema, Lema,

Hayward, Hayward, Hayward, Hayward, Hayward,

Hayward, Hayward, Hayward, Hayward, Hayward,

Hayward, Hayward, Hayward, Hayward, Hayward,

Hayward, Hayward, Hayward, Hayward, Hayward,

Hayward: 15 1/2 mi. in Union Bay, Vanda Island.

Hayward: 15 1/2 mi.

Hayward: 15 1/2 mi.

Hayward: 15 1/2 mi. of 15 1/2 mi. in Union Bay, Vanda Island.

Hayward: 15 1/2 mi. in Union Bay, Vanda Island.

Round: Alewa kalou.

Ruarua: group of several small rocky islets with palms on  
them; off e. side of Yendua.

Sam: low id.;  $17^{\circ}35'30''$ S.,  $177^{\circ}25'20''$ E. (approximately).

Sandalwood: Vanua Levu.

Sand: a speck s.w. of Tuvutha (about 5' distant).

Sandford: high id.;  $18^{\circ}50'$ S.,  $178^{\circ}24'$ E. (approximately).

Near and n. of Ono.

Sandy: Nukusemanu.

Saor Ids.: a name used by d'Urville for some islets s.w. of  
Alewa kalou.

Sarua: Serua.

Sau Sau: small, rocky islet; sparsely wooded and covered with  
grass; 123 ft. high; on n. coast of Vanua Levu.

Savala: islet, sandy, covered with bushes; at n.w. end of  
Viti Levu.

"Savu Savu": may be only the region of this name on s. side of  
Vanua Levu.

Scars: Malima.

Serua: islet with 2 hills; inhabited; in Serua harbor, s.e. coast  
Sarua. of Viti Levu.

Sim: Kanathea.

Simonoff: Tuvana i tholo.

Simonov: Tuvana i tholo.

Hand: Alene River.

Hand: Group of several small rocky islands with coral on

them; off E. side of Tanager.

Hand: low tide; 17°35'30"N., 175°35'30"E. (approximate).

Hand: Wood: Vanner River.

Hand: a small group of islands (about 50 islands).

Hand: high tide; 18°50'50"N., 176°35'30"E. (approximate).

Hand: low tide; off E. side of

Hand: Vanner River.

Hand: low tide; names used by natives for some islands are:

Alene River.

Hand: Vanner.

Hand: small, rocky island; especially wooded and covered with

coral; 18°35'30"N. on E. coast of Vanner River.

Hand: island; small, covered with coral; on E. side of

Hand: low tide.

"Hand: low tide": may be only the region of the island; this is the name of the island.

Hand: low tide.

Hand: Vanner.

Hand: island; small, covered with coral; on E. side of

Hand: low tide.

Hand: Vanner.

Hand: low tide; names used by natives for some islands are:

Hand: low tide; names used by natives for some islands are:

Sinclair: small id. near (s.s.w. of) Naviti, in Yasawa Group.

Single Tree islet: on n. coast of Vanua Levu.

Sir Charles Middleton: Vanua mbalavu.

Skerries: Karoni.

Smith: low, sandy, wooded islet of Underwood Group.

Solia: small islet of Kia.

"Somo Somo": chief town of Taveuni, and formerly used as the  
name of the island.

Songo: low coral islet at s.e. entrance to Na Tandola Harbor,  
on w. coast of Viti Levu.

Soni: high id. of Hudson Group, according to Brigham.

Soni Soni: of volc. formation; 460 ft. high; covered with grass;  
inhabited; off s. coast of Vanua Levu.

Sovu: 3 wooded, uninhabited rocks off n.e. coast of Vanua mbalavu;

Osombu. the most westerly has a peak 230 ft. high;

Osubu.

Three smallest has a grove of fan palms on it. This

Brothers.

cluster is "called Sovu, Osubu, or the Three  
Brothers."

Speiden: Tavarua.

Storm: sand cay 280x80 yds.; covered with trees and bushes; 50 ft.  
high (with vegetation); n. of Mbenga, on Namuku  
reefs.

Stuart:  $1\frac{1}{2}$  mi. circ.; 100 ft. high; uninhabited, (though partly  
under cultivation) near ( $1\frac{1}{4}$  mi. s.w. of) Mbenga.



Shoal: small is. near (a.w. of) Navel, in Yama Group.

Single Tree: small is. on coast of Yama Group.

Six Charles: small is. Yama Group.

Shoal: small is.

Shoal: low, sandy, wooded is. of Yama Group.

Shoal: small is. of Yama.

"Some Some": small is. of Yama, and formerly used as the

name of the island.

Shoal: low coral is. at entrance to N. Tachibana Harbor.

on W. coast of Yama Group.

Shoal: high is. of Yama Group, according to Nishida.

Shoal: small is. of Yama, 100 ft. high, covered with grass.

inhabited; old is. near Yama Group.

Shoal: 3 wooded, uninhabited is. on coast of Yama Group.

the most westerly has a peak 200 ft. high.

Shoal: has a grove of palm trees on it. This

island is "called Yama, Yama, or the Three

Brothers."

Shoal:  
Yama  
Three  
Brothers

Shoal: Yama.

Shoal: small is. 200 ft. high, covered with trees and bushes; 50 ft.

high (with vegetation); on Yama, on Yama.

Shoal.

Shoal: 15 ft. high; 100 ft. high; uninhabited; (20-25 ft. high)

Shoal: small is. near Yama Group.

Sui-Sui: Susui.

Susui:  $2\frac{1}{4}$  mi. x 1350 yds.; 430 ft. high; wooded; cultivated and used

D. Scot's.            as a grazing place for cattle; in Exploring  
Sui-Sui.               Group, between Munia and Vanua mbalavu.

Tabe-ouni: Taveuni.

Tabeuni: Taveuni.

Table: Yangasa.

Taboune-siki: Tavunasithi.

Tabutha: Tuvutha.

Tacanova: Vanua Levu.

Tackanova: Vanua Levu.

Tailau: Teilau.

Tai ni Mbeka: small islet just n.w. of Ngele levu; covered with  
scrub; in Ringgold Group.

Takaou-Nove: Vanua Levu.

Taki: low id.;  $17^{\circ}07'06''$  S.,  $176^{\circ}52'50''$  E. (approximate).

Ta Lai Lau Ids.: low mangrove ids., w. of Nangono, on n. coast  
of Vanua Levu.

Tamborua: islet 99 ft. high; small; covered with grass and screw  
pine; at entrance to Wailea Bay, n. coast of  
Vanua Levu.

Tandruku: islet 35 ft. high; off n.e. coast of Viti Levu.

Tannawa: islet 35 ft. high; off n.e. coast of Viti Levu.

Tannawa: islet of Viti Levu.

94-241-102

1. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 1954; 157: 1000-1001.

Table 1

[illegible]

Tablica: 1

Тема: Визначення значення функції

and both  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$

The above-mentioned : Western Town.

of Values

Taranasici: Tavunasithi.

Tate: kioa.

Taulalia: islet 900x400 yds.; covered with scrub; in Ringgold  
Group.

Tavarua: sandy islet, 500 yds, in diam.; covered with trees and  
Speidin. bushes; off w. coast Viti Levu, and close to  
Namotu.

Tavea: high id.; inhab.; in Ngaloa Bay, n. side of Vanua Levu.

Taveune: Taveuni.

Taveuni: 23x8 mi.; volcanic formation; Ngatau peak 4040 ft. high;

Somo-Somo. densely wooded; high parts covered with clouds,  
Tabe-uni.  
Tabeune. and much rain falls; inhabited. The Layards  
Taveune.  
Taviani. collected on n.e. side, and Tempest worked  
Tavinni.  
Taviumi. further south, at Vuna Point.  
Vuna.

Taviani: Taveuni.

Tavinni: Taveuni.

Taviumi: Taveuni.

Taviuni: Taveuni.

Tavua: inhabited; in Mamanutha i thake Group.

Tavuka: small islet; 150 ft. high;  $2\frac{1}{4}$  mi. s. of Yamutha.

Rana ni tinka.

Rara ni tinka.

Tavunasithi:  $\frac{1}{2}$  mi. diam.; coral; 200 ft. high; woode; uninhab.; s.w.  
(over)

Tavarnish: Tavarnish.

Tavarnish: Tavarnish.

Tavarnish: Tavarnish: 3000 ft. high; covered with snow; in Hingolo.

Group.

Tavarnish: sandy lake, 500 ft. high; covered with snow and

ice. Tavarnish: old w. coast. Vill. Lake, and close to

Harbor.

Tavarnish: high 100 ft. high; in Hingolo bay, N. side of Tavarnish.

Tavarnish: Tavarnish.

Tavarnish: 338 m.; volcanic formation; Hingolo peak 4040 ft. high

densely wooded; high parts covered with snow.

Tavarnish: Tavarnish.

and much rain falls; inhabited. The lake is

Tavarnish: Tavarnish.

collected on N. side, and Tavarnish worked

Tavarnish: Tavarnish.

Tavarnish: Tavarnish, at Wana Point.

Tavarnish: Tavarnish.

Tavarnish.

Tavarnish: Tavarnish.

Tavarnish: Tavarnish.

Tavarnish: Tavarnish.

Tavarnish: Tavarnish.

Tavarnish: inhabited; in Hingolo bay, N. side of Tavarnish.

Tavarnish: small lake; 100 ft. high; N. side of Tavarnish.

Tavarnish: Tavarnish.

Tavarnish: Tavarnish.

Tavarnish: 1/2 mi. high; covered with snow; in Hingolo bay, N. side of Tavarnish.

Taboune-siki. of Olorua, in Lau Group.  
Tabune-Siki.  
Taranasici.  
Tubanaielli.

Teilau: islet 500x150 yds.; uninhabited; on s.e. coast of Viti Levu.

Tailau.

Thakaundrove: low islet in Uaikava harbor, s. coast of Vanua Levu.

Thakaundrove: Vanua Levu.

Thakavi: islet 1800x500 yds.; low, coral, with clump of cocoanuts

Day. at s.w. end; on n. coast Vanua Levu; one of  
Tiri Group.

Thangala: Thangalai.

Thangalai: small islet s.w. of Moturiki, on s.e. coast of Viti Levu;

Thangala. used as a quarantine station.

Thikombia: n.-most of Fiji Group;  $6\frac{1}{4}$ x1 mi.; 630 ft. high; wooded;

Chicobea. n.w. coast is bold and rocky, but e. coast is  
Cicobia.  
Cikobia. low and sandy; inhabited.  
False.  
Zigombia.

Thikombia i lau:  $3$ x $1\frac{3}{4}$  mi.; 550 ft. high; wooded; inhabited; 5 mi.

Chikobia. n.e. of Munia, in Exploring Group.  
Ticombia.  
Ticumbia.  
Van Shirnding.

Thithia: 4x3 mi.; "300" or "540" ft. high; fertile; has grass,

Chichia. screw pines and casuarinas; partly volcanic  
Cicia.  
Dzizia. and partly limestone in formation, with large  
?Dzizla.  
Favourite. caverns; in Lau Group.





Thombia: 2 mi. circ.; 590 ft. high; is crater of extinct volcano,

Budd. in which is a lake (shores fringed with mangroves) 24 fathoms deep; sides of crater steep and densely wooded; highest of Ringgold Group.

Thompson: an islet just n. of Vatu Leile.  $18^{\circ}30'45''S.$ ,  $177^{\circ}36'45''E.$

(Approximate location.)

Three Brothers: Sovu.

Three Sands: Nukutolu.

Thukini: islet  $1\frac{1}{2}$  mi.; covered with mangroves; on n. coast of

Gibson. Vanua Levu.

Thumbu: islet 100 ft. high; at mouth of Rakiraki River, on n.

coast of Viti Levu.

Ticombia: Thikombia i lau.

Ticumbia: Thikombia i lau.

Tilingitha: 1000x600 yds.; 85 ft. high; cocoanuts and mangroves;

inhabited in Timbithi harbor, n. coast of

Vanua Levu.

Timboor: high; in Yasawa Group.

Tiri Group: low mangrove ids. off n. coast of Vanua Levu. Islets

Nandongo. are: Day, Green, Mills, Nuku ira, Piner,

Na Ndongu.

Pully, Richmond, Tuna, Vatuka, and Williams.

Tivoa: sand cay, 18 ft. above water; at n.w. end of Viti Levu.



Thompson: 3 mi. west of 880 ft. high; in center of extinct volcano.

to which is a lake (shores fringed with mangroves).

groves) 24 latitudes high; sides of crater

steep and densely wooded; highest of Ringols

Group.

Thompson: an island just N. of Yabo Island. 18°35'N., 177°45'W.

(Approximate location.)

Three Brothers: 800 ft.

Three Sisters: 800 ft.

Thompson: 1815 ft. high; covered with mangroves; on N. coast of

Gibson. Yabu Island.

Thompson: 1800 ft. high; at mouth of Raintree River, on N.

coast of Yabu Island.

Thompson: 1815 ft. high.

Thompson: 1815 ft. high.

Thompson: 1800 ft. high; 85 ft. high; occasional and mangroves;

inhabited in Thompson's harbor, on coast of

Yabu Island.

Thompson: high; in Yabu Group.

Thompson: 1800 ft. high; on N. coast of Yabu Island.

Thompson: 1800 ft. high; on N. coast of Yabu Island.

Thompson: 1800 ft. high.

Thompson: 1800 ft. high; on N. coast of Yabu Island.

Thompson: 1800 ft. high; on N. coast of Yabu Island.

Tokoriki: islet; uninhabited; in Mamanutha i thake Group.

Tombarua: low sandy islet; 200x100 yds.; 80 ft. high covered

Tomberua; with palms; between Mbau and Mumbualau,  
coast of Viti Levu.

Tomberua: Tombarua.

Tongaravu: islet 70 ft. high; off e. coast Viti Levu.

Totoga: Totoya.

Totoia: Totoya.

Totoua: Totoya.

Totoya:  $5 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$  mi.; lagoon; Notch peak 1200 ft. high; has various

Totoga. other peaks; wooded; inhabited.

Totoia.

Totoua.

Totten: high id. in Yasawa Group.

Tovu: 250 ft. high; covered with grass and screw pines; on n.

coast of Viti Levu.

Tovu lailai: islet, wooded; fertile; on reef with Tovu, and

first id. w. of Malaki, on n. coast of Viti Levu.

Tubanaieli: Tavunasithi.

Tuki: 1 mi. diam.; off Viti Levu.

Tuna: islet; 100 ft. high; in Tiri Group, on n. coast of Vanua Levu.

Turtle: Vatoa.

Tutu: high; rocky; 634 ft. high; woode; inhabited; near

Blunt. Ndruandrua.



Tuvana i ra : sand cay, about  $\frac{1}{2}$  mi. diam., with a circular reef;

Michaeloff. 90 ft. high; densely wooded; uninhabited; s.

Michaelov.

Mikhaeloff. of Ono i lau Group. Both Tuvana ids. are

about  $21^{\circ}03'S.$ ,  $178^{\circ}50'10''W.$

Tuvana i tholo: about  $\frac{1}{2}$  mi. diam.; 95 ft. high; sand cay, densely

Simonoff. wooded; with a circular reef; uninhabited; s.

Simonov.

of Ono i lau Group, and about 5 mi. s.w. by w.

of Tuvana i ra. Both are said to be sur-

rounded by "inaccessible reefs", but a "canoe

might land at times on the North side of the

islands." (Findlay.)

Tuvuca: Tuvutha.

Tuvutha: 800 ft. high at n.w. end; with precipitous hills near

Cap.

coast; 4 or 5 lakes in centre of id.; densely

Tabuca.

Tabutha.

wooded; inhabited;  $5\frac{1}{2}$  mi. s. of Vekai, in

Tuvuca.

Lau Group.

Ularua: Olorua.

Underwood Group: s. of Mamamutha group, and w. of Viti Levu;

7 islets: Bateman, Henry, Linthicum, Ogle,

Reynolds, Smith, and Vanderford.

Undui: islet of Ono i lau Group.

Vakaia: Wakaya.

"Valua valavo": apparently Vanua mbalavu.

Vamo: Vomo.



Vanderford: sand bank with some trees on it; in Underwood Group.

Vandralla: 98 ft. high; cultivated by natives of Ngaloa; in Ngaloa

Vendralala. Bay, n. side of Vanua Levu.  
Viedrala.  
Viendrala.

Vangata: Agate.

Vanoua Lebou: Vanua Levu.

Van Shirnding: Thikombia i lau.

Vanua Balavu: Vanua mbalavu.

Vanua Balevu: Vanua mbalavu.

Vanua kula: small islet n.e. of Kandavu; 250 ft. high; covered

Reynold. with vegetation; uninhabited.

Vanua Levu: 100x25 mi.; 3200 ft. high; wooded and mountainous;

?Fanua Levu. inhabited many openings in barrier reef; has  
Kautau. detached islets on various sides. Though the  
Paoo. mongoose was introduced 20 or more years ago,  
Sandalwood. we hope it has not yet reached the highest  
Tacanova. peaks. the Blue Mountain Petrel (*Pterodroma*  
Tackanova. caribaea) of Jamaica was wiped out by the mon-  
Takaou-Nove. goose in not more than this time, but we hope  
Thakaundrove. that a few still remain for record.  
Vanoua Lebou.  
Vanua lebou.  
Vuya.

Vanua Levu: uninhabited islet of Mamanutha i ira Group.

Vanua masi: coral islet, 800x200 yds.; 80 ft. high; covered with  
scrub; within (and near n. end of) Argo Reef.  
Is the "resort of sea birds."

Allyl-V

#### Method IV

Verma, A. S.

USE OF THE



Vanua mbalavu:  $14\frac{1}{2}$ - $2\frac{1}{2}$  mi.; s. part mostly volcanic and very

Loma Loma.      fertile; n.w. part coral, and covered with  
Lomi Lomi.  
Lomo Lomo.      heavy brush; Mt. Koro mbasanga is 930 ft.  
Sir Charles  
    Middleton.      high; inhabited; in Exploring Group.  
Valua valavo.  
Vanua Balavu.  
Vanua Balevu.  
Vanua valavo.  
Vanua vua.

Vanua valavo: Vanua mbalavu.

Vanua vatu:  $1\frac{1}{2}$  mi. diam.; 310 ft. high; densely wooded; inhabited;

?Banoue-Batou. in Lau Group.

Vanua Vua: Vanua mbalavu.

Vatauna: sand id., 1700x600 yds.; 10 ft. high; covered with cocoa-

Korotuna.      nuts and bushes; uninhabited; 16 mi. from Ngele  
levu.

Vatava: near Ngele levu, in Ringgold Group.

Vateki: Mbatiki.

Vatia: islet 600 ft. high; on n. coast of Viti Levu.

Vatoa:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  mi.; low, but 209 ft. high at n. end; coral; densely

Batoa.      wooded; inhabited; at s.e. extreme of Lau Group.  
Bitoa.  
Turtle.  
Vitoa.

Vatou: Nukuiira.

Vatou-lele: Vatu Leile.

Vatu: low, covered with mangroves; off n.e. coast of Vanua Levu.

This may be same as Nuku ira.?



1991

1051

align

180315

Veronika: Veronika

Vatu: high id. in Yasawa Group.

Vatu ira: small islet consisting of 2 rocky hummocks 100 ft.

high, in n. part of Vatu ira lagoon, off n.e. coast  
of Viti Levu.

Vatu i thake: small, rocky; 104 ft. high; off s. coast of Vanua Levu.

Ovalau-lei-lei.

Ovalu.

Passage.

Vatuka: in Tiri Group; off n. coast of Vanua Levu.

Vatu lailai: islet at mouth of weather passage to Vatu lele, on n.  
part of barrier reef.

Vatu leile: Vatu lele.

Vatu lele:  $6\frac{3}{4} \times 1\frac{3}{4}$  mi.; low, but 110 ft. high at n.w. side; well wood-

Vatou-lele. ed; inhabited; has 3 small islets near n. end; s.  
of Viti Levu, and 26 mi. w.s.w. of Mbenga. Islets  
include Blair, Clark, Hamersley, and Thompson.  
(Vatu levu, Vatu lailai, and Vatu savu may be  
native names for some of the above.)

Vatu levu: islet off Vatu lele, on n. side of barrier reef.

Vatu mbulu: islet (rock) of the Malolo Ids.

Vaturera: Vatuvara.

Vatu sara:  $1\frac{1}{4}$  mi. long; 1030 ft. high; coral; steep cliffs on all

Batou-bara. sides; densely wooded; belonged to an American  
Hat.

Vaturera. (about 1900), who lived there; landing can be  
made in high water on n. side, but with diffi-  
culty; 9 mi. s. of Yathata, in Lau Group.

Vatn: high tide in Vatn Group.

Vatn: small inlet, north of Vatn Group, 100 ft.

high, in a part of Vatn Group, off N.W. coast

of Vatn Group.

Vatn: small, rocky, 100 ft. high, off N. coast of Vatn Group.

Overlaid-Isle.  
Overlaid.  
Passage.

Vatn: in Vatn Group, off N. coast of Vatn Group.

Vatn: small inlet at mouth of Vatn Group, off N. coast of Vatn Group.

part of Vatn Group.

Vatn: small inlet, off N. coast of Vatn Group.

Vatn: small inlet, off N. coast of Vatn Group, 100 ft. high, in a part of Vatn Group.

Vatn: small inlet, off N. coast of Vatn Group, 100 ft. high, in a part of Vatn Group.

Vatn: small inlet, off N. coast of Vatn Group, 100 ft. high, in a part of Vatn Group.

Vatn: small inlet, off N. coast of Vatn Group, 100 ft. high, in a part of Vatn Group.

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Vatn: small inlet, off N. coast of Vatn Group, 100 ft. high, in a part of Vatn Group.

Vatn: small inlet, off N. coast of Vatn Group, 100 ft. high, in a part of Vatn Group.

Vatu savu: islet off Vatu lele, on n. part of barrier reef.

Vaviti: Naviti.

Vekai: low islet of coral rock; 30 ft. high; covered with

Vikai. scrub; uninhabited; turtle hunters visit  
here; about  $5\frac{1}{2}$  mi. n. of Tuvutha.

Velerara: low and sandy; s.e. of and near Weilangilala.

$16^{\circ}52'S.$ ,  $181^{\circ}00'45''E.$  (approximate.)

Vendralala: Vandrala.

Via Via: sand and coral, with clumps of cocoanuts on it; off  
s. coast of Vanua Levu.

Vicuna: low id. off n.e. part of Vanua Levu.  $16^{\circ}11'35''S.$ ,  
 $179^{\circ}50'25''E.$  (approximate.)

Viedrala: Vandrala.

Viendrala: Vandrala.

Vikai: Vekai.

Vio: islet; low and covered with mangroves; at n.w. end of  
Viti Levu.

Viti lebou: Viti Levu.

Viti levou: Viti Levu.

Viti Levu: largest id. of the Group; 85x57 mi.; some peaks rise

Great Fiji. to 4000-5000 ft. The Rewa is the chief  
Navihi levoo.  
Naviti levu. river, and empties into sea by many mouths,  
Viti lebou.  
Viti levou. its delta being a mass of rank vegetation  
and muddy swamps and mangroves. The mon-  
goose was introduced in Viti Levu, 20 or

(over)

Water level: 10 ft. off V. level, on a part of the water level.

Water level: 10 ft.

Water level: 10 ft. off V. level, on a part of the water level.

Water level: 10 ft. off V. level, on a part of the water level.

Water level: 10 ft. off V. level, on a part of the water level.

Water level: 10 ft. off V. level, on a part of the water level.

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Water level: 10 ft.

Water level: 10 ft. off V. level, on a part of the water level.

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Water level: 10 ft. off V. level, on a part of the water level.

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Water level: 10 ft. off V. level, on a part of the water level.

Water level: 10 ft. off V. level, on a part of the water level.

Water level: 10 ft. off V. level, on a part of the water level.

Water level: 10 ft.

more years ago, and is said to be wiping out certain species of birds, especially ground nesting or ground feeding species. Let us hope it has not yet reached the highest peaks.

The Blue Mountain Petrel (*Pterodroma caribaea*) of Jamaica was wiped out by the mongoose, and in not more time than this, but let us hope that a few still remain for record.

Vitimira; n.e. of Viti Levu and e. of Nanamu.

Vitoa: Vatoa.

Viwa: Biva.

Viwa:  $1 \times \frac{1}{4}$  mi.,; 160 ft. high; wooded (breadfruit and other useful trees); inhab.; in bay of Mbau.

Viwa: 7 ft. high; in Mamanutha Group.

Vomo: 2 mi. circ.; volcanic; 380 ft. high; s. half has a high,

Vamo. nearly perpendicular cliff; n. half is flat-topped, sandy, and covered with bushes. This is s.e.-most of the Yasawa Group, on n.w. side of Viti Levu, and is "resorted to by pigeons."

Vomo lailai: a rock 200 ft. high; on s. side of Vomo.

Voro Voro: very rocky; 292 ft. high; joined to w. end of Mali at low water.

Votia: Low id., on w. coast of Viti Levu, at Ba Passage.

Vuanggava: islet n.e. of Kambara.

more years ago, and is said to be higher out  
 certain species of birds, especially ground  
 species or ground feeding species. But we hope  
 it has not yet reached the highest point.  
 The Blue Mountain Range (Tibetans call it)  
 of Himalaya was wiped out by the monsoon, and  
 is not more than this, but let us hope  
 that a few still remain for record.

Western: n.e. of Viti Levu and e. of Honu.

View: Viti.

View: Viti.

View: Viti, 180 ft. high, wooded (breadfruit and other useful

trees); inland; in bay of Honu.

View: Viti, 180 ft. high; in Honu Group.

View: Viti, 180 ft. high; volcanic; 300 ft. high; a half mile high,

View.

View: Viti, 180 ft. high; a half mile high,

View: Viti, 180 ft. high; a half mile high,

View: Viti, 180 ft. high; a half mile high,

View: Viti, 180 ft. high; a half mile high,

View: Viti, 180 ft. high; a half mile high,

View: Viti, 180 ft. high; a half mile high,

View: Viti.

View: Viti, 180 ft. high; a half mile high,

View: Viti, 180 ft. high; a half mile high,



Vata Vatoa: just s.w. of Vatoa. May be listed here under  
some other name.

Vulanga: Fulanga.

Vuna: Taveuni.

Vunda: sand bank, in Underwood Group.

Vuro: small islet 270 ft. high, covered with trees; uninhab.;  
on n.e. point of Ono.

Vuro lailai: rock, 90 ft. high, covered with bush; on reef  
between Ono and Vuro.

Vuya: Vamua Levu.

Wakingi: a rock, on of the Malolo Ids.

Waia: 3 mi. diam.; 1870 ft. high; has several sharp peaks;

Waya. covered with verdure; inhab.; in Yasawa Group.

Waia lailai:  $2 \times 1\frac{1}{2}$  mi.; one peak 1160 ft. high; s. of Waia, in  
Yasawa Group.

Waia lailai thake:  $1 \times \frac{1}{2}$  mi.; 570 ft. high; inhab.; in Yasawa Group.

Kowata.

Wailagilala: 1800x600 yds.; low, sand and coral islet, covered

Low. with cocoanuts and bushes; uninhabited except

Wailangilala.

Weilagitala. by cocoanut gatherers. At n.e. corner of

Weilangilala.

Yalangalala. lagoon 9 mi. in circ., in Lau Group.

Yalangatala.

Wailangilala: Wailagilala.

Wakai: Wakaia.

Wakaia:  $4 \times 1\frac{1}{2}$  mi.; 595 ft. high; 10 mi. e. of Ovalau and s. of

(over)





Wakaia. Makongai; said to be (or to have been)  
Wakai.  
Wakaya. owned by two Europeans, and used for coffee  
Wataia. and cotton raising. Layard says "We pretty  
well ransacked" this id. "Wakaya" is the pre-  
sent official spelling of the name.

Wakaya: Wakaia.

Waldron: Namotu.

Waldron: small id. in Hudson Group, near w. side of Viti Levu.

(May be same as Namotu?)

Walker: in Hudson Group.

Wangara: Wangava.

Wangava:  $3\frac{1}{4} \times 1$  mi.; limestone formation; 350 ft. high; well wood-

Enkaba. ed; a salt lake in centre reported by natives;  
Foocaffa.  
Wangara. s.e. of Tavunasithi, in Lau Group.

Warner: Namuku.

Wataia: Wakaia.

Watmough: a low id. off Viti Levu.

Waya: Waia.

Weilagitala: Wailagilala.

Weilagitala: Wailagilala.

West: islet 25 ft. high; has casuarina trees on it. Off Kandavu,  
1 mi. w. of Koro Levu Passage.

White Rock: small islet; 40 ft. high; covered with guano; 7 mi.  
n.n.w. of Vomo.

Waldron: Memoirs

1970-1971

1507 : 1508

Reference : 0101010

Wellington: Whitcombe

Whittle: near and n.e. of Ono:  $18^{\circ}50'30''E$ . (approximate).

Williams: in Tiri Group, off Vanua Levu.

Windy Rock: rocky islet, 40 ft. high, with a few bushes on it;  
close to n.e. point of Waia.

Ya-asaua: Yasawa.

Yacata: Yathata.

Yaciwa: see under Ngau.

Yadua: Yandua.

Yakuve: Yaukuve.

Yalangalala: Wailagilala.

Yalangatala: Wailagilala.

Yambu: 170 ft. high; thickly wooded; uninhabited; near Vuro,  
off Kandavu.

Yagasa: see under Yangasa.

Yandua: 12 mi. circ.; Loto peak "641" or "875" ft. high; slightly

Andoua.            wooded; inhabited; off s.w. coast Vanua Levu.  
Yadua.  
Yedua.  
Yendua.

Yangaga: Yanganga.

Yanganga: islet 887 ft. high; rocky and barren; inhabited; on

Agaga.            n.w. coast of Vanua Levu.  
Anganga.  
Yangaga.  
Yangganga.

Yangganga: Yanganga.



Yangasa Group (or cluster): in Lau Group, s.e. of Namuka; consists

Angasa. of 4 limestone islands and belongs to people of  
Yagasa. Mothe, who visit it at times for cocoanuts, etc.  
Islets are: Navutuiloma, Navutaira, Yangasa levu  
(the largest), and Yavutha. The present "official"  
spelling seems to be "Yagasa."

Yangasa levu:  $1\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{2}$  mi.; largest of Yangasa Group; 390 ft. high, and

Table. table-topped; densely wooded; no landing.  
Yagasalevu.

Yangati: one of the Yasawa Group.

Yankuve: Yaukuve.

Yanu yanu eloma: small grassy islet; 140 ft. high; on or near Kandavu.

Yanu yanu sau: small grassy islet; 80 ft. high; on reef of Kandavu.

Yamua: uninhabited id. of Mamamutha Group.

Yamuya.

Yanuca: Yamutha.

Yamuia: at n. end of Ono i lau Group.

Yamuya.

Yamutha:  $1 \times \frac{1}{2}$  mi.; has 3 peaks, one of them 450 ft. high; 8 mi. w.

?Namuka. of Mbengha peak, off s.e. coast of Viti Levu;  
inhabited.

Yamutha:  $1 \times \frac{1}{2}$  mi.; 480 ft. high; partly cleared; inhabited; in  
Ringgold Group, e. coast of Vanua Levu.

Yamutha: islet on reef between Nanamu ira and Nanamu Thake.





Yamutha: small; 125 ft. high; uninhabited; on n. coast of Vamua  
Amutha.                      Levu. Is a government reserve.

Yamutha: small id. 60-70 ft. high; thickly wooded in s. part,  
Yamuca.                      with long low sandy point at n. end; on e.  
side of Ndronga harbor, Viti Levu.

Yamutha lailai    2 islets between Ovalau and Moturiki. One is,  
&  
Yamutha levu:              or has been, a quarantine station.

Yamutha loa: 160 ft. high; in Lau Group, off w. coast of Vamua  
mbalavu.

Yamuya: Yanua.

Yamuya: Yanuia.

Yarona: Yaroua.

Yaroua: 500x400 yds.; sand islet, covered with trees; visited  
Yarona.                      for turtle in summer;  $8\frac{3}{4}$  mi. s.e. of Tuvutha,  
in Lau Group.

Yasau i lau:  $\frac{1}{2}$  mi. long; 437 ft. high; near Yasawa, in that  
Yasawailau.                  group.

Yasawa: 8x2 mi.; very narrow; 781 ft. high; has fertile plain;  
Ya-asaua.                      inhabited; n.-most of Yasawa Group.

Yasawa Group: about 30 mi. off n.w. coast of Viti Levu; volcanic;  
Asaua.                      about 50 mi. in length; 16 ids. and numerous  
Ba group.  
Leeward group. islets. Include: Agate, Androna, Asawa, Ato,  
Baldwin, Biva, Davis, Eld, Fox, Jabeia, Kiusick,

(over)





Knox, Lowata, Lewis, Matathoni levu, Nangati, Nanuia, Nathula, Naviti, Nifo, Ombi, One Tree, Otovawa, Ovawo, Sinclair, Timboor, Totten, Vatu, Vomo, Vomo lailai, Waia, Waia lailai, Waia lailai thake, Yangati, Yasau i lau, and Yasawa. Layard wrote that he believed visits to the "Yasawas" and "lowlying islands to windward" would add largely to the sea fowl list of the Fijis.

Yasawailau: Yasau i lau.

Yathata:  $2\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{1}{2}$  mi.; of elevated limestone; has densely wooded

Azata. hill 840 ft. high; inhabited in Lau Group.  
Cap.  
?Hamilton.  
Yeata.  
Ythata.

Yaukuve: islet n.e. of Ono; 400 ft. high; covered with grass; uninhabited; near Yaukuve.

Yavurimba: uninhabited id. of Mamamutha i ira Group.

Yavutha: small islet; 240 ft. high; densely wooded; in Yangasa Group.

Yawalau: 29 ft. high (to tops of trees); wooded; off Viti Levu.

Yeata: Yathata.

Yedua: Yandua.

Yendua: Yandua.

Ego, Jomala, Iadla, Wistahand Iaw, Sangoi,  
 Kenda, Kamaia, Kewiti, Mito, Gadi, Gwa Tree,  
 Ova-a, Ova-a, Sangoi, Tiboan, Totto,  
 Vatu, Vatu, Vatu Iadla, Vatu, Vatu Iadla,  
 Wala Iadla Sango, Tiboan, Iadla Iadla, and  
 Iadla. Iadla wrote that he believed  
 visits to the "Yessama" and "Wistahand Iadla"  
 to Sangoi would add largely to the sea  
 bowl time of the Wistahand.

Yessama: Yessama I adla.

Yessama: 2500 ft. of elevated limestone; densely wooded.

2500 ft. high; densely wooded in low ground.  
 Astea.  
 Gop.  
 Hamilton.  
 Yessama.  
 Yessama.

Yessama: 2500 ft. high; densely wooded with grass;  
 unimproved; near Yessama.

Yessama: unimproved 14. of Yessama I adla.

Yessama: 2500 ft. high; densely wooded; in Yessama

Grass.

Yessama: 2500 ft. high (to top of trees); wooded; old Yessama.

Yessama: Yessama.  
 Yessama: Yessama.  
 Yessama: Yessama.

Yendua tombu: islet on s.w. side of Yandua.

Ythata: Yathata.

Zigombia: Thikombia.



FIJI OR VITI GROUP.

Family \_\_\_\_\_? = *Eulabeornis poeciloptera*

"Sasa".

H. Wilfred Walker (Wanderings among South Sea Savages, 1909, p. 20) and others refer to a strange bird called the "Sasa." Walker says a Chief on Taveuni described to him a "wingless" bird that "lived in holes in the ground" in the mountains, but Walker could not find any. The bird has been described as a kind of megapode or "apteryx". Bahr (1912) refers to it as a species of "Megapodius, sp. inc.", a bird called the "sasa", found in the interior and north coast of Viti Levu up to about 1905. It was hunted with dogs, was speckled, and some thought it to be a megapode.

PHASIANIDAE.

Gallus gallus, subspecies.

Capt. Cook introduced the domestic fowl into the Fijis during his visit, and Layard thinks the present wild stock dates from Cook's time. Found on many islands. Bahr (1912) says the mongoose has exterminated it on Viti Levu, though it still occurs on small islands off the coast, especially on Mbenga and Mokongai. It is still common on Taveuni.

COLUMBAE.

Gallicolumba stairi vitiensis (Finsch). (type locality, Fijis)



Fijis:Gräffe.

Mokongai: Layard.

Ngau: Rayner.

Ovalau: Layard.

Taveuni: Layard.

Vamua Levu: Layard.

Viti Levu: Layard; Storck; Bahr (saw one pair after  
hurricane of 1910).

Wakaia: Layard.

Finsch believed there were three forms, one each in

Samoa, Tonga, and Fiji.

Janthoenas vitiensis (Quoy and Gaimard). (t. 1., Fijis.)

Fijis: Q.&G.; Peale (June).

Kandavu: Layard; 'Challenger'.

Mango: Layard.

Mokongai: Layard.

Ovalau: Layard; Hüsker.

Taveuni: Layard; Bahr (especially in Aug.-Sept.).

Vamua Levu: Layard.

Vamua Mbalavu: Layard; Bahr.

Viti Levu: Layard; Storck; Williamson; Bahr (common  
and tame, especially in April and May.)

Wakaia: Layard.

Muscadivores latrans (Peale). (t. 1., mountains of Fiji Ids.)



Witt: Grille.  
Mokongai: Larynx.  
Witt: Larynx.  
Ovalum: Larynx.  
Tavum: Larynx.  
Vannu Larynx: Larynx.  
Witt Larynx: Larynx; Ovarum: Larynx; Witt Larynx: Larynx.  
Tavum: Larynx.  
Witt: Larynx.  
Kinnach: believed Witt: Witt Larynx, Witt Larynx.  
Tavum, Witt, Witt.  
Lantidodas vittata (Witt and Witt). (Witt, Witt).  
Witt: 6.11; Witt (Witt).  
Witt: Larynx; Witt: Larynx.  
Witt: Larynx.  
Mokongai: Larynx.  
Ovalum: Larynx; Witt: Larynx.  
Tavum: Larynx; Witt: Larynx; Witt: Larynx.  
Vannu Larynx: Larynx.  
Vannu Larynx: Larynx.  
Witt: Larynx; Witt: Larynx; Witt: Larynx.  
Witt: Larynx.  
Witt: Larynx.  
Witt: Larynx.

Fijis: Peale; Calvert; Hüsker; Graffe, and others.

Kanathea: Layard.

Kandavu: Layard; 'Challenger.'

Lakemba: Bahr (common).<sup>??</sup>

Mokongai: Layard.

Mango: Layard.

Miscadivores latrans (continued).

Matuku: Voy. 'Herald.'

Ovalau: 'Astrolabe'; Layard.

Taveuni: Layard.

Vanua Levu: Layard.

Vanua Mbalavu: Layard.

Viti Levu: Layard; Storck; (Bahr did not see it here).

Wakaia: Layard.

Globicera pacifica (Gmelin). (t. 1., Friendly Ids.)

Fijis: Gräffe, etc.

Kanathea: Layard.

Kandavu: Layard.

Mango: Layard.

Mokongai: Layard.

Ovalau: Layard.

Vanua Mbalavu: Bahr (saw it here).

Viti Levu: Layard; Bahr (says common in high interior)

Wakaia: Layard.



Ptilinopus perousei (Peale). (t.l., Upolu, Samoa; in  
U. S. Nat. Mus.) (P. mariae and P.  
caesarinus are synonyms.) No.

Fiji Ids.: Peale (not abundant); Calvert; and others,  
incl. Gräffe.

Kanatheia: Layard.

Kandavu: Layard.

Mango: Layard.

Mathuata: Peale.

Mokongai: Layard.

Ngau: Rayner; Stair.

Ovalau: H.&J.; Layard.

Vamua Levu: Layard.

Vamua Mbalavu:

Vatu Lele: Layard.

Viti Levu: Layard; Storck; Williamson.

Bahr (1912) says it still occurs on Viti Levu,  
but in "sadly diminished numbers."

Wakaia: Layard.

Ptilinopus porphyraceus clementinae (Prevost & Des Murs).

(t. l., Fiji Ids.) (Salvadori does not think  
the Fiji birds are separable; Wetmore does  
not recognize them, either.)

Fijis: Kleinschmidt.

Polypodium polypodioides (Sw.) Kuhn, Urb., Urb., Urb., Urb.

U. S. Nat. Mus. (P. Kuhn and P. Kuhn)

(P. Kuhn and P. Kuhn)

With this: Polypodium (not abundant); Polypodium; and Polypodium

incl. Polypodium

Polypodium: Polypodium

Polypodium: Polypodium

Polypodium: Polypodium

Polypodium: Polypodium

Polypodium: Polypodium

Polypodium: Polypodium

Polypodium: Polypodium

Polypodium: Polypodium

Polypodium: Polypodium

Polypodium: Polypodium

Polypodium: Polypodium; Polypodium; Polypodium

Polypodium (1912) says it still occurs on Polypodium

but is really diminished number.

Polypodium: Polypodium

Polypodium Polypodium Polypodium (P. Kuhn & P. Kuhn)

(P. Kuhn & P. Kuhn) (P. Kuhn & P. Kuhn) does not think

the Polypodium and Polypodium; Polypodium does

not recognize it.

Polypodium: Polypodium

Kambara: Townsend.

Mango: Layard.

Mokongai: Layard.

Ovalau: H. & J.; Rayner.

Taveuni: Layard; Liardet.

Vanua Mbalavu: Layard.

Wakaia: Layard.

Chrysaena viridis; Layard. (t. l. Kandavu.)

Kandavu: Layard; 'Challenger' Pearce.

Ovalau: Layard. <sup>no</sup>

Chrysaena victor Gould. (t. l., "Mbua", Vanua Levu.)

Fijis: Hüsker.

Lauthala: Gräffe; Layard.

Ngamea: Layard.

Rambe: Layard.

Taveuni: Liardet; Layard; 'Challenger'; Bahr (said  
to be still frequently met with in the  
interior). Walker got it on Taveuni.

Vanua Levu: Layard.

Other collectors have obtained it on some of these  
islands; said to occur in mountain forests.

Chrysaena luteovirens (Hombron & Jacquinot). (t. l., "  
"Balaou"-Ovalau).

Fijis: Calvert.

Washburn: Tanager.

Washburn: Tanager.

Washburn: Tanager.

Washburn: Tanager.

Washburn: Tanager.

Washburn: Tanager.

Washburn: Tanager.

Chrysomitris tristis (L.). (L. I. Washburn.)

Washburn: Tanager; 'Chrysomitris' Tanager.

Washburn: Tanager.

Chrysomitris tristis Gould. (L. I., "Musa", Tanager Tanager.)

Washburn: Tanager.

Washburn: Tanager.

Washburn: Tanager.

Washburn: Tanager.

Washburn: Tanager; 'Chrysomitris' Tanager; Tanager (said)

to be still frequently met with in the

interior. Washburn got it on Tanager.

Tanager Tanager: Tanager.

Other collectors have obtained it on some of these

islands; said to occur in mountain forests.

Chrysomitris tristis (L.) (L. I., "Musa", Tanager Tanager.)

"Tanager"-Tanager.

Washburn: Tanager.

Ovalau: H. & J.; Gräffe; Layard.

Viti Levu: Gräffe; Layard; Storck; Bahr. Barks like  
a dog; heard commonly. The fat of the male  
is yellow, and green in the female, and of  
a sweet odor.

RALLIDAE.

Porphyrio melanonotus vitiensis Peale. (t. l., Fiji Islands.)

Fiji Ids.; Peale (supposed to be rare).

Mango: Layard.

Mokongai: Layard.

Ovalau: Peale; Layard.

Taveuni: Layard; Bahr (said to be still common.)

Vanua Mbalavu: Layard.

Vanua Levu: Layard.

Viti Levu: Layard; Williamson; Bahr (thinks it and all  
other rails now extinct on Viti Levu.)

Wakaia: Layard.

(Sharpe, B. M. Cat., XXIII, p. 202, records *P. ellioti*  
from Viti Levu (Rayner) in addition to the  
preceding, "*smaragdonotus*").

Poliolimnas cinereus (Vieillot). (Ingram recognizes this  
as *P. c. tannensis* (Forster).

Ngau: Rayner.





Ovalau: Peale; Layard; etc.

Viti Levu: Gräffe; Layard; Storck; Bahr (1912) thinks all rails now extinct on this island. Layard found it in far interior of Viti Levu, on the Rewa River. Bahr (1912) calls this "Porzana plumbea (Gray)" and says peculiar to Viti Levu, and now extinct. Ovalau is the type locality of *Zapornia Umbrina* Cassin (t. l. Ovalau); supposed to be the same.

Eulabeornis poeciloptera (Hartlaub). (t. l. "Viti Levu"; type in Hamburg Museum.)

Bolau, in Mitteil. Naturhist. Mus. Hamburg, XV, 1898, p. 70, gives the type locality as "Ovalau", collected by Gräffe.

Ovalau: Gräffe; Layard.

Viti Levu: Layard; Storck; Williamson. Layard had a male and 4 eggs brought to him from Rewa R., Viti Levu.

Hypotaenidia philippensis sethsmithi (Mathews). (t. l., Fiji Islands.)

Fijis: Hüscher.

Ovalau: Rayner; Layard.

Vanua Levu: Peale, etc.

Viti Levu: Storck (under the name "pectoralis").

Vanua Mbalavu: Bahr saw two at Loma Loma, but did not get them.



DIOMEDEIDAE.

Diomedea melanophris Temminck.

South Fijian seas. Layard says (1876) "Baron von Hugel testifies that he saw this bird within sight of Kandavu."

HYDROBATIDAE (or THALASSIDROMIDAE).

Pelagodroma marina (Latham).

Bahr (1912) says this species was "met with" by him in Fijian waters.

Fregetta albigularis (Finsch). (t. l. Kandavu, Fijis.)

Kandavu: Kleinschmidt.

Ovalau: Boyd.

Viti Levu: Boyd. Ramsay (Proc. Linn. Soc. N.S.W., VII, 1882, 113) mentions this as breeding (common) on Muani vatu, the highest peak in interior of Viti Levu, in May and June, in "thick forests in high mountain tops, digging a hole in the earth in a slanting direction, about two feet in length, and lay one, but sometimes two eggs at the end of the burrow."\*\*\*and they also breed on Ovalau. (Based on data supplied by A. Boyd, who collected them--or the eggs.)

PUFFINIDAE.

Puffinus assimilis Gould. (t.l., New South Wales.)

DIOMEDEIDAE

*Diomedea nigripes* Temminck

South African seas. Laysan says (1878) "Heron von Helldorf

testifies that he saw this bird within sight

of Kahlau."

HYDROBATIDAE (or THALASSEIDAE)

*Selachodon major* (Latham)

Laysan (1813) says this species was "first seen" by him

in 1771, at sea.

*Puffinus pacificus* (Palm). (s. l. Kahlau, 1878.)

Kahlau: Kahlau.

Ovalau: Ovalau.

Viti Levu: Ovalau. (Proc. Linn. Soc. N.S.W., VII,

1882, 110) mentions this as breeding (common)

on Mount Viti, the highest peak in interior of

Viti Levu, in 1871 and 1872, in "black" frigate

to high mountain tops, and a note in the

yearly in a landing district, about two feet in

length, and lay on, but sometimes two eggs at

the end of the nest. "and also found

in Ovalau (based on data supplied by L. I. I.)

and collected from

FOURTHEDAE

*Puffinus pacificus* (Palm)

Vanua Levu: Layard; Gräffe.

Viti Levu: Layard; Gräffe. (Layard's son got it on Rewa River.)

Layard says it breeds in the interior of some islands, in rookeries.

"Puffinus brevicauda" was seen by Bahr.

"Procellaria alba" Gmelin, is recorded from Vatoa, by Latham.

Loomis identifies this with *P. brevirostris* Peale; hence *Pterodroma alba* (Gmelin). See under Line or Ranning Islands.

Pterodroma brevipes (Peale). (t. l., Lat. 68 degrees south;  
Long. 95 degrees west.) (AEstrelatl "torquata"  
of some other authors.)

Viti Levu: Kleinschmidt (May, 1878).

Pterodroma leucoptera (Gould). (t. l., Australian Seas.)

Fijis: Filhol.

Bulweria macgillivrayi (Gray). (t. l., Ngau, Fijis.)

Ngau: Rayner, in Oct., 1855.

Recorded from Ngau, but not as a breeding bird. Yet it may  
breed somewhere in the Fijis.

Halobaena caerulea (Gmelin). (t. l., Southern Seas.)

Fijis: Gräffe.

N. e. Fijian seas: Layard.

Vanua Levu: Layard.

Layard says it breeds in mountains interiors of several Fiji  
islands, "even as far inland as the interior of Viti Levu", and  
it "differs much" from the Cape of Good Hope "caerulea."





STERNIDAE.

Thalasseus bergii rectirostris (Peale). (t. l., Fijis, especially Sandalwood Bay.)

Fijis: Peale, etc.

Mbau: Layard; Brenchley.

Ngau: Layard; Rayner.

Ovalau: Layard.

Vamua Levu: Peale (large flocks in Sandalwood Bay).

Viti Levu: Layard: Coppinger.

Sterna melanauchen Temminck. (t.l., Celebes.)

Fijis: Gräffe.

Nairai: Rayner.

Ovalau: Layard (in breeding dress at end of Jan.)

Sterna striata Gmelin (or frontalis Gray). (t.l., New Zealand.)

Ngau: recorded by Gray.

Onychoprion fuscatus (Linnaeus). (t.l., Santo Domingo, W. I.)

Sooty Tern.

Fijis: Layard.

Ovalau: Layard.

Viti Levu: Layard.

Onychoprion anaethetus (Scopoli). (t.l., Panay, Philippines.)

Bridled Tern.

Fijis: Gräffe; Layard.

Ovalau: Layard.





Onychoprion lunatus (Peale). (t.l., Kawehe, Tuamotu Ids.)

Fijis: Layard.

Anous stolidus, subspecies. Noddy.

Fijis: Layard.

Vatua: Layard (one obtained in a hurricane.)

Megalopterus (or Micranous), species. Lesser Noddy.

(Mathews claims the name *M. melanogenys* (Gray) belongs to the Hawaiian form, hence the Fijian form will have to be called by another name, possibly *minutus*.)

Fijis: Layard.

Ovalau: Layard.

Viti Levu: Layard (who also got it at "Naudronga", probably the harbor of this name on s.e. coast of Viti Levu).

Vanua Levu: Layard.

?Procelsterna "cinerea."

Fijis: Layard (saw 3 that he thought this species, on Oct. 10, on coast of Ovalau?).

Gygis (or Leucanous) alba, subspecies.

Fijis: Gray; Layard (among the windward islands.)

Viti Levu: Layard (saw it on e. coast.)

Laridae.

Quadrangula laevis (Forsk.) (L. laevis, Forsk. 1792)

Widespread

Amphiprion melanopus (Forsk.) (Forsk. 1792)

Widespread

Amphiprion melanopus (Forsk.) (Forsk. 1792)

Amphiprion melanopus (Forsk.) (Forsk. 1792)

(Forsk. 1792) (Forsk. 1792) (Forsk. 1792)

the Hawaiian Islands, among the Hawaiian Islands, among the Hawaiian Islands

of another name, possibly another

Widespread

Widespread

Widespread (Forsk. 1792) (Forsk. 1792) (Forsk. 1792)

probably the border of this name on the coast

of the coast

Widespread

Amphiprion melanopus (Forsk.) (Forsk. 1792)

Widespread (Forsk. 1792) (Forsk. 1792) (Forsk. 1792)

Oct. 10, on coast of Hawaii

Amphiprion melanopus (Forsk.) (Forsk. 1792)

Widespread (Forsk. 1792) (Forsk. 1792) (Forsk. 1792)

Widespread (Forsk. 1792) (Forsk. 1792) (Forsk. 1792)

Widespread

Bruchigravia novae hollandiae forsteri Mathews. (t.l.,  
New Caledonia).

Fijis: Kleinschmidt.

Scolopacidae.

Numenius variegatus (Scopoli). (t.l., Luzon, Philippines.)

Vamua Levu: Layard.

Numenius tahitiensis. Layard (Ibis, 1876, 388-389.)

Layard says his son got an example in Vamua Levu.

Limosa limosa milamuroides Gould. (t.l., Port Essington,  
N. Australia.)

Viti Levu: Layard. (Sharpe, B. M. Cat., p. 756, records  
a "juv." collected by Layard.)

Limosa lapponica baueri Naumann. (t.l., Australia.)

Ovalau: Layard.

Vamua Levu: Tempest.

Viti Levu: von Hügel; Layard; Bahr.

"Throughout the group": Layard; Gräffe.

Heteroscelus incanus (Gmelin). (t. l., Moorea, etc.)

Fijis: Peale; Layard, etc.

Matuku: Rayner.

Ngau: Rayner.

Ovalau: Layard.

Taveuni: Layard.

Amphispiza bilineata (Aud.)

San Carlos

July 10, 1900

Amphispiza

Amphispiza bilineata (Aud.) (S. I., 1900, 1901, 1902)

San Carlos

Amphispiza bilineata (Aud.) (S. I., 1900, 1901, 1902)

Amphispiza says this was an example of the same

Amphispiza bilineata (Aud.) (S. I., 1900, 1901, 1902)

(S. I., 1900, 1901, 1902)

Amphispiza (S. I., 1900, 1901, 1902)

"Amphispiza" collected by (S. I., 1900, 1901, 1902)

Amphispiza bilineata (Aud.) (S. I., 1900, 1901, 1902)

Amphispiza

Amphispiza

Amphispiza (S. I., 1900, 1901, 1902)

"Amphispiza" the group (S. I., 1900, 1901, 1902)

Amphispiza bilineata (Aud.) (S. I., 1900, 1901, 1902)

Amphispiza (S. I., 1900, 1901, 1902)

Amphispiza

Amphispiza

Amphispiza

Amphispiza

Totoya: Rayner.

Viti Levu: von Hügel; Layard.

Fijis generally; Layard.

Charadriidae.

Pluvialis dominicus fulvus (Gmelin). (t. 1., Tahiti.)

Fijis: Peale; Layard (Fijis generally).

Koro: Layard.

Nairai: Rayner.

Ovalau: Layard.

Taveuni: Liardet; Layard; Bahr.

Vanua Levu: Peale.

Viti Levu: Layard; Coppinger; Williamson; Bahr, etc.

Aphrízidae. Turnstones, etc.

Arenaria interpres oahuensis (Bloxam). (t. 1., Hawaiian Is.)

Fijis: Peale, etc.

Koro: Layard.

Viti Levu: Layard.

Ardeidae.

Butorides "javanica." (Sharpe, B. M. Cat. calls it

B. stagnatilis.)

Kandavu: Gräffe; Layard; Boyd.

Ovalau: Gräffe; Layard; Boyd.

"Savu": Layard (may be Savu Savu on Vanua Levu).

Viti Levu: Layard; Storck.

Demigretta sacra sacra (Gmelin). (t. 1., Tahiti.)



Fijis: Peale; Layard, etc. (Fijis generally, Layard.)

Lakemba: Bahr.

Matuku: Rayner; 'Challenger'.

Mbau: Brenchley.

Oneata: Bahr.

Taveuni: Bahr.

Vamua Mbalavu: Bahr.

Viti Levu: Layard; Bahr.

Wakaia: Layard.

Anatidae.

Anas superciliosa pelewensis Hartlaub & Finsch. (t.l., Pelew Is.)

Fijis: Peale; Gräffe; Layard.

Kandavu: 'Challenger'.

Ovalau: Layard; Bahr.

Taveuni: H. W. Walker (had "good duck shooting on a  
lake high up in the mountains.")

Vamua Levu: Bahr (once abundant; now practically ex-  
tinct, owing to mongoose.)

Dendrocyga<sup>n</sup> arcuata (Horsfield). (t. l., Java.)

"Kandi": Layard (probably a district or settlement on  
some island) -on Vamua Levu.

Viti Levu: Layard; Macdonald; Rayner.

Phaethontidae.





Phaethon "candidus"-(of Wigglesworth).

Fijis: Layard.

Layard said (1876) he had positively identified the three species as inhabitants of "these islands" (the Fijis).

Phaethon aethereus Linnaeus. (t. 1., Ascension Island).

Fijis: Gräffe; Layard.

Vanua Mbalavu: Bahr; encountered it off coast, in July; probably breeding.

Phaethon rubricaudus Boddaert. (t. 1., Mauritius).

(Probably Scaeophaethon rubricaudus melanorhynchus (Gmelin) of Mathews, from Turtle Island, and Palmerston Islands).

Fijis: Layard.

Sulidae.

Sula leucogaster plotus (Forster). (t. 1., near Caledonia.)

Ovalau: Layard.

Fijis: Gräffe; Layard.

Sula piscator (Linnaeus). (t. 1., Java Seas.)

Sula "cyanops".

Was met with by Bahr.

Fregatidae.



Fregata "aquila."

Ovalau: Layard "during gales."

Viti Levu: Layard (after hurricanes).

"Windward islands: Layard (in Feb. and Oct.)

Fregata "ariel" (Gray). (t. 1., Raine Island, Australia.)

Ovalau: Layard (the only form recorded by Ogilvie-

Grant--possibly this is the same basis as the

Ovalau record under the preceding species.)

Falconidae. Falcons.

Falco melanogenys Gould. (t. 1., Australia.)

Layard says (P.Z.S., 1876, 490-506) a hawk new to the Fijis was shot by Storck which passed into the hands of Baron von Hügel, who identified it as *Falco lunatus*; Layard did not see the bird. *Falco lunatus* Daudin is preoccupied by *F. lunulatus* Latham, or vice versa, and this may be a form of *F. peregrinus*, the well known Peregrine falcon, or one of its Australian subspecies.

Viti Levu: Layard; Bahr. The latter records it from this island, and saw a pair, possibly of this species, on Vanua Mbalavu.

Buteonidae.

Astur rufitorques Peale. (t. 1., Ovalau, Fijis.)

Fijis generally: Peale; Layard.

Kandavu: 'Challenger'.

Yunnan "Siam"

Yunnan: Yunnan "Siam" (Siam)

Yunnan: Yunnan (Siam)

Yunnan: Yunnan (Siam)

Yunnan "Siam" (Siam) (Siam)

Yunnan: Yunnan (Siam)

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Yunnan: Yunnan (Siam)

Yunnan: Yunnan (Siam)

Yunnan: Yunnan (Siam)

Yunnan: Yunnan

Yunnan "Siam" (Siam) (Siam)

Yunnan: Yunnan (Siam)

Yunnan: Yunnan

Matuku: 'Challenger'.

Ovalau: Peale.

Taveuni: Layard (breeding freely).

Viti Levu: Layard; Storck; Williamson.

Circus juxta (or approximans) Peale. (t. 1., Mathuata, Fijis.)

Fijis generally: Peale; Layard, etc.

Mathuata: Peale.

Ovalau: Peale.

Viti Levu: Bahr.

Psittaci.

Hypocharmosyna aureicinctus (Layard.) (t. 1., Fijis--  
supposed to be Ovalau.)

Ovalau: Layard.

Taveuni: Layard; Kleinschmidt.

Viti Levu: Layard; Williamson.

Layard says never less than a pair together, and often 6 or 8  
seen in Company. Said to be a bird of the highlands.

Bahr did not see it, but was told it still occurs commonly in  
mountain forests of Taveuni.

Phizys (formerly Coriphilus) solitarius (Suckow). (t. 1.,  
Fiji Islands.)

Fijis: Cook's Voy.; Hüsker; Calvert.

Station: (Gardens)

Overland: (Gardens)

Station: (Gardens) (Gardens)

With: (Gardens) (Gardens) (Gardens)

Station: (Gardens) (Gardens) (Gardens) (Gardens)

Station: (Gardens) (Gardens) (Gardens)

Station: (Gardens)

Station: (Gardens)

With: (Gardens)

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Station: (Gardens) (Gardens) (Gardens)

Kandavu: 'Challenger'.

Matuku: 'Challenger'.

Oneata: Bahr.

Ovalau: Gräffe.

Taveuni: Kleinschmidt.

Viti Levu: Gräffe; Storck; Williamson; Bahr (now confined to less accessible parts.)

Vanua Levu: Layard.

"Throughout the group": Layard; but Bahr did not see it on Lakemba or Vanua Mbalavu.

Pyrrhulopsis personatus (Gray). (t. l., supposed to be "New Guinea" but- Fijis.)

Fijis: several early sources.

Kandavu: Layard.

Mbau: Brenchley.

Ovalau: 'Challenger'. (Bahr thinks this bird, recorded by Finsch, must have been introduced from Viti Levu.)

Viti Levu: Rayner; Layard; Storck; voy. 'Alert'; Williamson; Bahr.

Bahr (1912) says it is "fast disappearing" and will probably be the first to become extinct, and at no distant date.



Kentucky: 'Confederate'

Kentucky: 'Confederate'

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Pyrrhulopsis splendens (Peale). (t. l., Viti Levu,  
shores of Peale's River.)

Fijis: Calvert.

Kambara: Gräffe.

Kandavu: Layard; 'Challenger'; Bahr (says now most  
common on this island.)

Mbau: Branchley.

Taveuni: Gräffe.

Viti Levu: Peale; Layard; Storck; Williamson; Bahr

(has become very scarce, but found in high interior)

Pyrrhulopsis tabuensis taviuniensis Layard. (t. l., Taveuni)

Taveuni: Layard; Bahr (still common).

Pyrrhulopsis tabuensis koroensis (Layard).

Koro: Layard. (t. l., Koro, Fijis.)

Pyrrhulopsis tabuensis atrogularis (Peale). (t. l.,  
shores of the Feejee Islands.)

Fijis: Peale.

Ngau: Rayner.

Vamua Levu: Layard.

Under this name Peale refers to a species that lives in the mangroves along shores of the Fiji Islands. Buller says found only on Ngau, and "Nowhere else" (see Salvadori, Ibis, 1907, 319).



Salvadori does not recognize this form, but Wigglesworth does; the latter has six forms of the genus, and the former only five.

Pyrrhulopsis tabuensis tabuensis (Gmelin). (t.l., Tonga Tabu)

Vanua Levu: Layard; Bahr (who says "said to exist only in Vanua Levu"). Bahr says now much reduced in numbers by the mongoose. Layard refers to "the Matuata bird (Bua and Ndreketti)" on Vanua Levu.

Cuculidae.

?Chalcococcyx plagiatus (Latham). (t. l., New South Wales.)

Taveuni: Thurston. Shelley (B. M. Cat., did not record this species from the Fijis.)

Cacomantis infuscatus (Hartlaub). (t. l., interior of Viti Levu)

Fijis: Calvert.

Mokongai: Layard.

Ovalau: Layard.

Vanua Levu: Layard.

Viti Levu: Gräffe; Williamson; Bahr (found it in April-June, but there were no signs of breeding--gen. organs undeveloped; Layard says it arrives at the end of the year, Jan. to Feb.).

Wakaia: Layard.

Cacomantis simus (Peale). (t.l., Sandalwood Bay, Vanua Levu.)

Fijis: Calvert.



Kandavu: 'Challenger'.

Mathuata: Layard.

Mokongai:

Ovalau:

Taveuni: Liardet; Layard.

Vanua Levu: Layard; Williamson.

Wakaia: Layard, etc.

Urodynamis taitensis taitensis (Sparrman). (t.l., not mentioned)

Mokongai: Layard.

Ovalau: Peale (May); Layard.

Wakaia: Layard (saw it in mid September).

Peale's bird, *Eudynamis cuneicauda* (type locality Ovalau, in May)  
may be different.

Striges.

?Asio, species.

Layard saw a species of this genus (see P.Z.S., 1876, 391,  
and Ibis, 1876, 393, note b.); probably the wide-  
ranging short-eared owl. = *Tyto longimembra*

Tyto alba lulu (Peale). (t. l., Fijis and Samoa.)

Fijis generally: Peale, etc.

Ovalau: Peale.

Taveuni: Layard (breeding).

Viti Levu: Williamson; Bahr.

Source: 'California'.

Estuaries: 1994

: 1012

[illegible]

Labels: (new) in mid September

• 60714142

...entirely.

Also also (Pavia).

Value: 0.000

(-09-08) - 1657 : 20,00VB

Tyto "candida" or longimembris (Jerdon). (t. l., India.)

(Strix oustaleti Hartlaub (t. l., Viti Levu) is  
said to be a synonym.

Fijis: Fillingham.

Viti Levu: Storck; Hartlaub (recorder); Sharpe (recorder)

?Caprimulgidae.

?Caprimulgus, species.

Koro: Layard (reports a bird that may prove to be a  
species of Caprimulgus (P.Z.S., 1875, 427).

The natives told him of a night bird, with large mouth, that  
lies in the path, until nearly tread upon.

Micropodidae.

Collocalia (or Zoonava) <sup>*spodiopygia*</sup> faciphaga assimilis (Stresemann).

(t. l., Fiji Islands.) (Both vanikorensis

Quoy and Gaimard, and Zoonava francica oberholseri  
Mathews, have been recorded, but the above is supposed  
to be the only form now known from the Fijis.)

Fijis: Peale ("several of the "); Calvert; Gräffe.

Mango: Layard.

Thithia: Layard.

Kandavu: Layard (in caves),.

Viti Levu: Storck; Williamson; Bahr (common).

Widely distributed: Gräffe; Layard.





Alcedinidae.

Sauropatis sacra vitiensis (Peale). (t. 1., Vanua Levu )

Fijis: Peale ("greater part of ").

Kambara: Townsend.

Kandavu: Layard; 'Challenger'.

Lakemba: Bahr (very common).

Mokongai: Layard.

Mango: Layard.

Mbau. Brenchley.

Ovalau: Peale; Layard, etc.

Taveuni: Layard.

Vanua Levu: Gräffe; Layard; Peale.

Vanua Mbalavu: Layard; Bahr (very common).

Viti Levu: Gräffe; Layard; Storck; Williamson.

Wakaia: Layard. "Very common throughout the group"

(Layard.)

Halcyon cassini Finsch and Hartlaub. (t. 1., Fiji Islands.)

Matuku: Macgillivray; Layard.

Ovalau: Husker; Layard; Macgillivray.

Viti Levu: Layard.

These are recorded as *cassini* by Sharpe (B. M. Cat.); Layard did not think it different from *S. sacra*.

Halcyon solomonis Ramsay. (t. 1., Ugi and San Cristobal Ids.,  
Solomon group)

Viti Levu: Nicoll.



Sauropatis chloris suvensis Sharpe. (t.l., Suva, Viti  
Levu, Fijis.)

Viti Levu: Layard. (Type only known).

All of the above have been taken on Viti Levu; Bahr thinks  
there is to be more known of the relationships of this group.

Hirundinidae.

Hypurolepis tahitica (Gmelin). (t. l., Thaiti.)

Kandavu: 'Challenger'; Layard.

Mango: Layard.

Matuku: Layard.

Mokongai: Layard.

Moala: Gould.

Ovalau: Layard.

Taveuni: Layard.

Vanua Mbalavu: Layard; Bahr (a colony).

Viti Levu: Layard; Bahr.

Wakaia: Layard.

Muscicapidae.

Haplornis lessoni (Gray). (t. l., "Balaou"-Ovalau, Fijis.)

Kanathea: Layard.

Kandavu: Layard; 'Challenger'.

Mbau: Layard.

Mbenga: Bahr.



Mokongai: Layard.

Ovalau: Hombron & Jacquinot; Layard; Bahr.

Taveuni: Layard ("common in the forest at all altitudes"); Bahr.

Vamua Levu: Layard.

Viti Levu: Peale; Layard; Storck; Williamson; Townsend; Bahr.

Wakaia: Layard.

Bahr did not see it on islands of the Eastern Group.

Rhipidura erythronota Sharpe. (t. 1., Taveuni.)

Vanua Levu: Swayne; Kleinschmidt.

Rhipidura rufilateralis Sharpe. (t. 1., Taveuni.)

Taveuni: Layard; Kleinschmidt.

Rhipidura layardi Salvadori. (t. 1., Ovalau.)

Mokongai: Layard.

Ovalau: Layard.

?Vamua Mbalavu: Bahr (seen only, and supposed to be this species).

Viti Levu: Storck; Kleinschmidt; Williamson;

Nicoll (fairly common).

Rhipidura personata Ramsay. (t. 1., Kandavu.)

Kandavu: Pearce.

Myiagra townsendi Wetmore. (t. 1., Kambara.)

Kambara: Townsend.



Allied to the next species.

Myiagra vanikorensis (Quoy & Gaimard). (t. 1., "Vanikoro";

but believed to be wrong and should be Fijis)

Fijis: Quoy and Gaimard? ; Peale.

Kandavu: Kleinschmidt; 'Challenger'.

Lakemba: Bahr (observed).

Mango:

Mathuata: Layard.

Matuku: Rayner; 'Challenger'.

Mokongai:

Ngau:

Oneata: Bahr (observer).

Ovalau: Layard; Brenchley; 'Challenger'.

Taveuni:

Vanua Levu:

Vanua Mbalavu: Bahr (observed).

Vatu Lele:

Viti Levu: Storck; Bahr (common).

Wakaia:

Some of these localities may refer to the preceding species, but there is no evidence thus far to confirm the suspicion. Matuku, Mango, and Lakemba, and probably Vanua Mbalavu may yield townsendi rather than vanidorensis.



allied to the next species.

Melospiza cinerea (Gray & Gmelin). (L. L. "American")

but believed to be wrong and should be (185)

Witt: Gray and Gmelin; Peck.

Kellogg: Melospiza; Chalchicomula.

Witt: Melospiza (observed).

Witt:

Melospiza; Witt.

Melospiza; Witt; Chalchicomula.

Melospiza:

Witt:

Witt; Melospiza (observed).

Witt; Witt; Witt; Chalchicomula.

Witt:

Witt; Witt:

Witt; Witt; Melospiza (observed).

Witt; Witt:

Witt; Witt; Witt; Witt (common).

Witt:

Some of these localities may refer to the preceding species.

but there is no evidence that the two are the same.

Melospiza, Witt, and Witt, and possibly Witt.

Witt: rather than Witt.

Myiagra azureicapilla Layard. (t. 1., n. part of Taveuni.)

Taveuni: Layard (they "haunt the densest forest")

Myiagra castaneigularis Layard. (t. 1., Kandi (Bua), on  
Vanua Levu.)

Fijis: Hüsker.

Vanua Levu: Tempest; Layard.

Viti Levu: Kleinschmidt; Storck.

Petroica pusilla Peale. (t. 1., Samoa.)

Petroica kleinschmidtii Finsch (t. 1., Fijis.)

Kandavu: Layard; Pearce.

Vanua Levu: Layard.

Viti Levu: Kleinschmidt; Layard; Bahr (did not see  
it on other islands.)

Campephagidae.

Lalage pacifica (Gmelin). (t. 1., Friendly Islands.)

Fijis: Peale; Calvert; Layard ("from all parts of  
the group").

Kambara: Townsend.

Kandavu: 'Challenger'.

Matuku 'Challenger'.

Viti Levu; Storck; Williamson; Townsend; Bahr  
(commonest native bird.)

Bahr did not see it on Vanua Mbalavu or on Lakemba, but  
on Oneata he got a much larger species, with white (unbarred)  
breast; Ticehurst thinks this may be the fully adult of *L. pacifica*.

Myiarchus cinerascens (Linn.) (A. L. S. near of Tanager)

Tanager: Tanager (very common in Tanager)

Myiarchus cinerascens (Linn.) (A. L. S. near of Tanager)

Tanager (very)

Tanager: Tanager

Tanager: Tanager; Tanager

Tanager: Tanager; Tanager

Myiarchus cinerascens (Linn.) (A. L. S. near of Tanager)

Tanager: Tanager; Tanager (A. L. S. near of Tanager)

Tanager: Tanager; Tanager

Tanager: Tanager

Tanager: Tanager; Tanager; Tanager (A. L. S. near of Tanager)

It is on other islands.

Geographical

Myiarchus cinerascens (Linn.) (A. L. S. near of Tanager)

Tanager: Tanager; Tanager; Tanager (A. L. S. near of Tanager)

the young

Tanager: Tanager

Tanager: Tanager

Tanager: Tanager

Tanager: Tanager; Tanager; Tanager (A. L. S. near of Tanager)

(Tanager: Tanager)

Tanager: Tanager; Tanager; Tanager (A. L. S. near of Tanager)

on Tanager he got a much larger specimen, also on Tanager

process; Tanager: Tanager; Tanager (A. L. S. near of Tanager)

Timaliidae.

Trichocichla rufa Reichenow. (t. 1., Viti Levu.)

Viti Levu: Storck.

Drymochaera badiceps Finsch. (t. 1., Viti Levu.)

Kandavu:

Taveuni:

Viti Levu: Storck. Kleinschmidt; Layard, etc.

Lamprolia victoriae Finsch. (t. 1., Taveuni.)

Taveuni: Kleinschmidt; Layard, etc. Bahr.

Fijis. Hüsker.

Said to occur in mountain forests on n. side of Taveuni; Bahr says it is said to be "still common" in these districts, but "driven away" from cultivated places by the "march of civilization."

Lamprolia minor Layard (April, 1876). (t. 1., near Savu Savu Bay, Vanua Levu.)

(-L. klinesmithi Ramsay; Feb., 1876, t. 1., mountains of Vanua Levu.)

Vanua Levu: Kleinschmidt. Finsch says it occurs on the coast of Somo Somo Strait, on Vanua Levu; not from Somo Somo on Taveuni. Probably a bird of the mountain forests only.

163459 : albif

Civilization.

Turdidae.

Thrushes. Related to our American Robin. Layard was of the opinion (Proc. Zool. Soc. London, 1876, 490-506) there were more species still to be discovered "in the centre of the large island of Viti Levu". Look for them on any island where the altitude and forests give hope.

Turdus vitiensis (Layard). (t.l., Vanua Levu (Bua district)

Vanua Levu: Tempest; Layard; Kleinschmidt.

Turdus layardi (Seeböhm). (t. l., Viti Levu.)

Viti Levu: Kleinschmidt.

Turdus ruficeps (Ramsay). (t. l., Kandavu, Fijis.)

(T. bicolor (Layard.)

Kandavu: Layard; Pearce; Kleinschmidt.

Turdus tempesti Layard. (t. l., forest at s. end of

Taveuni, at Selia Levu, Vuna Point.)

Taveuni: Tempest.

Artamidae.

Artamus mentalis Jardine. (t. l., unknown, but-Fiji Is.)

Fijis generally: Peale; Hombron & Jacquinot.

Matuku: Layard.

Mokongai: Layard.

Ngau: Layard.

Ovalau: Rayner; Layard.

1000000 : 1000000



Taveuni: Layard.

Vanua Levu: Layard.

Vanua Mbalavu: Layard; Bahr.

Viti Levu: Layard; Williamson; storck; Bahr (common)

Wakaia: Layard.

?Artamus melanoleucus (Forster). (t. 1., New Caledonia.)

-----Layard. (A bird that has probably no place  
in the Fijian avifauna.)

Prionopidae.

Pinarolestes nigrigularis (Layard). (hills back of Ovalau)

Kandavu: Kleinschmidt.

Ovalau: Layard.

Taveuni: Layard.

Viti Levu: Layard; Kleinschmidt; Storck; Williamson;

Nicoll.

Pinarolestes macrorhynchus macrorhynchus (Layard). t. 1.,  
Taveuni.)

Taveuni: Liardet; Layard. In mountain forests.

Pinarolestes macrorhynchus maximus (Layard). (t.1., Kandavu)

Kandavu; Pearce; Layard.

Viti Levu: Williamson; Bahr (saw only 3, and got 1).

Pinarolestes vitiensis vitiensis (Hartlaub). (t. 1., Ovalau)

Fijis: Hüscher.



Township: Twp. 1.

Range: Range 1.

Section: Section 1.

Subsection: Subsection 1.

Quarter: Quarter 1.

Tract: Tract 1.

Block: Block 1.

Lot: Lot 1.

Unit: Unit 1.

Parcel: Parcel 1.

Subplot: Subplot 1.

Plot: Plot 1.

Sublot: Sublot 1.

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Ovalau: Layard, etc.

Viti Levu: Layard; Storck; Nicoll; Bahr (not at all  
common, and silent.)

Wakaia: Layard.

Pinarolestes vitiensis buaensis (Layard). (t. 1., Bua,  
on Vanua Levu.)

Vanua Levu: Layard.

Pinarolestes vitensis compressirostris (Layard). (t. 1.,  
Fiji Islands.)

Fijis: Layard.

Kandavu: Layard.

Viti Levu: Williamson.

There must be some mistake in this group; four of the forms  
have been recorded from Viti Levu, and three from Kandavu. There  
were probably additional forms and doubtless these birds occur  
on additional islands.

Pinarolestes nesiotus Wetmore. (t. 1., Kambara.)

Kambara: Townsend.

Pachycephala graeffii graeffei Hartlaub. (t.1., Viti Levu)

(It is important to distinguish females from  
males in this group.)

Ovalau: Layard.



Vanua Levu: Tempest; Swayne; Layard.

Viti Levu: Layard; Kleinschmidt; Storck; Nicoll.

Sharpe (H.-L., IV, p. 303) restricts this species to Viti Levu, and recognizes a species *P. optata* Hartlaub, from Ovalau.

Pachycephala graeffei aurantiiventris Seaboh. (t. 1.,  
Vanua Levu.)

Rambe: Layard.

Vanua Levu: Layard.

Pachycephala torquata torquata Layard. (t. 1., Taveuni)

Taveuni: Liardet; Layard, etc. Said to occur in  
mountain forests.

Pachycephala torquata intermedia Layard. (t. 1., Tai  
Levu, n.e. coast Viti Levu.)

Ovalau: Layard; Storck?

?Vanua Levu (Berlin Museum).

Viti Levu: Layard; Kleinschmidt; Williamson.

Sharpe (H.-L., IV, p. 303) cites only  
Viti Levu for this species.

*Pachycephala vitiensis vitiensis* Gray. (t. 1., Ngau, Fijis)

Ngau: Rayner; Layard;

Kandavu: Layard ("abundant"); Pearce.

Upper Layer: Gypsum; Gypsum; Gypsum.  
Middle Layer: Gypsum; Gypsum; Gypsum.  
Lower Layer: Gypsum; Gypsum; Gypsum.  
This layer, and especially the upper part, is  
Ovalar.

Psophodesmia annulata (L. I., 1911)  
(Upper Layer.)

Upper Layer: Gypsum.  
Upper Layer: Gypsum.  
Psophodesmia formosa (L. I., 1911)  
Upper Layer: Gypsum; Gypsum; Gypsum.  
Lower Layer: Gypsum.  
Psophodesmia formosa (L. I., 1911)  
Upper Layer: Gypsum; Gypsum; Gypsum.

Ovalar: Gypsum; Gypsum.  
Upper Layer: Gypsum; Gypsum; Gypsum.  
Upper Layer: Gypsum; Gypsum; Gypsum.  
Upper Layer: Gypsum; Gypsum; Gypsum.  
Upper Layer: Gypsum; Gypsum; Gypsum.  
Psophodesmia formosa (L. I., 1911)  
Upper Layer: Gypsum; Gypsum; Gypsum.  
Upper Layer: Gypsum; Gypsum; Gypsum.

Pachycephala vitiensis kandavensis Ramsay. (t. 1., Kandavu)

Kandavu: Pearce; Layard; 'Challenger'.

---

It is not at all certain that the species of Rhipidura (Fan-tailed Flycatchers), Pinarolestes, and Pachycephala (Thickheads) will finally come out as here listed. There is only one thing to do, and that is to get a series of specimens, and work them out.

---

Zosteropidae. White-eyes; Silver-eyes.

Zosterops westernensis (Quoy and Gaimard). (t. 1., Australia)

(or Z. flaviceps Peale--type from Vanua Levu)

Kandavu: Pearce; Layard.

Mango: Layard.

Mbenga:

Mokongai: Layard.

Ovalau: Layard; Hüsker; 'Challenger'.

Taveuni: Layard; Bahr (common).

Vanua Levu: Peale; Layard.

Vanua Mbalavu: Layard.

Viti Levu: Layard; Storck; Williamson; Townsend; Bahr

(very common).

Wakaia: Layard.



Zosterops explorator Layard. (t. 1., Kandavu.) Described  
from memory, after his specimesn had been  
packed away.

Kandavu: Pearce; 'Challenger'.

Ovalau: Brenchley.

Taveuni: Layard; Bahr (common).

Vanua Levu: Layard.

Viti Levu: Storck; Nicoll (rather common).

Meliphagidae.

Amoromyza viridis (Layard). (t. 1., Taveuni.) (formerly  
known as Leptornis or Leptomyza.)

Taveuni: Layard; J. S. Gardner (found in crater-like  
depression at 2200 ft.)

Viti Levu: Kleinschmidt; Storck.

Meliphaga provocator (Layard). (t. 1., Kandavu.)

Kandavu: Pearce; Layard; 'Challenger'; Bahr.

Meliphaga procerior buaensis (Wiglesworth.)

(t. 1., Vanua Levu.)

Mathuata: Layard.

Vanua Levu: Layard.

The Mathuata Bird is larger than that of Vanua Levu  
(Wigleworth.)



Forsteria procumbens (Lamour.) (L. I., Kaniava.)

from sandy, after its species had been

found near.

Kandava: Pankov; Chelidzev.

Ovchik: Brankov.

Tavanti: Javari; Bait (Kaniava).

Vanna Javari: Javari.

Viti Javari: Bait (Kaniava) (Kaniava).

Malibaidze.

Anomura viridis (Lamour.) (L. I., Tavanti.) (Lamour.)

known as leptocoma or leptocoma.

Tavanti: Javari, L. I. Bait (Kaniava) (Kaniava).

discovered at 2500 ft.

Viti Javari: Kaniava; Bait (Kaniava).

Malibaidze (Lamour.) (L. I., Kaniava.)

Kandava: Pankov; Javari; Chelidzev; Bait.

Malibaidze (Lamour.) (L. I., Kaniava.)

(L. I., Vanna Javari.)

Kandava: Javari.

Vanna Javari: Javari.

The Malibaidze Bait is larger than that of Vanna Javari.

(Lamour.)

Meliphaga procerior taviunensis (Wiggleworth).

(t. l., Taveuni.)

Taveuni: Layard; Brit. Mus. In mountain forests.

Meliphaga procerior procerior (Finsch & Hartlaub).

(t. l., Ovalau.)

Kandavu: Layard.

Ovalau: Peale (quite common); Graeffe; Layard;

'Challenger'.

Vatu Lele: (recorded by Finsch).

Viti Levu: Graeffe; Layard; Williamson; Bahr

(common); Townsend.

"Waidau"; L. A. Boyd.

Wakaia: Layard.

Bahr thinks this form is peculiar to Viti Levu.

Meliphaga carunculata (Gmelin). (t. l., Tonga Tabu

or Amsterdam Isle.)

Lakemba: Bahr.

Matuku: Rayner; Macgillivray; 'Challenger'.

Oneata: Bahr.

Ovalau: Brenchley; Layard; 'Challenger'.

Taveuni: Leardet; Layard.

Vanua Levu: Layard.

Vanua Mbalavu: Layard; Bahr.

Heliconia pinnatifida (Wiegmann).

(L. I., Havana).

Havana; Bayamo; Pinar del Rio; in mountain forests.

Heliconia pinnatifida (Wiegmann).

(L. I., Havana).

Havana; Bayamo.

Ovalle; Pinar del Rio (quite common); Bayamo.

Chalchicomula.

Yuma (also recorded by Linch).

Yuma; Pinar del Rio; Bayamo; Pinar del Rio.

(common); Pinar del Rio.

Havana; L. A. Bay.

Havana; Bayamo.

Many others also form a peculiar to Yuma.

Heliconia pinnatifida (Wiegmann).

(L. I., Havana).

Havana; Bayamo.

Havana; Bayamo; Chalchicomula.

Ovalle; Bayamo.

Ovalle; Pinar del Rio; Bayamo; Chalchicomula.

Havana; Pinar del Rio; Bayamo.

Havana; Bayamo.

Havana; Bayamo; Pinar del Rio.

Myzomela jugularis Peale. (t. l., Fijis.)

Fijis: Peale; Calvert.

Kambara: Townsend.

Kandavu: Layard; 'Challenger'.

Mango: Layard.

Matuku: Rayner; 'Challenger'.

Mokongai: Layard.

Moala: Rayner.

Oneata: Bahr (seen here).

Ovalau: Layard; Hisker.

Taveuni: Layard.

Vanua Levu: Peale; Layard.

Vanua Mbalavu: Layard; Bahr (very common).

Viti Levu: Peale; Williamson; Townsend; Nicoll;

Bahr; Storck.

Wakaia: Layard. Bahr did not see it on Lakemba.

Ploceidae.

Erythura kleischmidtii. (Finsch). (t. l., Viti Levu.)

Viti Levu: Kleinschmidt. Bahr thinks it may be

a freak of E. Pealei.

Erythura pealei Hartlaub. (t. l., Vanua Levu.)

Myiophobus virens (Linn.) (Virens)

Myiophobus virens; Virens

Myiophobus virens

Myiophobus virens; Virens

Myiophobus virens

Myiophobus virens; Virens

Myiophobus virens

Myiophobus virens

Myiophobus virens (very common)

Myiophobus virens; Virens

Myiophobus virens

Myiophobus virens; Virens

Myiophobus virens; Virens (very common)

Myiophobus virens; Virens; Virens; Virens

Myiophobus virens

Myiophobus virens; Virens; Virens; Virens

Myiophobus virens

Myiophobus virens (Linn.) (Virens)

Myiophobus virens; Virens; Virens; Virens

Myiophobus virens

Myiophobus virens (Linn.) (Virens)

Taveuni: Gräffe; Layard (high forests); Bahr (says  
it is said to occur sparsely here.)

Vanua Levu: Peale (in scattered flocks); Layard.

Viti Levu: Gräffe; Layard; Williamson; Storck;  
Bahr (common).

Aegintha optata

Viti Levu: Layard (saw it in large flocks on Navua  
River, Viti Levu.)

Sturnidae.

Acridotheres tristis (Linnaeus).

Viti Levu: Nicoll; Townsend, etc. Introduced species.

Eulabetidae.

Aplonis vitiensis Layard. (t. l., Fiji Islands.)

Fijis: Peale ("not uncommon").

Kambara: Townsend.

Mango: Layard.

Matuku: Layard; 'Challenger' (not common).

Moala: Macgillivray; Layard.

Mokongai: Layard.

Ovalau: Rayner; Layard.

Taveuni: Layard.

Totoya: Rayner; Layard.

Vanua Levu: Layard; Swayne.



Vamua Mbalavu: Layard; Bahr (noted here).

Viti Levu: Layard; Kleinschmidt; Williamson; Nicoll;

Bahr (common).

Wakaia: Layard.

Bahr did not see it on Lakemba or Oneata.

Pycnonotidae.      Bulbuls.

Molpastes haemorrhous bengalensis (Blyth).

Introduced on one or more islands.



Venus (Belarus: Belarus; Latin: Venus) (noted here).

Viet (Latin: Vietnam; Vietnamese: Việt Nam; Russian: Вьетнам; English: Vietnam).

Viet (Latin: Vietnam; Vietnamese: Việt Nam; Russian: Вьетнам; English: Vietnam).

Viet (Latin: Vietnam; Vietnamese: Việt Nam; Russian: Вьетнам; English: Vietnam).

Viet (Latin: Vietnam; Vietnamese: Việt Nam; Russian: Вьетнам; English: Vietnam).

Viet (Latin: Vietnam; Vietnamese: Việt Nam; Russian: Вьетнам; English: Vietnam).

Viet (Latin: Vietnam; Vietnamese: Việt Nam; Russian: Вьетнам; English: Vietnam).

Viet (Latin: Vietnam; Vietnamese: Việt Nam; Russian: Вьетнам; English: Vietnam).

Some Fiji locality names, mentioned in Brit. Museum

Catalogues and elsewhere.

Bua, is on Sandalwood Bay, Vanua Levu.

Cocoanut Point, on Sandalwood Bay, Vanua Levu.

Dreketti (or Ndreketi), is on Vama Levu.

Kandi, is near Bua, Sandalwood Bay, Vanua Levu.

Levuka, is on Ovalau, and has been used as the name of this island.

Loma Loma, is on Vama Mbalavu, and has been used as the name of  
the island.

Nandi, is on Viti Levu, according to Layard.

Nandranga (of Naudranga), is on Viti Levu, so Layard says.

Ndreketi (see Dreketti).

Ngila, is on n.e. side of Taveuni.

Rewa, river of this name on Viti Levu.

Sandalwood Bay, on Vanua Levu.

Savu Savu Bay, on Vama Levu.

Somo Somo, on Taveuni.

Somo Somo Strait, between Vama Levu and Taveuni.

Suva, on Viti Levu.

Vuna Point, on Taveuni.

"Balaou" is presumably Ovalau. The spelling "Balaou" is found  
in connection with birds collected by Hombron and Jacquinot on  
the voyage of the 'Astrolabe' and Zelee in 1838. The several

Some of the localities named, mentioned in this paper.

Catalinas and elsewhere.

San, is on Catalinas Bay, Yuma River.

Cocconino Point, on Catalinas Bay, Yuma River.

Prescott (or Mohave), is on Yuma River.

Klamath, is near San, Catalinas Bay, Yuma River.

Lavender, is on Catalinas, and has been used as the name of this island.

Lower Point, is on Yuma River, and has been used as the name of

this island.

Wendell, is on Yuma River, according to Lavender.

Washington (or Washington), is on Yuma River, so Lavender says.

Wendell (see Wendell).

Wendell, is on the side of Lavender.

San, river of this name on Yuma River.

Catalinas Bay, on Yuma River.

San San Bay, on Yuma River.

Some Some, on Lavender.

Some Some River, between Yuma River and Lavender.

San, on Yuma River.

Wendell Point, on Lavender.

"Baldwin" is presumably Catalinas. The spelling "Baldwin" is used

in connection with birds collected by Baldwin and others.

The reverse of the "Baldwin" and "Baldwin" is used.

species of birds collected by them on "Balaou" are known to occur on Ovalau, and the spelling given on the chart of the expedition is "Obalaou", so there is not much doubt of the identity. My reason for calling attention to the matter is due to the British Museum Catalogues and also Wigglesworth treating "Balaou" and "Ovalau" as two islands.

C.W.R.



(22.) ROTUMA and VICINITY.

North of the Fijis, and politically a part of that colony; annexed in 1880. Rotuma is not a port of entry, though a Resident lives at Fovlung Efau Bay, on Rotuma; duties on imports must be paid in Fiji.

Afgaha: Afnaha.

Afnaha: islet near s. e. side of Rotuma; wooded (205 ft.

Afgaha. to tops of trees); s. end bold.

Atana Group: a chain of islets n.w. of Rotuma.

Atangota: islet n.w. of Rotuma;  $12^{\circ} 30'$  S.;  $177^{\circ} 14'$  E.

Ataou: islet on w. side of Rotuma.

Athaluna: one of the Atana Group; small, bare, rocky,

Authaluna. bold; 190 ft. high;  $3\frac{1}{2}$  mi. from Emery.

Hofliona.

Hofliua.

Authaluna: Athaluna.

Emery:  $\frac{1}{2}$  mi. or more in extent; 860 ft. high; coast bold

?Ouea. and cliffy, and landing made with

Uea. difficulty; inhab. (few in number).

Wea.

Grenville: Rotuma.

Hanoua: islet on n. side of Rotuma.



Hatana: small rocky islet; 60 ft. high; with trees and shrubs;  
nearly midway between Emery and Athaluna,  
and about  $1\frac{1}{2}$  mi. from Emery.

Hauatiu: wooded islet (215 ft. to treetops); with steep cliff  
Havae. on n. face; on n.e. coast of Rotuma.

Havae: Hauatiu.

Hofliona: Athaluna.

Hofliua: Athaluna.

Hunter: reported in 1823, as a volcanic, wooded, inhabited  
Onaseuse. island, in  $15^{\circ} 31'S.$ ,  $176^{\circ} 11'E.$ , but  
not since found.

Onaseuse: Hunter.

Ouea: islet on w. side of Rotuma; probably the same as Emery.  
(Ouea; compare Emery Uea, Wea.)

Rotouma: Rotuma.

Rotuam: Rotuma.

Rotuma:  $7\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$  mi.; or more; volcanic origin; hilly, densely  
Grenville. wooded; fringing shore reef with boat open-  
Rotouma. ings; 840 ft. high, sloping off to a low  
Rotuam. narrow sandy isthmus toward w. end, termin-  
Rotumah. ating in a wooded bluff 715 ft. high, with  
a precipitous red sandstone face at sea;





volcanic; palms, and large trees and other vegetation; inhabited; large numbers of pigs. Climate not good for white men-- too damp. Hurricanes occur about every 3 years, between Nov. and April. Islets are Afnaha, Atacu, Athaluna, Ouea, Hanoua, Solkope, Solnahu.

Rotumah: Rotuma.

Solkop: Solkope.

Solkope: islet on s. coast of Rotuma; wooded; prominent

Solkop. summit is 420 ft. high.

Solnahou: Solnahu.

Solnahu: small islet close to s. coast of Rotuma; flat-topped; 165 ft. high; wooded.

Solnahou.

Uea: Emery.

Uea: Ouea.

Wea: Emery.

volcanic; palm, and large trees and  
other vegetation; inhabited; large num-  
bers of pigs. Climate not good for  
white man - too damp. Distances occur  
about every 3 years: between Nov. and  
April. Islands are Rhoda, Atara,  
Abdulla, Oua, Hanna, Solapa, Solapa.

Islands: Rhoda.

Solapa: Solapa.

Solapa: Solapa; on a coast of Rhoda; wooded; prominent

Solapa. Height in 400 ft. high.

Solapa: Solapa.

Solapa: small island close to a coast of Rhoda; flat-

topped; 100 ft. high; wooded.

Solapa.

Uua: Uua.

Uua: Uua.

Uua: Uua.

(22.) Rotuma and vicinity. Birds.

Rev. George Brown got a few birds here years ago, and J. Stanley Gardiner collected some in spirits in 1896 (see Ibis, 1898, 42-46).

Treronidae.

Ptilinopus porphyraceus ("Forster" Temminck).

Rotuma: Gardiner.

Rallidae.

"Porphyrio smaragdinus Temm."

Rotuma: Gardiner.

"Rallus (Hypotaenidia) philippensis Gm."

Rotuma: Gardiner.

Sternidae.

"Anous stolidus (Linn.)"

Rotuma: Gardiner.

"Anous leucocapillus Gould." (Lesser Noddy.)

Rotuma: Gardiner.

Scolopacidae.

Heteroscelus incanus (Gmelin).

Rotuma: Gardiner.

Charadriidae.

(22) *Stomoxys calcitrans* L.

Dr. George Brown got a few flies from

Yonkers, and U. S. Army Collection sent him some in 1901.

In 1901 (see 1901, 1902, 1903, 1904).

*Stomoxys*

*Stomoxys calcitrans* L. ("House Fly")

Stomoxys: *calcitrans*

*Stomoxys*

*Stomoxys calcitrans* L.

Stomoxys: *calcitrans*

*Stomoxys calcitrans* L. ("House Fly")

Stomoxys: *calcitrans*

*Stomoxys*

*Stomoxys calcitrans* L. ("House Fly")

Stomoxys: *calcitrans*

*Stomoxys calcitrans* L. ("House Fly")

Stomoxys: *calcitrans*

*Stomoxys*

*Stomoxys calcitrans* L. ("House Fly")

Stomoxys: *calcitrans*

*Stomoxys*

Pluvialis dominicus fulvus (Gmelin).

Rotuma: Gardiner.

Aphrizzidae.

Arenaria interpres oahuensis (Bloxam).

Rotuma: Brown.

Buteonidae.

Astur rufitorques Peale. (t. 1., Ovalau, Fijis.)

Rotuma: Gardiner ("repeatedly seen" but "was not obtained.")

Tytonidae.

Tyto "flammea". (Probably lulu of Peale.)

Rotuma: Gardiner.

Campephagidae.

Lalage pacifica (Gmelin). (t. 1., Friendly Ids.)

Rotuma: Brown; Gardiner.

Prionopidae.

Pinarolestes vitiensis (Hartlaub). (t. 1., Fijis.)

Rotuma: Brown; Gardiner.

Meliphagidae.

Myzomela chermesina Gray. (t. 1., unknown, but probably

New Hebrides.)

Rotuma: Brown; Gardiner.

Eulabetidae.

"Aplonis tabuensis (Gm.)" (Sharpe says it is *A. vitiensis* Layard.)

Rotums: Brown; Gardiner.

Phyllis dentata (Gill.)

Botany: Greville

Agrostoides

Phyllis dentata (Gill.)

Botany: Brown

Agrostoides

Phyllis dentata (Gill.)

Botany: Greville ("repeatedly seen" but "was not obtained.")

Agrostoides

Phyllis dentata (Gill.)

Botany: Greville

Agrostoides

Phyllis dentata (Gill.)

Botany: Brown; Greville

Agrostoides

Phyllis dentata (Gill.)

Botany: Brown; Greville

Agrostoides

Phyllis dentata (Gill.)

Botany: Greville

Agrostoides

Phyllis dentata (Gill.)

Botany: Brown; Greville

(7.) HORNE ISLANDS. French Protectorate. Inhabited.

Fotuna, the larger island, is about 360 miles n. e. of the Fijis, and by some writers has been referred to that group.

Allufatti: Alofa.

Alofa: 6x3 miles; volcanic; 1200 ft. high. Is s. e. of

Allufatti. Fotuna.

Alofi.

Alofi: Alofa.

Fortuna: Fotuna.

Fotuna:  $8\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  mi.; Mt. Schouten 2500 ft. high; n.w. coast

Fortuna. bold and precipitous; cocoanuts on s.

Futuna. side, and cocoanuts and breadfruit on

n. e. side.

Futuna: Fotuna.

Horne Ids.: Horne Ids.

L'Enfant Perdu: ?Horne Islands.



(V.) HOME ISLANDS, French Possessions, Indian.

Home, the largest island, is about 200 miles N. of  
the Strait, and by some writers has been referred to that group.

Alaska: Alaska.

Alaska: 600 miles; longitude: 1300 ft. high. Is. N. of N.

Alaska: Alaska.

Alaska.

Alaska: Alaska.

Alaska: Alaska.

Alaska: 600 ft. high; N.W. coast.

Alaska: 600 ft. high; N.W. coast.

Alaska: 600 ft. high; N.W. coast.

Alaska: 600 ft. high.

Alaska: Alaska.

Home Ids.: Home Ids.

Home Ids.: Home Ids.

(7.) HORNE ISLANDS. BIRDS. (continued)

?Tubinares.

?Water birds generally.

There seem to be no records. Mt. Schouten, on Fotuna, may be a breeding place for petrels.

Treronidae.

Ptilinopus porphyraceus ("Forster" Temminck.) (t. 1., may be Tongatabu.)

Fotuna: Layard. Layard says this "agrees precisely" with a breeding male from the Tongas.

Psittaci. Parrots, etc.

Vini australis (Gmelin).

Fotuna: Layard.

Prionopidae.

Pinarolestes vitiensis fortunae (Layard). (t. 1., Fotuna.)

Fotuna: Layard.

Meliphagidae.

Meliphaga procerior flavo-aurita (Layard). (t. 1., Fotuna.)

Fotuna: Liardet; Layard; Ramsay (recorder).

Eulabetidae. Glossy Starlings.

(V.) BOWEN LINDSAY. 1918.

1918-1919.

1919-1920.

There seem to be no records. Mr. Schenck.

on 1920, say be a breeding place for

petrels.

1920-1921.

Phaethon rubricauda ("Pomarine" "Pomarine") (L. L., 1921, may be

Tommy's).

1921-1922. Laysan says this "Laysan" possibly

with a breeding male from the 1922.

1922-1923. 1923-1924, etc.

Vini australis (Gmelin).

1924-1925. Laysan.

1925-1926.

Phaethon rubricauda (Laysan) (L. L., 1926).

1926-1927. Laysan.

1927-1928.

Phaethon rubricauda (Laysan) (L. L., 1928).

1928-1929. Laysan; Laysan; Laysan.

1929-1930. Laysan; Laysan.

Aplonis fortuneae Layard. (t. 1., Fotuna.)

Fotuna: Layard.

There seem to be no birds recorded from Alofa, and collecting on Fotuna must have been of a most desultory character, hardly worthy of the name.

Animal foraging levels (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10)

16. New Caledonia (including Isle of Pines), with Belep and Huon Groups. (For Fearn Island, see New Hebrides group.)

Merchant ships visiting New Caledonia must go to Noumea, to obtain permission to visit elsewhere, except in the case of Tchio on the east coast, where there is also a customs house. "Praslin" Bay is now Prony Bay.

Adam: islet near Kanala, s. e. N. Cal.

Agué: wooded islet of Harcourt group.

Ain: wooded islet on Mengalia reef, n.e. coast N. Cal.

Alcemene': islet 3 mi. s.e. of Isle of Pines; covered with "remarkable pine trees"

Amédée: sandy islet covered with bushes; has light house on it; 10 mi. off Noumea.

Amére': islet on s.e. reef of N. Cal.; about  $3/4$  mi. in circuit; sandy, low, and covered with pines and a variety of other trees and shrubs; about 18 kilom. from s. coast of N. Cal., and 25 kilom. from n. side of Isle of Pines.

One author (Brasil) says is same as Botany Isles.

Ami: = Du ami.

Ana: = Du ana.

Art: largest of the Belep group; 11 mi. long; "moderately bold" on e. side (and possibly wooded, as it has one or more streams).

Atit: low, wooded (mangroves) islet in Tuo Passage, n.e. coast N. Cal.

Balabio: islet  $7\frac{1}{2}$  miles long; central peak 925 ft. high; covered with trees; w. side marshy and bordered with mangroves (many mosquitos here); off n.e. point of N. Cal., and 4 mi. n. of

1. The Government (hereinafter referred to as the Government) has the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 10th inst. in relation to the matter mentioned therein. The Government is now in the process of considering the same and will endeavor to give you a satisfactory answer as soon as possible.

2. The Government is now in the process of considering the same and will endeavor to give you a satisfactory answer as soon as possible.

3. The Government is now in the process of considering the same and will endeavor to give you a satisfactory answer as soon as possible.

4. The Government is now in the process of considering the same and will endeavor to give you a satisfactory answer as soon as possible.

5. The Government is now in the process of considering the same and will endeavor to give you a satisfactory answer as soon as possible.

6. The Government is now in the process of considering the same and will endeavor to give you a satisfactory answer as soon as possible.

Pam Islet.

Bayonnaise: islet at s. entrance to Kuto Bay, Isle of Pines.

Belep Group: 5 islets and some rocks, n.w. of N. Cal., consisting of  
Art, Daos (North and South), Nienane, Pott, Sandy,  
and lesser islets.

Boh: islet in Tanlé Bay, n.e. coast N. Cal.

Botany Isles: (of Cook): betw. N. Cal. and Isle of Pines. In 1774,  
the soil was very sandy on shores, and vegetation so  
varied that Cook named them "Botany" Islands; trees  
were 90-100 feet high and very straight; lesser trees  
and shrubs grew between them.

Brun: = Debrun.

Carrey: sand islet in Gazelle Passage, n.w. N. Cal.

Casey: islet in or close to "Praslin" Bay, 1 mi. n. of Montravel Id., s.e.  
Casy.  
N. Cal.; covered with pine trees.

Casy: = Casey

Colonel Paterson: = Prédour (Le).

Contrariété: = Porondu.

Contrariétés: = Porondu.

Croey: = Crouy.

Croui: = Crouy.

Crouy: islet in Dumbea Passage, at entrance to Noumea roadstead, N. Cal.  
Croey.  
Croui.

Dao Balayet: sand islet marking Estrées Passage, on n.w. coast of N. Cal.  
Sand.

Daomboni: islet on n. coast of N. Cal.

Daos or Dao: islets forming s. part of Belep group.

Daugae: islet with a cliff at n. end; on reef at extreme n. end of N. Cal.



1913

Paymaster: 1st Lt. 1st Regt. 1st Div. 1st Bn.

1st Lt. 1st Regt. 1st Div. 1st Bn. 1st Co.

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1st Lt. 1st Regt. 1st Div. 1st Bn. 1st Co.

Daussey: islet in Arembo Bay, s.w. side of N. Cal.

Death: islet in St. Vincent Bay, s.w. side N. Cal.

Debrun: islet near Noumea, s. side N. Cal.  
Lapins.

Devarenne: islet in St. Vincent Bay, s.w. side N. Cal.

Deverd: islet with trees on it, off Chasseloup Bay, n.w. coast N. Cal.

Didot: islet in Mueo Passage, near Noumea, N. Cal.

Double: = Nemu.

Du ami:  
: islets covered with bushes, in Kutu Bay, Isle of Pines.  
Du ana:

Dubouzet: islet with lighthouse on it, at entrance to Noumea, N. Cal.  
Nou. Was first used by French as a convict settlement; now better  
Nu. known as Nou Id.

Ducos: islet in St. Vincent Bay, s.w. coast of N. Cal., now or formerly  
Governor King.  
used as a place for political prisoners.

Duroc: small islet with pine trees, in Alcemené Passage, Isle of Pines.

Fabre: guano islet of Huon group; 1100 yds. by 550 yds.; well wooded.  
South Huon.

Freycinet: small round wooded islet in Dumbea Passage, N. Cal.

Gero: islet in Uarai Bay, on s.w. side N. Cal.

Gia Islets; Nokanhui Islets.

Gie: islet off Isle of Pines; covered with "remarkable pine trees."  
Pine islet.

Goelands Island: near Garnault Shoal, between Noumea and Uen Id.

Gouh: wooded islet near shore, 7 1/2 mi. n.w. of Tchio, on s.e. coast N. Cal.

Goun: islet near Kinde Reef, s.e. N. Cal.

Governor King: = Ducos.

Grimoult: = Kiamu.

Harcourt group: consists of Agué and Karu, both covered with trees;  
north of Ugué Bay, on n.e. coast of N. Cal.



Hardy: = St. Ignace.

Hugon: islet 3 1/4 mi. long; in Uitoe Bay, s.w. side N. Cal.

Hunia: = Isle of Pines.

Huon: = North Huon.

Huon Group: n.w. of N. Cal.; consists of Fabre, Leleizour, North Huon, and Surprise, with a few small sand islets and rocks. They are "guano" islands (except N. Huon?), but have trees on them. They were opened up for guano work about 1877 (cf. Layard, Ibis, 1878, 265.

This region is subject to hurricanes from December to April.

Iange: islet on s.w. coast N. Cal., near Ndaru Reef.

Ich-Higen: islet of Port Puebo, n.e. coast N. Cal.

Ié: islet of Port Mué, s.w. side N. Cal.

Iehgabate: islet on n.e. coast N. Cal.

Iehhingen: islet on n.e. coast N. Cal.

Ienga: wooded islet near Port Yengen, on n.e. side N. Cal.

Ieroni: = Maître

Ile aux Canards: = Mando.

Ile Bouzet: = Ile Nou.

Ile Nou: convict station, near Noumea, N. Cal.  
Ile Bouzet.

Infernal: = Nokue.

Isie: islet with 2 "smoothly curved mounds", in St. Vincent Bay,  
s.w. side N. Cal.

Kae: = Kie.

Kamac: wooded islet in Infernet Passage, s.w. coast N. Cal.  
Table islet.

Kamak: islet near and w. of Magone, n.w. coast N. Cal.

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This region is subject to hurricanes from October to April.

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Karu: wooded islet of Harcourt group, n. from Ugué Bay, n.e. coast  
N. Cal.

Kendec: wooded islet with flat-topped hill at s. end, in Kumak Passage, n.w. coast N. Cal.

Kiama: islet in Muéo Bay, s.w. side N. Cal.  
Grimoult.

Kie: islet on s.e. reef of N. Cal.; covered with "remarkable pines."  
Kae.

Kinde: islet with "some trees on it", n. from Nemméne peninsula,  
s.e. coast N. Cal.

Kondogi: islet of Muendo Bay, s.w. side N. Cal.

Konduyo: wooded islet in Isie Passage, N. Cal.

Koniene: islet with two small peaks, in Kataviti Bay, n.w. side N. Cal.

Kuebuni: islet n. of Port Goro, s.e. side N. Cal.

Kunié: = Isle of Pines.

Kutomo: separated from Isle of Pines by a narrow channel.  
Lesser Isle of Pines.

Lapins: = Debrun.

Laregnère: = Nge.

Layrle: islet at n. side of St. Vincent Bay, s.w. side N. Cal.

Lebert: n.-most islet of Belep group.

Lebris: high (279) ft.) islet in Uarai Passage, s.w. side N. Cal.

Leleizour: 1300 x 650 yds; 12 ft. high; wooded (trees 20 ft. high);  
Middle Huon.

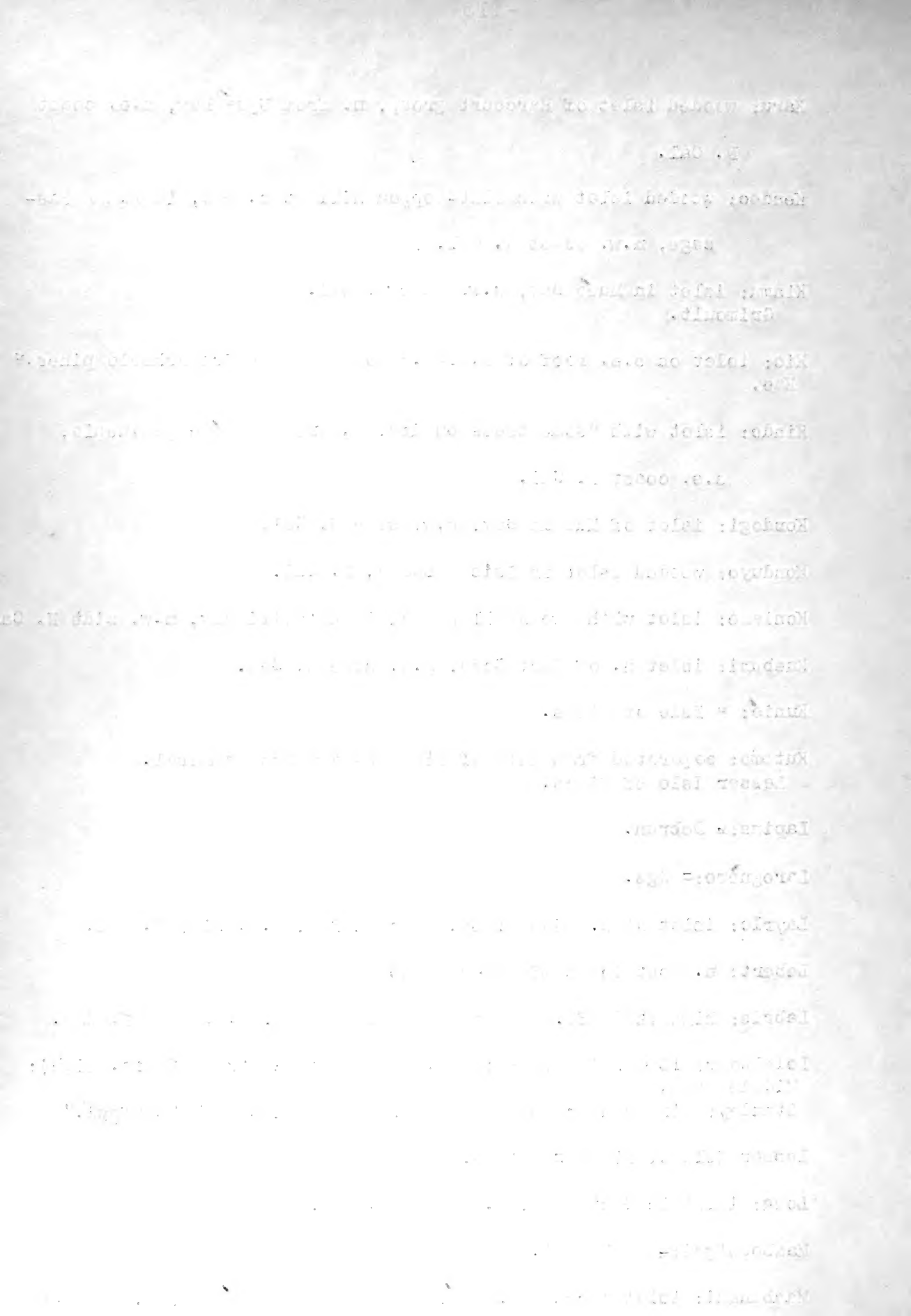
Stanley? in Huon Group; has guano, and abounds with "seafowl."

Lesser Isle of Pines: = Kutomo.

Long: islet in South Bay, s.w. side N. Cal.

Maaboun'ghi: = Maabunghi.

Maabunghi: islet close to Tanlé, at mouth of Tanlé Bay, n.w. coast  
Maaboun'ghi.  
N. Cal.



Magone: islet near and e. of Kamak islet, on n.w.coast N. Cal.

Maître: islet covered with trees, between Noumea and Uen Id., N. Cal.  
Ieroni.

Maméré: islet within N'Goë Reef, s.e. side N. Cal.

Mando: islet at S. end of N. Cal.  
Ile aux Canards.

Mara: islet in Muendo Bay, s.w. side N. Cal.

Marceau: islet in Arembo Bay, s.w. side N. Cal.

Maronu: sandy islets in Uailu Passage, N.e. side N. Cal.

Mathieu: = Matthew.

Mato: islet 5 mi. s. of Uen; high and conical.

Matthew: small; 465 ft. high; uninhab.; arid; a cone of volcanic formation; anchorage on w. side; "refuge for numerous sea fowl."

Matthew: islet in Uitoe Passage, s.w. side N. Cal.  
Mathieu.

Matthew: a basaltic cone, s.e. from N. Cal.

Mba: wooded islet in Uitoe Passage, s.w. side N. Cal.

Mbe: islet in Port Uitoe, s.w. side N. Cal.

Mboa: wooded islet (near Ndue and Te islets) in Uitoe Passage, s.w. side  
N. Cal.

Mbu: islet in Port Uitoe, s.w. side N. Cal.

Middle Huon: = Leleizour.

Montravel: 1 mile long; covered with "fir" trees; at w. entrance to Puen.

"Praslin", Prony Bay, N. Cal.

Moretiga: islet on the n.w. coast of Isle of Pines.

Moro: islet in Kuto Bay, Isle of Pines.

Mouac: islet in Banaré Bay, n.w. coast N. Cal.

Moulin: 18° 31' S., 160° 52' 14" E.

Nani: conical islet betw. Nékété and Lavaissiere Bays, s.e. coast N. Cal.



1. The first part of the report is a general statement of the situation.

2. The second part is a detailed account of the events that took place.

3. The third part is a summary of the findings of the investigation.

4. The fourth part is a list of the recommendations made by the committee.

5. The fifth part is a list of the names of the members of the committee.

6. The sixth part is a list of the names of the witnesses who gave evidence.

7. The seventh part is a list of the names of the persons who were interviewed.

8. The eighth part is a list of the names of the persons who were present at the inquiry.

9. The ninth part is a list of the names of the persons who were consulted.

10. The tenth part is a list of the names of the persons who were interviewed.

11. The eleventh part is a list of the names of the persons who were present at the inquiry.

12. The twelfth part is a list of the names of the persons who were consulted.

13. The thirteenth part is a list of the names of the persons who were interviewed.

14. The fourteenth part is a list of the names of the persons who were present at the inquiry.

15. The fifteenth part is a list of the names of the persons who were consulted.

16. The sixteenth part is a list of the names of the persons who were interviewed.

17. The seventeenth part is a list of the names of the persons who were present at the inquiry.

18. The eighteenth part is a list of the names of the persons who were consulted.

19. The nineteenth part is a list of the names of the persons who were interviewed.

20. The twentieth part is a list of the names of the persons who were present at the inquiry.

21. The twenty-first part is a list of the names of the persons who were consulted.

22. The twenty-second part is a list of the names of the persons who were interviewed.

23. The twenty-third part is a list of the names of the persons who were present at the inquiry.

Nau: on s.e. coast N. Cal., near Nea, at Kuabuni opening.

Nda: on the great reef s. of N. Cal.

N'dakue: islet in Port Uitoë, s.w. side N. Cal.

N'dukue.

Ndé: islet on passage from Noumea to Uen Id., s. end N. Cal.

Ndie: islet on Great South Reef of N. Cal.

N'digoro: wooded islet on outer reef in Isie Passage, on n.w. side N. Cal.

Ndue: islet near and s. of Ndaru Reef, s.w. N. Cal.

N'dukue: = N' dakue.

Néa: islet in Kuabuni opening, on s.e. coast N. Cal.

Néba: islet in Puné Passage, n.w. coast N. Cal.; has cocoanuts; inhab.

Nemu: islet 6 mi. n.w. of Kamak islet, and 2 1/2 mi. off shore; in Double.

Infernet Passage, on s.w. coast N. Cal.

Nendahandé: high islet (with two mounds), s. of Balabio, on n.e. coast N. Cal.

Nendiale: islet in Banaré Bay, on n.w. coast N. Cal.

Neni: low islet, covered with cocoanuts, near Cape Three Pines, n.w. N. Cal.

Nenon: 1 1/2 mi. long, in Port Bouquet, e. coast N. Cal. There is a Nénou.

Nenu. "Wooded Rock" west of Nenon, but near it.

Nénou: = Nenon.

Nenu: = Nenon.

New Caledonia: 216 x 30 miles; east coast mountainous and "remarkably desolate", the sides usually covered with scrub and ferns; 2 parallel ranges of mountains, 2500-3600 feet high; Mt. Douit is 5570 ft. high. A steamer monthly leaves Noumea for the Loyalty Ids. and New Hebrides. In s.e. part, near Mt. Kundi and Mt. Den, the summits of the hills are crowned by a "vast bed of ferruginous

1. On the 1st of July, 1911, the first of the series of observations was made.

2. On the 2nd of July, 1911, the second of the series of observations was made.

3. On the 3rd of July, 1911, the third of the series of observations was made.

4. On the 4th of July, 1911, the fourth of the series of observations was made.

5. On the 5th of July, 1911, the fifth of the series of observations was made.

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12. On the 12th of July, 1911, the twelfth of the series of observations was made.

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14. On the 14th of July, 1911, the fourteenth of the series of observations was made.

15. On the 15th of July, 1911, the fifteenth of the series of observations was made.

16. On the 16th of July, 1911, the sixteenth of the series of observations was made.

17. On the 17th of July, 1911, the seventeenth of the series of observations was made.

18. On the 18th of July, 1911, the eighteenth of the series of observations was made.

19. On the 19th of July, 1911, the nineteenth of the series of observations was made.

20. On the 20th of July, 1911, the twentieth of the series of observations was made.

21. On the 21st of July, 1911, the twenty-first of the series of observations was made.

22. On the 22nd of July, 1911, the twenty-second of the series of observations was made.

23. On the 23rd of July, 1911, the twenty-third of the series of observations was made.

24. On the 24th of July, 1911, the twenty-fourth of the series of observations was made.

25. On the 25th of July, 1911, the twenty-fifth of the series of observations was made.

sand --which it is unsafe to traverse."

Ngé: islet with little vegetation, near Dumbea Passage, at s.end N. Cal.  
Laregnère.

Ngea: islet in Bulari Bay, N. Cal.

Nié: islet in Dumbea Bay, n. of Ducos Peninsula, on s.w. side N. Cal.

Niéane: a high bare rock, betw. North Daos and Art ids., in Belep group.

Nileouti: = Nileuti.

Nileuti: islet in Tchio Passage, on s.e. coast N. Cal.; low; wooded; and  
Nileouti.

the only wooded islet on the "reef in this part."

Nindio islet, on n.e. side N. Cal.

Nogahanghe: rocky islet, near Paâbâ id., on n.w. coast N. Cal.

Nokanhui islets; three islets (Ami, Ana, and one other), covered with  
Gia.

Southeast. bushes; off s.e.end of Isle of Pines.

Nokue: islet in Kuto Bay, Isle of Pines.  
Infernal.

North Huon: over 1/2 mi. long; middle part covered with trees, but each  
end is sandy (n. end has also a mass of rocks); one of the  
Huon group; abounds in "sea birds."

Nou;= Dubouzet.

Nouim'boua: = Nuimbua.

Nu: = Dubouzet.

Nuare: low, wooded islet on Great South Reef of N. Cal., 3 1/2 mi. s.  
of Kie.

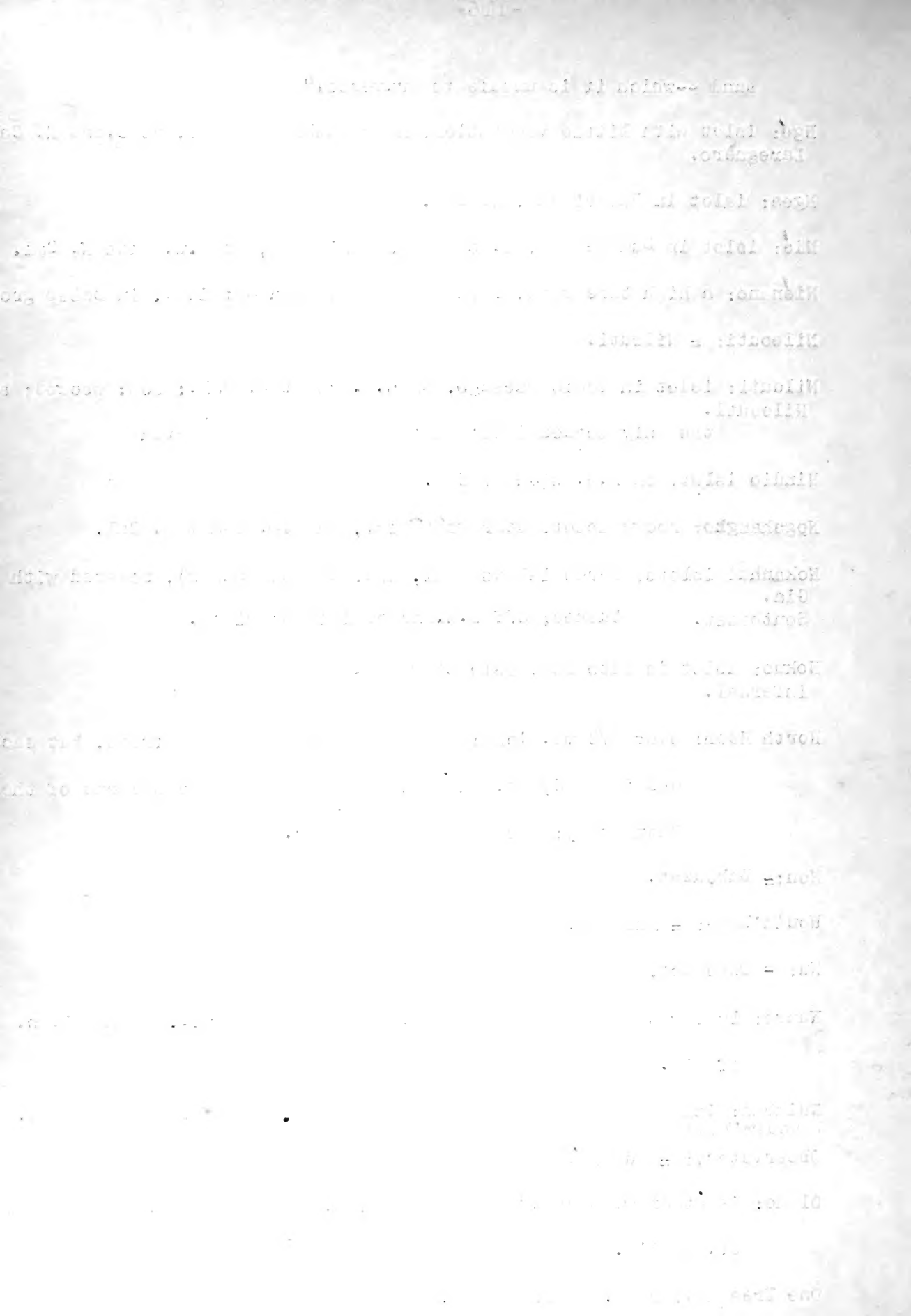
Nuimbua: islet in Tupeti Passage, on s.e. coast N. Cal.; low, wooded.  
Nouim'boua

Observatory: = Puduie'.

Olane: islet on w. part of Balabio Reef, n.e. side N. Cal.; united with  
St. Phalle.

One Tree Id.: on e. coast N. Cal.

Ongombua: islet on n.e. coast N. Cal.; of about 2 acres, covered with  
coarse grass



Paâbâ: 5 miles long; on n.w. coast N. Cal.; 6 mi. e. of Tandé; inhab.  
by Neneena tribe.

Paaio: islet in Banaré Bay, n.w. coast N. Cal.

Pam: islet with several hills, in Harcourt Bay, n.w. coast N. Cal.

Paon Id.: near or in Balade Passage.

Parseval: islet with hills, at entrance to Port St. Vincent, N. Cal.

Pine: low sand islet, covered with shrubs, on reef off Cape Baye,  
e. side N. Cal.

Pine Islet: = Gie.

Pines (Isle of ): s.e. of N. Cal.; 11 1/2 mi. long, mostly low and  
Hunia.  
Kunie. level, except one wooded peak (Nga) 880 ft. high,  
Spruce Trees. on s.w. side; thick growth of bushes near shore;  
inhab.; was convict establishment up to 1890. Is-  
lets are: Alcemené, Bayonnaise, Du ami, Du ana, Duroc,  
Gie, Kutomo, Moretiga, Moro, Nokue, Ualomo.

Pionne: islet of Banaré Bay, on n.w. coast N. Cal.

Porcupine: islet at base of Mont d' Or, at and close to s. end of N. Cal.;  
300 ft. high at n.e. part; rocky; covered with "fir" trees;  
connected by an isthmus of sand with mainland except at high  
tide.

Porondu: islet on s.w. coast N. Cal.; low; wooded.  
Contrariété.  
Contrariétés.

Pott: 4 mi. long; one of Belep Group.

Prédour (Le): rugged islet off St. Vincent Bay, s.w. side N. Cal.  
Colonel Paterson.

Prince of Wales Foreland (of Cook): = Uen.

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Pudiue':

or : low islet "formerly covered with bushes, but is now bare",  
Pudiue':

off n.e. coast of N. Cal.

Observatory.

Puen:= Montravel.

Quernel: islet on s.w. side N. Cal.

Redika: wooded islet in Mato Passage, off s.e. side N. Cal.

Ronhua: islet in Port Uitoe, on s.w. side N. Cal.

Sand: islet in Port Goro, s. end N. Cal.

Sand: = Dao Balayet.

Sandy: one of Belep Group.

Senez:= Te Ndu.

Siande': wooded islet at entrance to Port Burai, s.w. side N. Cal.

Sinde': small islet within N'Goë Reef, on s.e. side N. Cal.

Southeast Islets:= Nokanhui Islets.

South Huon:= Fabre.

Spruce Trees: = Isle of Pines.

Stanley: = Leleizour?

St. Ignace: islet of clay, covered with mangroves, with a few cocoa-  
Hardy.

nuts in one part; in Ugue' Bay, n.e. coast N. Cal.

St. Phalle: id. in Arembo Bay, s.w. side N. Cal.

St. Phalle: islet covered with bushes, on w. part of Balabio Reef,  
N. Cal. Joined to Olane Islet by strip of sand.

Surprise: 2 x 1 mi.; 6-7 ft. high; few trees and little grass; guano  
works have been established here; in Huon Group.

Taabame: islet "formed by a mass of sand", on which are some mangroves  
and other bushes; on Taabame Reef, on n.e. coast N. Cal.



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Observations:

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Taanlai:

islets near Paaba, n.w. coast N. Cal. Taanlai has a hill, and

Taanlo:

Taanlo is entirely covered with cocoanuts.

Table Islet: = Kâmac.

Taemo: = Toemo.

Tahanlagh: high islet off n. end of Balabio.

Tandé: 1070 ft. high;  $20^{\circ} 05' S.$ ,  $163^{\circ} 46' E.$

Tangadio: islet near Magone Islet, on n.w. coast N. Cal.

Tanlé: islet "of a dark color" at mouth of Tanlé Bay, on n.w. side  
N. Cal.

Taretî: a sandy id. 4 or 5 ft. high, near Noumea, N. Cal.

Te: islet on reef with Ndue, near and s. of Ndaru Reef, s.w. N. Cal.

Temaghie: islet near Paâbâ id., n.w. N. Cal.

Te Ndu: 1 mi. long; sand, covered with trees; s.w. side N. Cal.; encloses  
Senez.

Port Laguerre on west.

Tenia: wooded, sandy islet on n. side St. Vincent Passage; s.w. side  
N. Cal.

Teremba: islet in or near Uarai Bay, s.w. N. Cal.

Testard: 2 islets (one is bushy) on s.w. side N. Cal.

Three Sisters Rocks: s.-most of the Belep Group.

Ti-a: islet near Paâbâ, at n. end of N. Cal.

Tiae: islet at entrance to Tanlé Bay, n.w. coast N. Cal.

Tidiaut: 2 islets, one with "fir" trees at s.e. end, and covered with  
Tidiaut.

bushes; the other sandy; off Cape Baye, on n.e. coast N. Cal.

Tidiaut: = Tidiaut.

Tienghiene: islet at mouth of Nehue Bay, on n.w. coast N. Cal.

Tioae: islets in Tioae Bay, near Noumea, N. Cal.

Tiou: islet near Paâbâ.

Toemo: small low islet in Port Goro, at s. end N. Cal.; has trees on it.  
Taemo.



Toveru: islet "with trees on it", on w. side Duru Bay, n.e. coast N. Cal.

Trio: islets on e. side Hugon Id., s.w. coast N. Cal.

Tu-aye: wooded islet with hillock at w. end, in Banaré Bay, n.w. coast  
N. Cal.

Tupete: id. 1132 ft. high; wooded, and has "fir" trees on e. slope at  
Tupeti.  
least; on s. coast N. Cal.

Tupeti: = Tupete.

Ualomo: islet of Ugo Bay, Isle of Pines.

Uanne: islet with trees on it, in Gazelle Passage, n.w. coast N. Cal.

Uao: islet in Tuo Bay, n.e. coast N. Cal.

Uemie: small wooded islet within N'Goë Reef, s.e. coast N. Cal.

Uen: 4 1/2 mi. long; 860 ft. high and rugged; sterile, except in a few  
spots; off s.w. point of N. Cal.

Prince of Wales Foreland.

Ugo: small islet off Cape Ndua, N. Cal.

Vao: islet of N. Cal.

Vua: islet in Mato Passage, on Great South Reef, N. Cal.

Waima: = Uen.

Woody: islet in Arembo Bay, s.w. side N. Cal.

Yaba: islet in Banaré Bay, n.w. coast N. Cal.

Yandé: arid summit 1070 ft. high; near n. end; well cultivated; inhab.;  
especially on w. side; 6 mi. w. of Paâbâ; numerous coconut plan-  
tations on id.

Yenghiebane: = Yengiébane.

Yengiébane: islet with 2 or more hills on it, near Paâbâ, on n.w. coast  
Yenghiebane.  
of N. Cal.

Yenoé: islet in Banaré Bay, on n.w. coast N. Cal.

Yeue: islet in Banaré Bay, n.w. coast. N. Cal.

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16. New Caledonia and islets. Birds.

"Sparrows and "Merles des iles Philippines" have been introduced into New Caledonia, as well as "Pheasants" and other birds (Layard, Ibis, 1877, 359).

Phasianidae.

Gallus gallus, subspecies.

Megapodidae.

?Megapodius? andersoni Gray. (Type locality, "New Caledonia.")

Based on the manuscript of Dr. Anderson, who accompanied Cook on his 3rd voyage. Anderson's MS description is "fusca nigraque; pedibus nudis", and is noted under a name "Tetrao australis," which caused Gray to think it must refer to some form of megapode, though no member of this family has been recorded from New Caledonia.

Turnicidae.

Turnix novae caledoniae O.-Grant. (t.l., New Caledonia.)

Verreaux; Layard; Sarasin. (Usually cited as T. varia, and said to have been introduced from Australia, but George Forster writes (Sept. 6, 1774) "we thought we observed quails among the tall dry grasses this day, but could not be certain," so it may be a native. Sarasin records it as Turnix varia novaecaledoniae.)

Treronidae.

Forster (Sept. 29, 1774) says he saw "several large beautiful pigeons, which we could not shoot"; this was on Botany Id.

Ptilinopus greyi greyi Gray. (t.l., Isle of Pines and Loyalty Ids.)

N. Cal.: Layard; Sarasin, etc.

Isle of Pines: Macgillivray; Layard.

P. porphyraceus clementinae recorded uncertainly from N. Cal. by Schalow, is suspected by Wigglesworth (p. 50) to be the immature of greyi.

Drepanoptila holosericea (Temminck). (t.l., N. Cal. or Isle of Pines.)

N. Cal.: Verreaux; Sarasin; Layard; etc.

Isle of Pines: Macgillivray; Deplanche.

Globicera pacifica sundevalli Bonaparte. (t.l., Tongatabu and Wallis Id.)

N. Cal.: Jouan; Layard.

Salvadori (B.M. Cat.) is not certain this is pacifica, and Brasil recognizes it as a subspecies sundevalli.



*Phaenorrhina goliath* (Gray). (t.l., Isle of Pines.)

N. Cal.: Verreaux; Layard; Sarasin, etc.  
Isle of Pines: Jouan, etc.

Columbidae.

*Janthoenas h. hypoenochroa* (Gould). (t.l., Isle of Pines.)

N. Cal.: Macgillivray; Verreaux; Deplanche; Layard; Sarasin.  
Isle of Pines: Macgillivray.

Peristeridae.

*Chalcophaps chrysochlora disjuncta* Brasil. (t.l., N. Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Jouan; Verreaux; Layard; Sarasin, etc.  
Isle of Pines: Layard (heard it was common here).

*Gallicolumba?* species.

Sclater (Ibis, 1859, 327), referring to the Samoan and Tuamotu species, writes: "We have recently seen specimens of a closely-allied species from New Caledonia." Apparently not otherwise "recorded."

Rallidae.

*Hypotaenidia philippensis swindellsii* (Mathews). (t.l., New Caledonia.)

- N. Cal.: Verreaux; Deplanche; Layard; Sarasin.  
Huon Ids.: Layard.  
Huon and Surprise Ids.: Montrouzier.

*Tricholimnas lafresnayanus* (Verreaux & DesMurs). (t.l., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Verreaux; Deplanche; Layard; Sarasin.

*Porzana tabuensis caledonica* Brasil. (t.l., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Verreaux; Layard; Sarasin.

*Poliolimnas cinereus ingrami* Brasil. (t.l., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Verreaux; Layard; Sarasin.

*Porphyrio calvus caledonicus* Sarasin. (t.l., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Verreaux; Layard; Sarasin.

Rhynochetidae. (The Kagu.)

*Rhynochetos jubatus* Verreaux & Des Murs. (t.l., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Jouan; Verreaux; Deplanche; Layard; Sarasin, etc.  
Said to occur up to about 5000 ft. on Mt. Humboldt and elsewhere.





Colymbidae. Grebes.

*Colymbus novae hollandiae*, subspecies.

N. Cal.: Jouan; Layard; Sarasin, etc.

Puffinidae.

?*Halobaena coerulea*

Recorded by Layard.

?*Pterodroma incerta* (Schlegel).

N. Cal.: a downy young in Museum at Leyden, said to have come from New Caledonia, and received from Verreaux, has been identified as this species, but may be something else (see below, under *P. rostrata trouessarti*.)

*Pterodroma rostrata trouessarti* Brasil. (t.l., N. Cal.)

N. Cal.: Verreaux; Layard; Sarasin (2 females and a yg. from Canala, March 7).

Layard (Ibis, 1882, 538) writes that this "is the common Petrel of the adjoining seas, breeding on the small rocky islands, and, we believe, also (from what we have heard) on the mountains in the interior. We have received the young birds in several stages of plumage from a small island off the larger island of "Ueu", which is separated from the main island by the celebrated Wodin passage, and forms the southernmost end of New Caledonia. On the 11th of April, 1877, Père Montrouzier sent us nine very young birds in the downy stage," The Layards also got from him a half-fledged young one on Sept. 20.

[*Pterodroma heraldica* (Salvin). Is from the Chesterfield Islands (19° 59' - 19° 37' S., 158° 30' - 158° 13' E.), a group several hundred miles w.by n. of New Caledonia, and not included in the present list of Polynesian birds.]

*Pterodroma mollis* (Gould). (t.l., South Atlantic, 20° - 40° S.)

N. Cal.: Layard (Ibis, 1882, 539) says "Breeds in great numbers about the summit of Mont Mou, in burrows. The birds and eggs were obtained by Mr. Atkinson on 10th February, 1882." Mathews says Layard did not get adults, and identity is uncertain.

*Priofinus cinereus* (Gmelin). (t.l., Mathews designates Kerguelen Id.)

Open sea, off N. Cal.: Layard. Mathews says there are forms of this species, but he can not make them out, as the available material is sea-killed, and not from the breeding grounds.

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*Puffinus gavia* (Forster). (t.l., Queen Charlotte Sound, N.Z.)

N. Cal.: recorded by Gray, but Godman says he does not know upon what authority.

*Puffinus tenuirostris* (Temminck). (T.l., Japanese seas.)

N. Cal. (seas?): Layard records it from waters of Neketti Bay, on the east side of N. Cal., from a specimen brought to him alive (Ibis, 1882, 539). He calls it P. brevicaudus.

#### Hydrobatidae.

*Oceanites oceanicus* (Kuhl). (t.l., South Atlantic.)

N. Cal.: Layard; recorded from Havanica Pass, east side of N. Cal. Layard says (Ibis, 1882, 539) "we have seen other small Petrels off the coasts of the island which we have not procured, though we think we have rightly identified them,\*\*\*"

#### Laridae.

*Bruchigavia novae hollandiae forsteri* Mathews. (t.l., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Verreaux; Jouan; Macgillivray; Layard.

?Botany Id.: Forster. (Forster described it from a "parvula insula ad orientam Novae Caledoniae sita, gregaria," which may refer to Botany Id.)

?*Larus*, species.

Marie is said to have obtained another species of gull in New Caledonia (see Wigglesworth, *Aves Polynesiæ*, p.79), but the species and the record appear to be uncertain.

#### Sternidae.

(Montrouzier mentions terns of two or more species, names not mentioned, as occurring on Huon and Surprise Islands.)

*Gygis* (or *Leucanous*) *alba*, subspecies.

N. Cal.: Wigglesworth records this as obtained by Deplanche, but Brasil does not include it in his report on birds collected by Deplanche and Jouan.

*Megalopterus minutus minutus* (Boie). (t.l., Australia.)

N. Cal.: Jouan; Marie.

*Anous stolidus*, subspecies.

N. Cal.: Gray (records it); Jouan. Wigglesworth cites Jouan, but Brasil does not include this among the species collected by Jouan and Deplanche.



*Sterna dougalli gracilis* Gould. (t.l., west Australia.)

N. Cal.: Macgillivray; Deplanche; Layard, etc.

Amédée islet: Layard. Layard says (Ibis, 1882, 540) it "breeds some years in thousands on the sandbanks in the encircling reef near the Amédée island lighthouse." Eggs found Jan. 1.

*Sterna* (or *Gygisterna*) *s. sumatrana* Raffles. (t.l., Sumatra.)

N. Cal.: Deplanche; Layard.

*Sternula nereis exsul* Mathews. (t.l., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Layard ("breeds on the islands off Anseвата."). Eggs found Sept. 3 and Nov. 3. Layard refers to this bird as *S. placens*, Wigglesworth as *S. sinensis*, and Saunders (who had the specimens before him) as *S. nereis*. Mathews has since named the N. Cal. form as *exsul*.

*Thalasseus bergii rectirostris* (Peale). (t.l., Fiji Islands.)

N. Cal.: Marie; Layard. Brasil identifies the Loyalty Ids. bird as *T. poliocerous* (Gould), but both probably belong under *rectirostris*.

*Onychoprion fuscatus* (Linnaeus). (t.l., Santo Domingo, W. I.)

N. Cal.: Layard.

Belep Ids.: Forster. On Sept. 16, 1774, Forster collected the types of *Sterna serrata* Wagler (= *fuscatus*) in the vicinity of the Belep Ids.

#### Oedicnemidae.

*Orthorhamphus m. magnirostris* (Vieillot). (t.l., Timor.)

N. Cal.: Deplanche; Marie; Layard; Sarasin.

Huon Ids.: Layard ("common").

#### Scolopacidae.

*Phaeopus phaeopus variegatus* (Scopoli). (t.l., Luzon, P.I.)

N. Cal.: Marie; Deplanche; Layard; Sarasin.

*Vetola lapponica baueri* (Naumann). (t.l., Australia.)

N. Cal.: Layard; Sarasin.

*Heteroscelus incanus* (Gmelin). (t.l., Elmeo and Palmerston Ids.)

N. Cal.: Verreaux; Layard; Sarasin.

*Pisobia acuminata* (Horsfield). (t.l., Java.)

N. Cal.: Marie.



Aphrizidae.

*Arenaria interpres oahuensis* (Bloxham). (t.l., Hawaiian Ids.)

N. Cal.: Gray (recorded); Layard; Sarasin.

Charadriidae.

*Pluvialis dominicus fulvus* (Gmelin). (t.l., Tahiti.)

N. Cal.: Forster; Layard; Sarasin, etc.

Ardeidae.

*Botaurus poiciloptilus* (Wagler), or subspecies. (t.l., Australia.)

N. Cal.: Layard; Sarasin.

*Nycticorax c. caledonicus* (Gmelin). (t.l., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Forster; Deplanche; Jouan; Layard; Sarasin.

*Notophox novae hollandiae* (Latham). (t.l., New South Wales.)

N. Cal.: Verreaux; Layard.

*Demigretta sacra albolineata* (Gray). (t.l., Isle of Pines.)

N. Cal.: Verreaux; Layard; Sarasin.

Isle of Pines: Macgillivray.

*Demigretta greyi brevipes* (Verreaux & Des Murs). (t.l., New Caledonia)

N. Cal.: Verreaux.

*Butorides javanica stagnatilis* (Gould). (t.l., Australia.)

N. Cal.: 'Novara' exped.; Layard.

Anatidae.

*Dendrocygna javanica* (Horsfield). (t.l., Java.) (arcuata of authors.)

N. Cal.: Verreaux; Layard; Sarasin.

*Anas s. superciliosa* Gmelin. (t.l., New Zealand.)

N. Cal.: Jouan; Verreaux; Layard; Sarasin.

*Nettion gibberifrons* (S. Müller). (t.l., Celebes.)

N. Cal.: Deplanche; Verreaux; Layard; Sarasin.

?*Nettion castaneum* (Eyton). (t.l., Australia.)

?N. Cal.: recorded with a query by Salvadori (Brit. Mus. Cat., xxvii, p. 254).





*Spatula rhynchotis* (Latham). (t.l., Australia.)

N. Cal.: Marie; Layard; Sarasin.

*Nyroca australis* Eyton. (t.l., Australia.)

N. Cal.: Marie; Layard; Sarasin.

"*Casarca variegata*?" (Gmelin). (t.l., New Zealand.)

N. Cal.: Layard (a bird which he guesses to be this species was described to him as occurring at Cap Goulain, at the n. end of N. Cal.)

Phaethontidae.

*Phaethon* "candidus" (of Wigglesworth's list).

N. Cal.: Verreaux, etc.

Huon and Surprise Ids.: Montrouzier.

*Phaethon aethereus* Linnaeus. (t.l., Ascension Id.)

N. Cal.: Gray records it.

*Phaethon rubricaudus* Boddaert. (t.l., Mauritius.)

N. Cal.: Jouan; Layard.

Huon Ids.: Montrouzier; Layard (breeds commonly).

Surprise Ids.: Montrouzier; Layard (breeds commonly).

Sulidae.

*Sula piscator* (Linnaeus). (t.l., Java seas.)

N. Cal.: Jouan; Layard. (Wigglesworth cites Jouan as having obtained this species on New Caledonia, but Brasil records only the following species in his list of birds collected by Deplanche and Jouan.)

*Sula leucogaster plotus* (Forster). (t.l., near New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Forster, Jouan; Verreaux, etc.

Huon Ids.: Layard.

Surprise Ids.: Layard.

Phalacrocoracidae.

*Mesocarbo ater ater* (Lesson). (t.l., west Australia.)

N. Cal.: Deplanche. (Wigglesworth records only one species, under the name Microcarbo melanoleucus; Ogilvie-Grant records only Phalacrocorax sulcirostris (Brandt); Brasil records only Mesocarbo ater; possibly all these records pertain to one species. Layard did not meet with cormorants, but says one was described to him as occurring at Cap Goulain, at the north end of the island (see Ibis, 1882, 542).

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Fregatidae.

*Fregata* "aquila" or *F. minor palmerstoni* (Gmelin). (t.l., Palmerston Id.

N. Cal.:

Huon Ids.: Layard. : Layard says it breeds on these ids.

Surprise Ids.: Layard.:

*Fregata* "minor" or *F. ariel*, subspecies. (the smaller form of these id

N. Cal.:

Huon and Surprise Ids.: Montrouzier.

(*Tachypetes chambeyroni* Montrouzier, described from the Huon and Surprise Islands, is tentatively synonymized with the first species by Mathews, until a series from the type locality is examined.)

Buteonidae.

Layard says (Ibis, 1882, 542) a hawk with a "dark-blue back and white underparts spotted with red" was described to him as seen near Cap Gouoain, at the north end of New Caledonia. He did not venture a name for it.

*Urospiza haplochroa* (Sclater). (t.l., Nu Id., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Verreaux; Deplanche; Sarasin; Layard.

Nu Id.: Macgillivray.

Layard found it very rare, and had received only 4 specimens from all sources, up to 1880.

*Urospiza f. fasciata=insularis* (Sarasin). (t.l., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Verreaux; Deplanche; Layard; Sarasin. (Accipiter or Astur or Urospiza torquata has been referred to New Caledonia, but the references seem all to relate to the preceding species.)

*Circus approximans wolfei* Gurney. (t.l., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Verreaux; Layard; Sarasin, etc.

*Haliastur sphenurus johannae* Brasil. (t.l., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Verreaux; Deplanche; Layard; Sarasin. (A month after Brasil described this form, Mathews named it H. s sarasini.)

:*Cuncuma leucogaster* was recorded from Botany Island by Latham, but Brasil (Austral Avian Record, III, No. 5, has shown this record belong unquestionably to Pandion. Mathews, Birds Australia, V, 1916, 135, suggests that the bird may be right but the locality wrong--Botany Bay, N.S.W., instead of Botany Id.:



Falconidae.

*Falco peregrinus* Tunstall, or subspecies. (sometimes called melanogenys.)

N. Cal.: Layard; Sarasin.

Pandionidae.

*Pandion haliaetus microhaliaetus* Brasil. (t.l., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Deplanche; Layard; Sarasin.

Botany Id.: Forster.

Loriidae.

*Trichoglossus haematodus deplanchei* Verreaux & Des Murs.

N. Cal.: Deplanche; Verreaux; Sarasin; Layard. (Layard, refers to it under the name Trichoglossus massenae, and says it is the "commonest of all our species of this family.")

*Glossopsitta? diadema* (Verreaux & Des Murs). (t.l., N. Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Verreaux. (Salvadori says the type, a female, is the only one known; he thinks it may belong to the genus Hypocharmosyna. Layard says it is an inhabitant of the forest regions, and is known to friends of his, but he and his son had not found it.)

Psittacidae.

(Layard says a small parrot was described to him as occurring at Cap Goulain, at the n. end of N. Cal.)

*Cyanorhamphus saisseti* Verreaux & Des Murs. (t.l., N. Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Verreaux; Deplanche; Layard; Sarasin.

*Nymphicus cornutus* (Gmelin). (t.l., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Forster; Jouan; Deplanche; Layard; Sarasin? (G. Forster (Sept. 11, 1774) says they obtained "a beautiful species of parrot, which was entirely new to zoologists", and J. R. Forster (1844) described the bird as Psittacus bisetis. Jouan and Deplanche secured 4 specimens.)

?Ecolectus pectoralis.

N. Cal.: Marie. (This record appears to be very doubtful.)

Polioptila

Polioptila caerulea (Linn.)  
Polioptila caerulea (Linn.)

M. Gail: Polioptila caerulea (Linn.)

Polioptila

Polioptila caerulea (Linn.)

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M. Gail: Polioptila caerulea (Linn.)

Cuculidae.

- *Urodynamis t. taitensis* (Sparrman). (t.l., not mentioned.)

N. Cal.: Verreaux; Sarasin, Layard, etc.

*Cacomantis cineraceus pyrrhophanus* (Vieillot). (t.l., No Cal.)

N. Cal.: Layard; Sarasin.

Nu Id.: Macgillivray. (Gray named it *bronzinus*, from Nu Id.)

*Lamprococcyx lucidus layardi* (Mathews). (t.l., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Verreaux; Deplanche; Layard; Sarasin. (mathews names this for the New Caledonia bird previously referred to lucidus or plagosus.)

Tytonidae.

*Tyto alba lulu* (Peale). (t.l., Fijis and Samoa.)

N. Cal.: Verreaux; Jouan; Layard; Sarasin.

*Tyto longimembris* (Jerdon). (t.l., India.)

N. Cal.: Marie; Layard. (So identified by Mathews, who says he has seen in Brit. Mus. a specimen from N. Cal. labelled "*Strix novaehollandiae*". Records of the last named from N. Cal. probably belong under longimembris.)

Podargidae.

*Aegotheles savesi* Layard. (t.l., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Layard. (Appears to be still only known from the type, a bird that flew into the window of M. Saves, at night.)

Micropodidae.

?*Hirundapus caudacutus* (Latham).

N. Cal.: Layard. (A friend of Layard's described birds to him as seen at Pacu, at the n. end of N. Cal., which he says "we have come to the conclusion that the birds seen, from their color, shape, and size, must have been Chaetura caudacuta, the large Australian Spiny-tailed Swift".)

*Collocalis leucopygia* Wallace. (t.l., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Verreaux; Layard; Sarasin.

*Collocalia agnota* Oberholser. (t.l., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Verreaux; (Wallace); Layard; Jouan.





*Collocalia uropygialis* Gray. (t.l., New Hebrides.)

N. Cal.: Jouan; Layard; Sarasin. (Layard found it breeding, Nov. 15, with eggs and young, at Yahoue.)

*Collocalia fuciphiga* "typica".

N. Cal.: (is listed by Sarasin, but he gives no recent records, and is probably synonymous with one of the preceding.)

Alcedinidae.

*Sauropatis sancta canacorum* Brasil. (t.l., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Jouan; Verreaux; Layard; Sarasin.

Nu Id.: Macgillivray.

Isle of Pines: Macgillivray.

*Sauropatis juliae* (Heine). (t.l., New Hebrides.)

N. Cal.: Layard (says he has received this species from N. Cal.)

Hirundinidae.

*Hirundo tahitica* Gmelin. (t.l., Tahiti.)

N. Cal.: Layard.

Muscicapidae.

*Pseudogerygone f. flavolateralis* (Gray). (t.l., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Macgillivray; Layard; Sarasin.

Botany Id.; Forster. (Brasil says it has not been found on Botany Id. since Forster's time.)

*Myiagra perspicillata* Gray. (t.l., Nu Id., N. Cal.)

N. Cal.: Macgillivray?; Jouan; Layard.

*Myiagra c. caledonica* Bonaparte. (t.l., N. Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Brenchley; Layard; Sarasin; (Wiglesworth says Layard and Tristram have confused the synonymy of these two Myiagras in their works.)

*Rhipidura verreauxi* Marie. (t.l., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Marie; Jouan; Layard; Sarasin.

*Rhipidura bulgeri* Layard. (t.l., Ansevate, N. Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Verreaux; Layard; Sarasin.

Continued from page 10

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Campephagidae.

*Artamidea caledonicus* (Gmelin). (t.l., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Forster; Jouan; Sarasin; Layard, etc. ("Common in timbered country", according to Layard.)

*Edolisoma anale* (Verreaux & Des Murs). (t.l., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Verreaux; Deplanche; Layard; Sarasin. (Layard says common in high trees in the mountains of the interior.)

*Diaphoropterus m. montrosieri* (Verreaux & Des Murs). (t.l., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Forster; Jouan; Layard; Sarasin, etc. (Layard says very common and generally conspicuous. This is the Symmorphus naevius of earlier authors.)

Turdidae.

*Turdus* (or *Planesticus*) *x. xanthopus* Forster. (t.l. N. Cal.)

N. Cal.: Forster; Deplanche; Layard; Sarasin, etc. (Layard says "commonly distributed all over the island, but is very wary and shy.")

Sylviidae.

*Megalurulus mariae* Verreaux. (t.l., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Marie; Layard; Sarasin. (Layard found it in tall grass and tangled herbage on edge of forests, and says it is difficult to flush.)

Artamidae.

*Artamus leucorhynchus melaleucus* (Wagler). (t.l., N. Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Forster; Jouan; Layard; Sarasin, etc.

Isle of Pines: Macgillivray.

Nu: Macgillivray.

(Artamus arnouxii Bonaparte, Comptes Rendus, xxxviii, 1854, 538. Brought with another species from New Caledonia, by Dr. Arnoux, but it is not known that this species came from that island. Not since recognized?? The original description is: "La seconde [his first was A. berardi, a synonym of the preceding species] est entièrement grise: ce sera Artamus arnouxii, du nom de ce chirurgien-major distingué." If not from New Caledonia, it may have come from some other island of Polynesia.)

Geographical

Antarctic Peninsula (Graham) (1911-12; 1913-14)

H. Gail: (1911-12; 1913-14) (1911-12; 1913-14) (1911-12; 1913-14)

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H. Gail: (1911-12; 1913-14) (1911-12; 1913-14) (1911-12; 1913-14)

Physical

Antarctic Peninsula (Graham) (1911-12; 1913-14)

H. Gail: (1911-12; 1913-14) (1911-12; 1913-14) (1911-12; 1913-14)

Biological

Antarctic Peninsula (Graham) (1911-12; 1913-14)

H. Gail: (1911-12; 1913-14) (1911-12; 1913-14) (1911-12; 1913-14)

Atmospheric

Antarctic Peninsula (Graham) (1911-12; 1913-14)

H. Gail: (1911-12; 1913-14) (1911-12; 1913-14) (1911-12; 1913-14)

H. Gail: (1911-12; 1913-14) (1911-12; 1913-14) (1911-12; 1913-14)

"Prionopidae", or Laniidae.

*Clytorhynchus pachycephaloides* Elliot. (t.l., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Layard; Sarasin, etc. (Type in Am. Mus. N. H.)  
Wiglesworth includes it in the genus Myiolestes, following Layard (Ibis, 1882, 518). The latter found it rare, but got two specimens, and later his son got others. Tristram (adding a note to Layard's account) says "I am quite satisfied that the genus Clytorhynchus cannot stand. The bird is in every respect a typical Myiolestes; and its peculiarities in the shape and twist of the bill are exceeded by those of the Fijian M. nigrogularis and M. macrorhynchus." Sharpe recognizes Clytorhynchus in his Hand-List.)

*Pachycephala xanthetreae* (Forster). (t.l., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Forster; Jouan; Deplanche; Layard; Sarasin.  
Nu Id.: Layard.

*Pachycephala morariensis* Verreaux & Des Murs. (t.l., New Cal.)

N. Cal.: Forster; Deplanche; Verreaux; Layard; Sarasin.  
Isle of Pines: Macgillivray. (The supposed Eopsaltria caledonica is the female of this species (Ibis, 1899, 443).)

*Eopsaltria flavigastra* Verreaux & Des Murs. (t.l., New Cal.)

N. Cal.: Jouan; Deplanche; Layard; Sarasin.  
Isle of Pines: Macgillivray.

Zosteropidae.

*Zosterops lateralis griseonota* Gray. (t.l., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Macgillivray; Layard; Sarasin. (The Z. westernensis from N. Caledonia is the above.)

*Zosterops xanthochroa* Gray. (t.l., Nu Id., near N. Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Jouan; Macgillivray; Layard; Sarasin.  
Isle of Pines: Macgillivray.  
Nu Id.: (Macgillivray?).

Meliphagidae.

*Leptomyza aubryana* (Verreaux & Des Murs). (t.l., N. Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Verreaux; Jouan; Layard; Sarasin.

*Philemon diemenensis* (Lesson). (t.l., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Verreaux; Jouan; Macgillivray; Layard; Sarasin.  
Isle of Pines: Macgillivray. (This is P. lessoni of authors.)



*Glycyphila undulata* (Sparrman). (t.l., New Caledonia?)

N. Cal.: Forster; Jouan; Deplanche; Layard; Sarasin.

*Glycyphila incana* (Latham). (t.l., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Forster; Jouan; Deplanche; Layard; Sarasin.

*Myzomela sanguinolenta caledonica* Forbes. (t.l., N. Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Verreaux; Jouan; Deplanche; Layard; Sarasin.

#### Ploceidae.

*Erythura psittacea* (Gmelin). (t.l., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Forster; Jouan; Deplanche; Layard; Sarasin, etc.  
(Layard says "generally distributed", and that it feeds largely on grass seed and at certain seasons on *Casuarina* seeds.)

#### Eulabetidae.

*Aplonis striata* (Gmelin). (t.l., New Caledonia.)

N. Cal.: Forster; Jouan; Layard; Sarasin, etc.

Isle of Pines: Macgillivray. (Layard says "common and widely distributed" in N. Cal.)

#### Corvidae.

*Physocorax moneduloides* (Lesson). (t.l., not given, but = N. Cal.)

N. Cal.: Forster; Jouan; Deplanche; Layard; Sarasin, etc.  
(G. Forster, under date of Sept. 7, 1774, writes: "we shot some curious birds by the way, with which the country abounds; and among the rest a species of crow, which is common in Europe." Layard says it is "not uncommon in the forest-regions.")

?*Corvus australis* Gould. (t.l., Australia.)

N. Cal.: Marie records this species (under the name coronoides), but it seems not to have been found by others, though Layard writes that a friend "confirmed a report" that "the Crows of the west coast were a far larger species than the little Physocorax moneduloides, Less., of the eastern coast. He says they do not come down within sixty or eighty miles of Noumea, but that where found they are not uncommon." (Ibis, 1880, 338.)

[ "Corvus caledonicus". (Not C. caledonicus Gmelin, which is a Graucalus, or Artamides, family Campephagidae.) Labillardière described in 1800 ("Relation du Voyage a la recherche de la Pérouse, 11, p. 229, pl. 39 of Atlas) a "pie de la Nouvelle-Calédonie" which he called "Corvi caledonici", giving a very circumstantial account of it, with the dates and places in New Caledonia where he saw it. This species is Streptocitta albigollis, a bird of south Celebes, and not now known from elsewhere.]





17. New Hebrides (including Fearn or Hunter Island).  
(See also 17a, 17b, Banks and Santa Cruz groups).

"Archipel du Saint Esprit" of De Fleurieu, "Tierra del Espiritu Santo" of the Spaniards, and "Les Cyclades" or "Grandes Cyclades" of Bougainville.

Some of the islands are volcanic, some coral, and others are a combination of the two types.

Squalls are very sudden and violent among the mountainous islands, especially at Aoba.

The New Hebrides are said to be unhealthful, if one stays more than a few months at a time.

Speiser (1913) says the English steamers of Burns, Philp & Co. run from Sydney to various islands in the New Hebrides. There are said to be monthly steamers from Sydney to Faté (a vessel north or south every two weeks), on their way to the Fijis; a monthly steamer from New Caledonia; also an interisland steamer service.

The New Hebrides are governed jointly by Great Britain and France, under a "condominium" form of government; the resident officials live at Fila, on Faté, which is the sole port of entry.

Felix Speiser (1913) says "today" the Presbyterian Mission occupies all the New Hebrides, except Arag, Aoba, and Maiwo. There are missionaries of some sort on Arag.

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For many years (since 1875, or earlier) cheap rifles and guns were traded with the inhabitants of the New Hebrides. Wawn (1893) says of laborers returning from Australia to their homes: "Tanna men's boxes were almost always exceedingly heavy, on account of the quantity of bullets, and lead for slugs, that they collected to take home with them." and "Every Tanna-man owned a musket or two." A Queensland regulation was passed prohibiting the export of fire arms to the South Sea Islands, but Wawn says this simply transferred the trade to the French and Germans, and at the present time (1893 ?) the principal article of trade consists of British-made Snider carbines.

Aboi: one of three islets s. of Serguey Point, Malekula; 160 ft. high; densely wooded; bold coast on s. side; uninhab.

Aepari [= Tanna] .

Aessi: islet bordering Undine Passage, on w. coast Espiritu Santo. Haiite.

Aipegerouma [= Tanna] .

Aiperé [= Tanna] .

Ambirr [= Ambrym] .

Ambrym: 24 x 16 mi.; 4380 ft. high; several peaks; volcanic (active in 1893 - 94); some bold high bluffs on coast; densely wooded; inhab. (friendly on w. side, but little known of those on s. and e. coasts). A hospital located at Dip Point.

For many years (since 1875, or earlier) and in fact  
and have been treated with the same regard of a  
Hobbes. (Hobbes (1875) and (1875) and (1875) from  
Australia to the United States: "The United States  
always exceedingly heavy, or at least of a heavy  
bullet, and used for heavy, light, and heavy to take  
home with them." and "very heavy" and a number of  
two." A Queensland politician has been visiting the  
export of the same to the United States, and then says  
this simply because of the fact that the Germans  
and at the present time (1875) the United States of  
the United States of America.

1875: one of the most important of the United States of America  
1875: one of the most important of the United States of America

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Ambryn [= Ambrym] .

Anatam [= Aneitum] .

Anatom [= Aneiteum] .

Anatum [= Aneiteum] .

Aneiteum: 10 x 6 mi.; 2788 ft. high; covered with "pines"

Anatam.

Anatom. and various other useful trees; inhab. Speiser

Anatum.

Anatom. (1913) says natives are all Christianized. One

Aneityum.

Annatam. or two small sandy ? islets on w.? side; Inyeug,

Annotam.

Annotam. islet of Aneiteum, may be one of these.

Aneityum [= Aneitum] .

Aniwa: 2 mi. long; low, 120-150 ft. high in places; coral;

Immer.

Nina. well wooded with coconuts; inhab. (all

Nieua.

Niua. Christianized, according to Speiser). Nar-

row entrance through reef. About 13 mi.

from Tanna.

Annatam [= Aneiteum] .

Annotam [= Aneiteum] .

Annotam [= Aneiteum]

Aoba: 17 x 17 mi.; has mtn.; 4000 ft. high, with lake on  
Ile des Lépreaux

Leper.

Oba.

Omba.

Opa.

summit; ample vegetation, including

coconuts growing well up the mtn.; some

high cliffs near w. point; inhab.

(friendly); mission station.

Aoré: islet about 5 mi. diam., off s. e. coast of Espiritu

Santo; s. coast is low and thickly wooded; coral

plateau about 300-400 ft. high; thinly inhab., said

to be (formerly ?) cannibals. Setovi is an islet.

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Apee [= Api] .

Api: 25 x 6-10 mi. wide; 2800 ft. high; e. coast is a series of bold rocky bluffs; densely wooded; fresh water lagoon on w. side of Cape Cone, where "large quantities of ducks" were reported (but none found in Aug. and Nov.); densely inhab. (now quite friendly). Islets are La Menu (n. w. side), Namuka (s. side), Paama (n. w. side).

Apee. of bold rocky bluffs; densely wooded; fresh water

Epi. lagoon on w. side of Cape Cone, where "large quan-

Tasako. titles of ducks" were reported (but none found

Tasico. in Aug. and Nov.); densely inhab. (now quite friendly). Islets are La Menu (n. w. side),

Tasiko. Namuka (s. side), Paama (n. w. side).

Volcano. several other islets.

Arabi: islet off Tangoa (not Tongoa), on s. side of Espiritu

Santo; 1 mi. diam.; has distinct steps of lime-

stone cliffs to flat top, 830 ft. high; s. w.

side of precipitous; inhab.

Arag: 34 x 6 mi.; 2000 to "3065" ft. high; hills clothed from base to summit with heavy vegetation, and broken by ravines; well watered by streams; inhab. (have had reputation at s. w. corner of id., and caution is needed in dealing with them at other parts). Missionaries are working here.

Aragh. base to summit with heavy vegetation, and Bougainville.

Pentecost. broken by ravines; well watered by streams; in-

Pentecoste. hab. (have had reputation at s. w. corner of

Pentecote. id., and caution is needed in dealing with them at other parts). Missionaries are working here.

Whitsun- tide.

Aragh [= Aragh] .

Aragh Aragh [= Aragh] .

Araki [= Arabi] .

Arambagh: apparently near the Maskelyne Ids.

Tommy's.

Asore [= Tanna] .

Atchin: 3/4 mi. x 670 yards; 120 ft. high; inhab. Near Walo

Islet on n. coast of Malekula.

Aurora [= Maiwo] .





Auroro [= Maiwo] .

Australia del Espiritu Santo [= old name for Espiritu Santo] .

Ayles: islet close to Tomman.

Bogacio: islet 110 ft. high, near Aoré.

Bougainville [= Arag] .

Buninga: s. w. - most of Shepherd group;  $3/4$  mi. x 1200 yards; flat summit is 723 ft. high; thickly covered with vegetation; inhab. (Christians).

Buru Mamasa [= Turtle] .

Burwan: inhabited islet off Espiritu Santo.

Carlo: small islet off s. coast Espiritu Santo; 60 ft. high and covered with bushes.

Cave: about 180 ft. high; on w. side of Malekula; sides are precipitous and bare in places, but id. is generally covered with trees; a cave on the id. is 25 ft. high.

Chinambrym [= Ambrym] .

Cook: islet off n. e. coast of Faté.

Dauphin [= Dolphin] .

Deception [= Moso.]

Dolphin: islet at Port Olry, on w. side of Espiritu Santo; has 2 fresh water lakes on s. w. side; is 680 ft. (high? or long?).

Efat [= Faté] .

Efáte [= Faté] .

Elephant: islet on w. side of Espiritu Santo, near Port Olry; is 660 ft. (high? or long?).

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Elia: 200 yards in diam.; 120 ft. high; covered with trees;  
 is s. w. of Tangoa, on s. side of Espiritu Santo.  
 Epi [= Api] .

Eramanga [= Eromanga] .

Eraniau: islet (wooded?) at entrance to Erakor lagoon, Faté;  
 has mission station.

Eromanga: 30 x 32 mi. (or 25 x 10 mi.); high, with 3 peaks  
 Eramanga.  
 Eromango. 2500-3000 ft.; rocky; s. coast bold, with  
 Erromanga.  
 Erromango. white limestone cliffs; s. side densely  
 Irromanga.  
 Koromango. wooded; coast hills covered with short  
 wiry grass; distant interior mtns. forested  
 to their summits; swampy lowlands said to be  
 unhealthy; inhab. formerly treacherous (several missionaries murdered here), but  
 Speiser (1913) says little native population  
 now, and this all Christianized. High islet  
 on n. e. side.

Eromango [= Eromanga] .

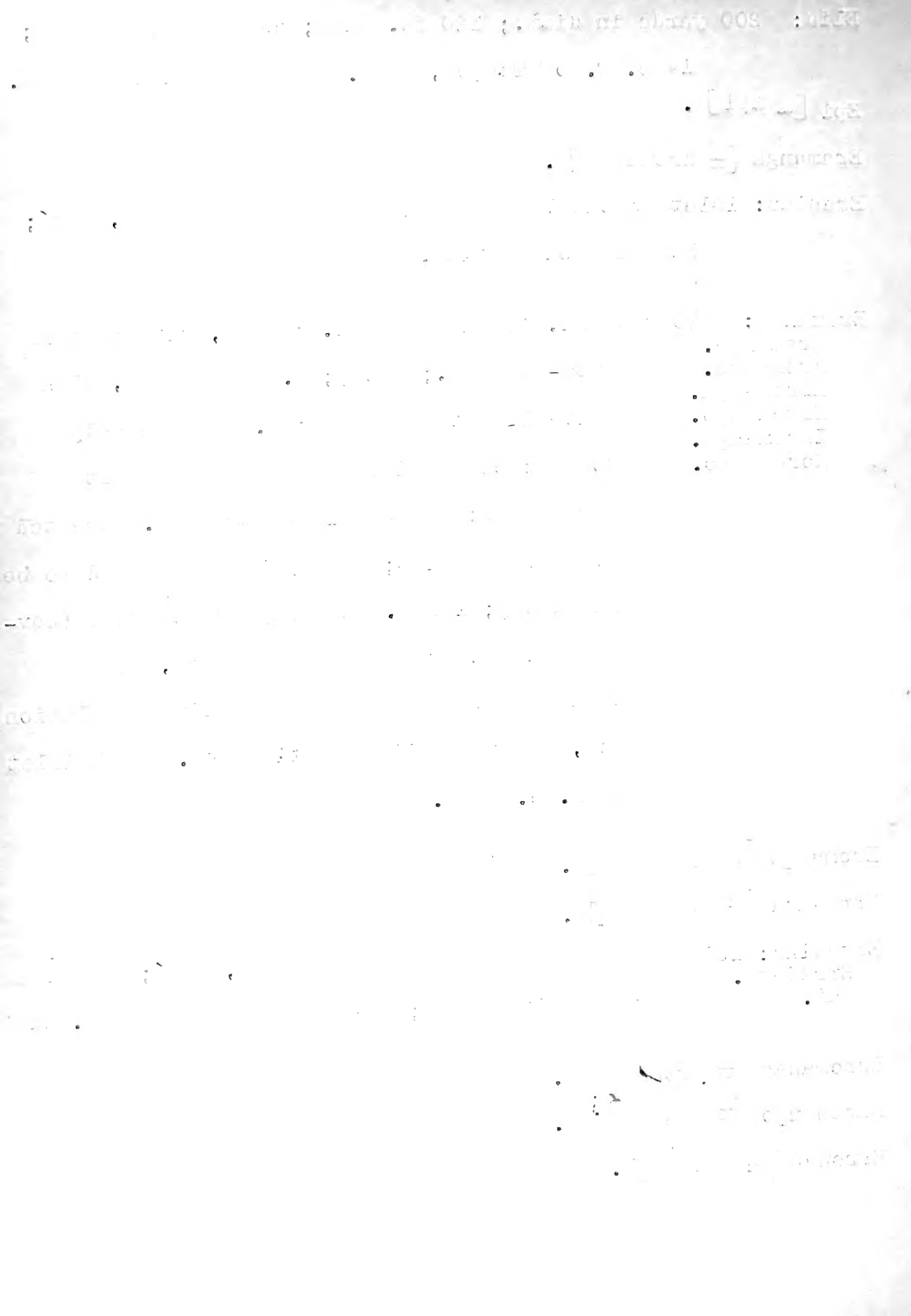
Erradaka [= Erradika] .

Erradika: islet at entrance to Havannah Harbor, Faté; thickly  
 Erradaka.  
 Hat. covered with trees; has coral mound 345 ft. high.

Erromanga [= Eromanga] .

Erromango [= Eromanga] .

Erronan [= Fatuna] .



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#5 revised

Pele (n. e. side), Vele, Waratap. Faté is said to be the finest island in the New Hebrides.

Fearn: 1000 x 670 yds. diam.; volcanic; 974 ft. high; hills Hunter.

grassy, with few trees; landing may be possible on n. or n. w. side; uninhab. "It seems to harbour less sea-fowl than anticipated." (Findlay).

Fila: islet on s. w. side of Faté; coral; wooded; sandy beaches and coral cliffs on n. w. side; coral cliffs 40 ft. high on n. side; mission church here. Fila is seat of government in New Hebrides; all vessels have to first report at Fila, the sole port of entry.

Wawn was wrecked here in 1878, during a hurricane; not a leaf left on trees; branches strewn over ground; the islet had been densely wooded.

Fly: islet on n. e. coast of Faté; low; wooded.

Footoona [= Futuna] .

Futuna: about 2 x 2 mi.; "rises up out of the sea like a great Erronan.

Footoona. square table"; 1931 ft. high; well wooded; Fotuna.

inhab. (friendly and all Christianized).

Goat [= High].

Haiite [= Aessi].

Haiss: small islet off Espiritu Santo; possibly same as Aessi?

Hambi: islet about 1/2 mi. in extent, on e. side of Malekula; 110 ft. high; densely wooded; inhab.



Espiritu Santo: 75 x 40 mi.; volcanic; very mountainous  
 Australia del  
 Espiritu Santo. on s. and w. sides, in several high  
 Marina.  
 Marino. ranges, rising to 4000 ft. or "5000" to  
 Santo. "6000" ft.; densely wooded to summits, with  
 St. Esprit. peaks usually covered with clouds; w. side  
 has perpendicular cliffs rising from coast;  
 inhab. (some of them cannibals, at least  
 up to recently), at times friendly, but  
 not trustworthy. Ducks said to occur in  
 Jordan River, on w. coast. Islets are:  
 Aoré, Burwan, Elephant, Malo (where French  
 steamer said to call about every month from  
 Noumea, N. Caledonia), Malogi, Marire,  
 Pallikulo, Pilot, Sakau, Tava, Turtle,  
 Uraura. Malo Killi Killi and several others  
 occur on e. side of Malo.

Ewose: 1.2 mi. x 600 yards; 1076 ft. high; steep narrow ridge,  
 with precipitous sides; few inhab. In  
 Shepherd group.

Fatè: 20 - 25 x 18 mi.; Mt. Macdonald is 2203 ft. high; most  
 Efate. of the hills wooded to summits, but some of the  
 Efate. tablelands are covered with long coarse grass; s.  
 Sandwich. and e. sides are low; inhab. are "safe". Islets  
 Vate. are: Cook (n. e. side), Eraniau, Erradika (n. w.  
 side), Fila (s. w. side), Fiy (n. e. side), Hat,  
 Iririki (s. w. side), Kakula (n. side), Kapuma  
 (in S. Bay), Leausan ( n. w. side), Leleppa (n. w.  
 side), Meli, Moso (n. w. side), Muna (n. e. side),





Hat [= Arabi].

Hat [= Erradika].

Hat: islet at entrance to Havannah Harbor, Faté.

Hetchin: islet of Malekula; inhab. (May be same as Hitchin).

Hichinbrook [= Vele].

High: high, rocky islet, nearly inaccessible; covered with  
Goat  
High Rock, trees; on n. e. coast of Eromanga.

High Rock [= High].

Hinchinbroke [= Vele].

Hinchinbrook [= Vele].

Hitchin: islet on s. coast Malekula. (See Hetchin.)

Hitchinbrook [= Vele].

Hunter [= Fearn].

Iariki [= Iririki].

Ile des Lépreux (of bougainville) [= Aoba].

Immer [= Aniwa].

Inyeug: islet of Aneiteum.

Iririki: coral islet, with beacon, in Fila Harbor, s. w. side  
Iariki.  
of Fate; 187 ft. high; wooded.

Irritoc: said by natives to be an id. lying 19-20 mi. s. s. e.  
point of Tanna.

Irromanga [= Eromanga].

Kakula: small, low islet on reef on n. shore of Faté; covered  
with trees; inhab.

Kapuma: low, wooded islet in South Bay of Faté.

Kiwoyo: of Maskelyne group. (May be same as Kuvyo?).

Koivu [= Muvyo].

Kolivia (may be same as Koliviu?).



Koliviu: with Kuvyo the s. e.-most islets in Maskelyne  
Kolivia?  
Kulivu. group; 1 1/4 x 1 mi.; wooded; rises to 140  
ft.; mangrove-covered; some coconuts on  
higher ground; a few inhab.

Koromango [= Eromanga].

Kulivu [= Koliviu] .

Kuvyo: small islet of Maskelyne group; an uninhab. mangrove  
Koivu. swamp, with 2 coconut clumps on higher ground  
at s. end.

Laika: small id. of Shepherd group, 1.5 mi. circ.; 352 ft.  
high; has 2 hills; some trees, including coconuts;  
steep cliffs on n., w., and s. sides; not perma-  
nently inhab. Is. 2 mi. n. of Tongoa.

La men. [= La Menu] .

La Menu: islet about 1/2 mi. in extent, on n. w. coast of  
La men.  
Lammen. Api; flat, low, except at s. point, where 195  
Menu. ft. highæ everywhere densely wooded; inhab.

Lammen [= La Menu] .

Lathi: may be off Espiritu Santo, and may be a synonym of  
some other name on this list. (Lathi is a name  
mentioned by Wawn.)

Leausan: on n. w. side of Faté.  
Leausau.  
Protection.

Leausau [= Leausan] .

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Leleppa: 2 1/2 x 1 1/2 mi.; off n. w. coast of Paté, and Protection.  
forming w. side of Havannah Harbor; 637 ft. high; cliffs 100-200 ft. high on sea face on w. and s. sides; highest parts are covered with coarse grass, but slopes and ravines have trees; inhab. Off w. point is an islet 40 ft. high.

Lem bru: small sand islet, 3 ft. high, on s. side of Malekula (3 mi. w. of South Point); uninhab.

Lembui: largest of three islets s. of Serguey Point, Malekula; 275 ft. high; densely wooded; inhab.

Le mua: small islet about 1/2 mi. in extent; 125 ft. high; densely wooded; swampy; uninhab.; on s. side of Malekula.

Lennurr: apparently on coast of Maskelyne group, and near Arambah.

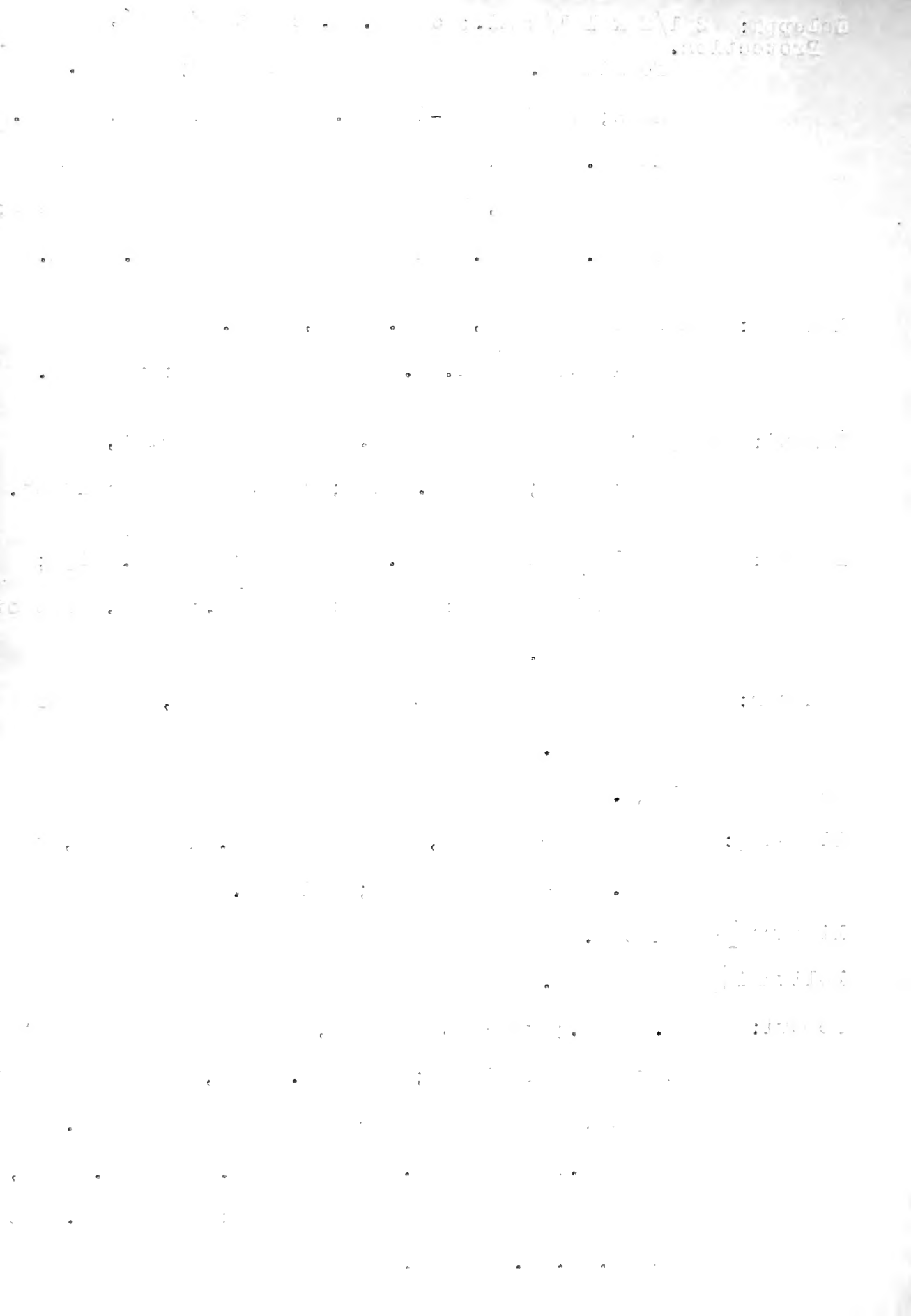
Leper [= Aoba] .

Limaning: small wooded islet, about 200 yds. in extent, on s. side of Malekula; uninhab.

Litharo [= Pilot] .

Loliwari [= Ambrym] .

Lopevi: 4 mi. diam.; volcano (active, last eruption said to have been in 1883); 4755 ft. high, with crater at summit; casuarina trees cover slopes of mtn. up to 3000 ft.; hill at s. point of id. 2910 ft. high, said to contain fresh water lake; few inhab. About 10 mi. n. e. of Api.



Mae [= Three Hills].

Maei [= Three Hills] .

Maervo [= Maiwo] .

Maewo [= Maiwo] .

Mafia: islet near Requin Bay, on w. side of Espiritu Santo.  
Mavire.

Mai: name often applied to middle part of Three Hills.

Mai: said to be an id. in Shepherd group. Possibly same  
as Mataso?

Maiwo: is n. e. id. of group; 30 mi. long by about 3 mi.

Aurora.

Auroro.

Maervo.

Maewo.

wide; 2000 ft. high in center; fine varied vegetation, with many coconuts; harbor at extreme n. end; inhab. Melanesian mission on n. e. side of id. There is an islet 40 ft. high, wooded on summit, near s. e. point of Maiwo.

Makura: 1 mi. by 1200 yds.; volcanic origin; 979 ft. high; e. side bold and steep, sloping off on w. side; landing difficult, owing to constant swell; inhab. Is 4 mi. s. e. of Mai.

Malekula: 55 x 15 mi.; mts. (2200 ft. or more high) on n., e., Mallicolla. and s. sides, densely wooded to summits in many Mallicollo. places; some peaks on n. side covered with Mallicolo. grass, with few wooded patches; small "feathery" trees at several places on w. coast; "a few ducks" may be found at times at mouths of rivers on s. coast, and "wood pigeons abound near the lagoon" near Southwest Bay, on w.





coast; inhab. said to be warlike, tho less so than formerly; most of the natives said to be "armed with Sniders." Islets: Hambi, Hetchin, Hitchin?, Lem bru, Le mua, Limaning, Norsup, Orumbau, Rano, Suwan, Suwarro, Taitaka, Tomman, Uri, Uripiv, Urombo, Urukiki, Vao, Vi to, Walo, and possibly others.

Mallicolla [= Malekula].

Mallicollo [= Malekula].

Mallicolo [= Malekula].

Malo: islet 8 x 4-6 mi., off s. e. side of Espiritu Santo; up-Marlo.

St. Bartholomew. raised coral; plateau 300-400 ft. high, with some hills on w. side 800-1120 ft. high; coral limestone cliffs form edge of plateau on s. side; everywhere densely wooded; inhab. formerly cannibals; said to be two mission stations here.

Malo Killi Killi (North and South): both, with some lesser islets, on e. side of Malo. North Malo Killi Killi is 670 yds. long, South Malo Killi Killi is 1 mi. long; each is said to be 100 ft. high, and densely wooded.

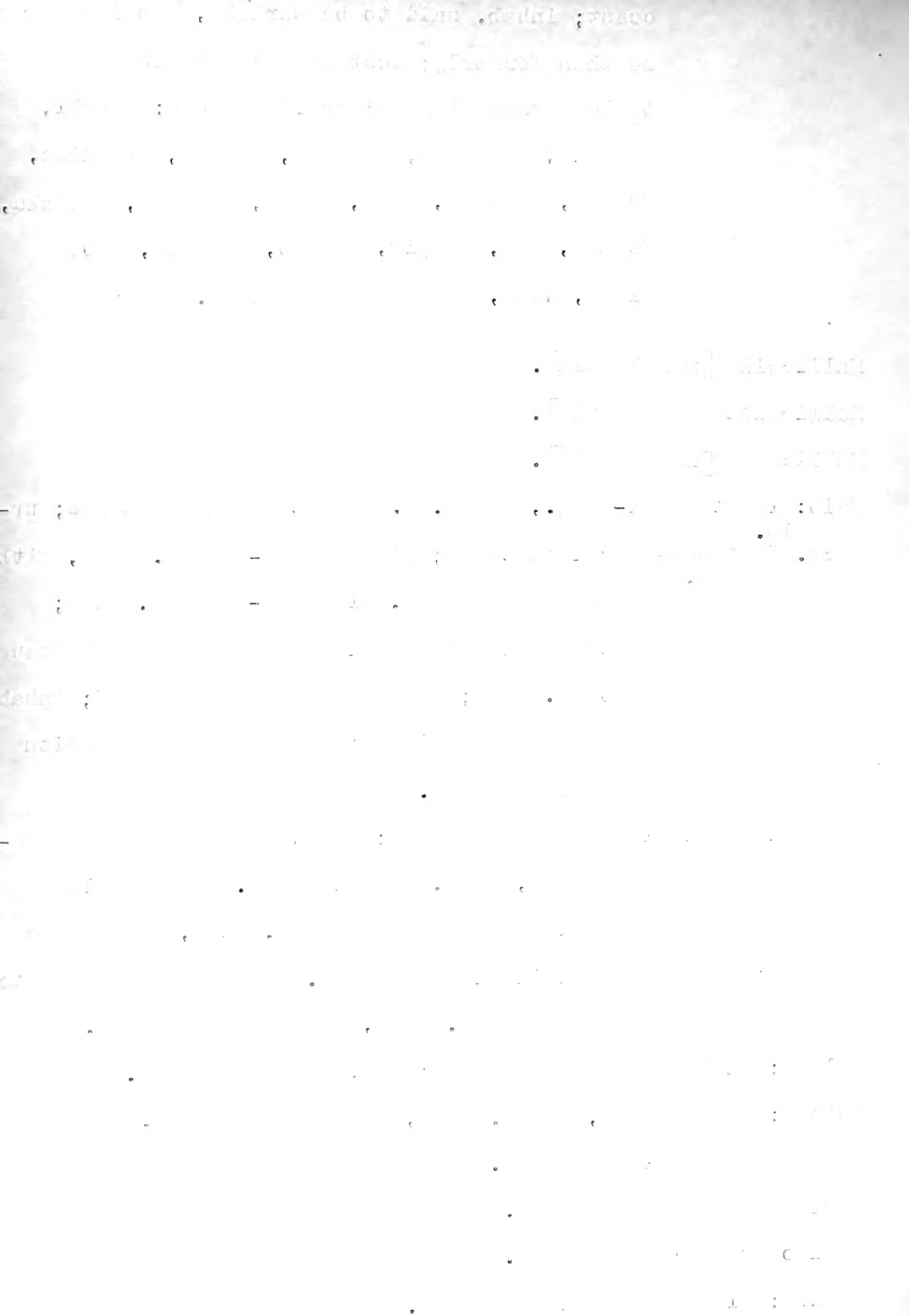
Malogi: islet near Tangoa anchorage, Espiritu Santo.

Maloku: small islet, 42 ft. high, near Tangoa, on s. side Espiritu Santo. (May be same as Malogi?).

Marina [= Espiritu Santo].

Marino [= Espiritu Santo].

Marire: islet of Espiritu Santo.



Marlo Malo.

Mavir: small islet off Espiritu Santo. (May be same as Marire?).

Maskelyne group: off s. e. coast of Malekula. Small, low ids. 50-300 ft. high, and thickly inhabited. Some of the ids. are: Kiwyo, Koliviu, Kuvyo (same as Kiwyo?), Sakau (1.7 mi. long, and largest of the Maskelynes), Wulei (s. w. islet of group).

Mataso: volcanic; small, 1 1/2 mi. long; n. peak is 1650 ft. high; wooded; smaller hill is 465 ft. high, and has luxuriant vegetation; inhab. are friendly; mission station here. Is 19 mi. n. of Nguna.

Mau [= Vele].

Mavire [= Mafia].

Meli: small, low islet off Faté; some trees on it; inhab.

Menu [= La Menu].

Mitas [= Mataso].

Montagu [= Muna].

Monument: an "inaccessible islet" 130 yards in diam., and 397 or 430 ft. high; a high columnar rock, "not wholly destitute of verdure," and is "a great resort for sea birds." Is about 1 1/2 mi. from s. e. end of Mataso.

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Moso: 6 x 1 1/2 mi.; 423 ft. high, but mostly low; hills  
Deception  
Verac. grass-covered, with a few clumps of trees, with  
a belt of trees and coconuts on harbor side;  
inhab. Is on n. w. side of Havannah Harbor,  
Faté.

Muna: high islet, volcanic in origin; 5 x 1 3/4 mi.; steep  
Montagu.  
Montague. sides; peak near middle is 2013 ft. high; s. w.  
Nguna.  
Niguna. part of id. is thickly wooded; inhab. Is on  
Nuna. n. e. coast of Faté.

Namuka: small islet 2 mi. off center of s. side of Api; 621  
Numuku. ft. high, covered with trees; uninhab., but  
visited by Api natives for coconuts.

Nguna [= Muna].

Nieua [= Aniwa].

Niguna [= Muna].

Nina [= Aniwa].

Niva [= Aniwa].

Norsup: small islet about 1/2 mi. long; about 60 ft. high;  
wooded; uninhab. Near Port Stanley, e. coast of  
Malekula.

Numuku [= Namuka].

Nuna [= Muna].

Oba (is said to be the "correct" name for Aoba).

Omba [= Aoba].

Opa [= Aoba].

Orumbau: islet off n. e. coast of Malekula; covered with co-  
conuts; white sandy beach on n. e. side; bluffy  
at s. e. end; inhab.

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Paama: 5 x 2 mi.; volcanic origin; 1900 ft. high; bold and  
Paoom.

Paum. precipitous on e side; densely wooded, except

Pau Uma. where natives have made clearings; inhab. said to  
be friendly in places, but not fully reliable. Is  
3 mi. from n. w. point of Api.

Pallikulo: islet at s. e. end of Espiritu Santo; low; densely  
wooded.

Paoom [= Paama].

Paum [= Paama].

Pau Uma [= Paama].

Pele: 2 x 1 mi.; volcanic origin; 662 ft. high; mostly covered  
Piele.

with coarse grass; inhab. Is n. e. of Faté.

Pentecost [= Arag].

Pentecoste [= Arag].

Pentecote [= Arag].

Piele [= Pele].

Pilot: moderately high islet at mouth of Requin Bay, w. side  
Litharo.

Pilote. of Espiritu Santo.

Pilote [= Pilot].

Protection [= Leausan].

Protection [= Leleppa].

Pyramid: an islet near Monument and Paama; may occur in this  
list under another name.

Rano: islet 2 1/2 mi. circ.; 100 ft. high; upraised coral;

densely wooded; inhab. Is on n. e. coast of Male-  
kula.

Ratua: 1200 x 800 yards; 120 ft. high; densely wooded. Is  
Sulega.  
close to Aoré.





Sail Rock: a pillar-shaped inaccessible rock, with a few trees on its summit. Near Cape Cone, on s. e. point of Api.

St. Bartholomew [= Malo].

St. Esprit [= Espiritu Santo].

Sakau: 2 mi. by 1350 yards; 340 ft. high; once thickly inhab., but few remain; islet said to be unhealthful now. Is largest and northermost of Maskelyne group, s. e. of Malekula.

Sakau: islet off n. e. point of Espiritu Santo; 500 ft. high; covered with coconuts.

Sakau: off Cape Quiros, on w. side of Espiritu Santo; has abrupt cliff on n. side; covered with coconuts.

Sandwich [= Faté].

Santo [= Espiritu Santo].

Sawers: islet on s. coast Espiritu Santo.

Selovi [= Setovi].

Setovi: a flat id. 2 mi. e. of Aoré.  
Selovi.

Shepherd group: near Api; all of volcanic formation; supposed to be of recent origin (about 350 years old), and to have formerly formed part of Api. Islets are: Buninga, Ewose, Laike, Mai, Tevala, Tongariki, Tongoa (the largest id.), Valea.

Sy chun Lagre: about 1200 yards long; 115 ft. high; on coast of Malo.

Sulega [= Ratua].

Suwan: small mangrove islet near Suwarro.



Suwarro: low, wooded islet in Port Stanley, e. side of Malekula.

Taitaka: small, low islet; 400 x 200 yards; covered with mangroves and bushes. Is in center of Port Stanley, e. side of Malekula.

Tana [= Tanna.]

Tana Asori [= Tanna].

Tangarika [= Tongariki].

Tangice: islet with 2 notable clumps 140 ft. high; on s. side of Espiritu Santo.

Tangoa [= Tongoa].

Tangoa: islet on s. side of Espiritu Santo, about 2 mi. w. of Carlo; 1400 x 600 yards diam.; 170 ft. high; upraised coral; inhab. Presbyterian mission station here. Speiser (1913) says one half of the id. "is cleared and covered with a green lawn."

Tanna: size variously given as 40 x 35 mi., 30 x 10 mi., and Aepari.

Aipegerouma. Hydrographic Pilot says 20 x 8 mi.; mtns. rise Aipere.

Asore. to 300 ft.; Mt. Yasua, in s. e. part of id. is Tana.

Tana Asori. said to have been in continuous eruption since Cook's time, and is without vegetation according to some, but covered with vegetation almost to top, according to others; large tracts of nearly level country on w. side covered with grass; hills on n. coast are 1200 ft. high, bounded by perpendicular cliffs without tree growth, but with thick woods in low lands at their base; a lake at one end of id. and volcano at the other end; boiling springs and cold



ones occur close together in the volcanic region; inhab. (formerly cannibals). Dogs and cats were introduced here before 1840, in fact Cook gave a pair of dogs to a native here in August, 1774; pigs and fowls said to be indigenous. Two or more mission houses here.

Tanoa [= Tongoa].

Tasako [= Api].

Tasico [= Api].

Tasiko [= Api].

Taua: islet e. of Tangoa, off Espiritu Santo.

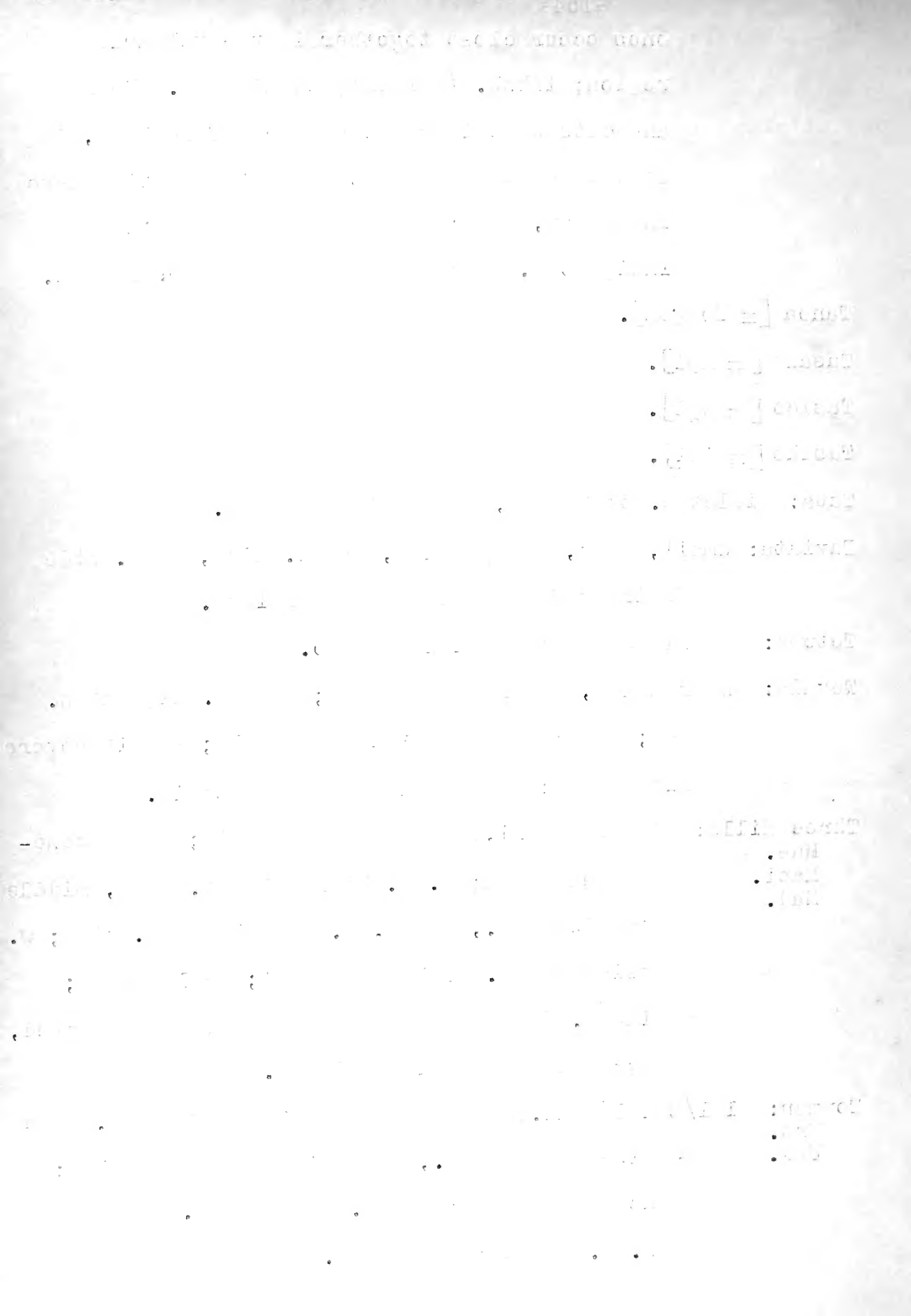
Taviata: small, bare, rocky islet, 25 ft. high, on s. side  
Espiritu Santo (near Powell Point).

Tetuba: small islet off Espiritu Santo.

Tevala: near Laika, in Shepherd group; 324 ft. high at w.  
end; small and almost inaccessible; summit covered  
with trees; steep cliffs on side of id.

Three Hills: 6 x 2 1/2 mi.; volcanic in origin; has 3 cone-  
Mae. shaped hills; n. e. hill 2171 ft. high, middle  
Maei. one 1504 ft., and s. w. hill 1803 ft. high; w.  
Mai. point of id. is low and flat; well wooded;  
inhab. (friendly) have nearly all disappeared,  
according to Speiser (1913).

Tomman: 1 1/2 x 1/2 mi.; a ridge of coral cliffs on e. side  
Ure.  
Uru. rises to 265 ft., otherwise is mostly flat;  
densely wooded; inhab. (friendly). Is off  
s. w. coast of Malekula.



Tommy's [= Arambagh].

Tongariki : 2 x 3/4 mi.; volcanic origin; 1687 ft. high, and  
Tangarika. thickly wooded to summit; Amora Rocks off s.  
end are 112 ft. high; inhab.; mission station  
here. Is. s. e. and 2d largest of the  
Shepherd group.

Tongoa: 5 x 3 mi.; mostly volcanic mounds and hills; 1674  
Tangoa. ft. high; thickly wooded, with coconut, palms  
Tanoa. and other trees at n. e. end; inhab.; Pres-  
Tonoa. byterian mission here. Is largest of Shepherd  
group, off s. e. coast of Api. Arabi is an is-  
let.

Tonoa [= Tongoa].

Tubana: about 400 yards in extent; 110 ft. high; wooded;  
uninhab. Is near Ulilaba, on s. side of  
Espiritu Santo.

Tuft Rock: small islet, 66 ft. high, off s. w. point of  
Tongoa, Shepherd group.

Turtle: islet 200 x 100 yards; 60 ft. high; in Malo pass of  
Espiritu Santo; sandy, with bushes.

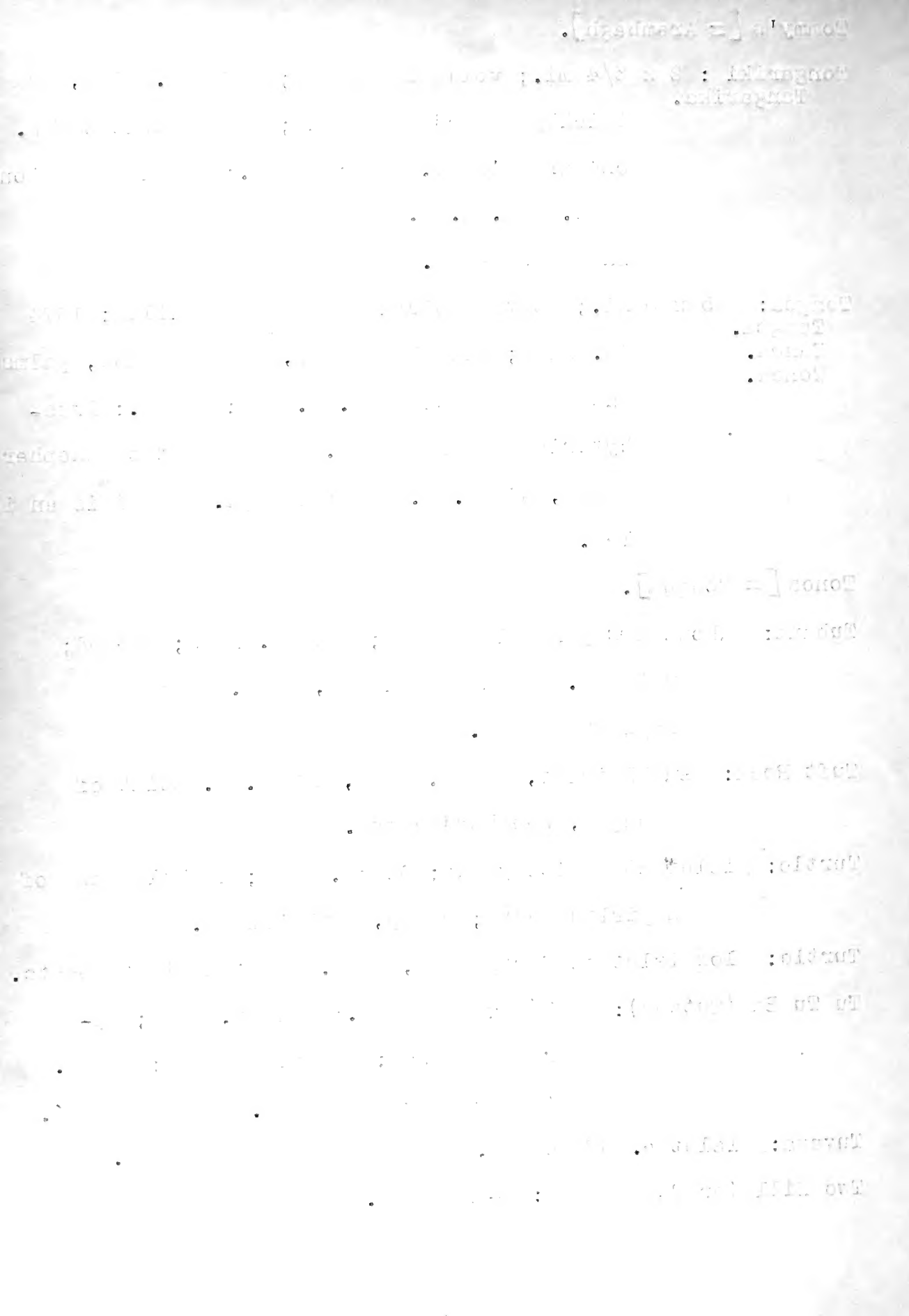
Turtle: low islet at Turtle Bay, on w. coast Espiritu Santo.

Tu Tu Ba (Tutuba): 3 1/2 x 1 1/4 mi.; 240 ft. high; up-  
raised coral; densely wooded; inhab.  
(apparently friendly). Is near Aoré.

Tuvuna: islet e. of Tongoa. (May be same as Tubana).

Two Hill (or Two Hills): = Mataso .





Ui: islet, 270 ft. high; densely wooded; few inhab. Is

s. of Lembui, near Serguey Point, Malekula.

Ulendre: one of 3 islets s. of Serguey Point, Malekula;  
wooded; 85 ft. high; uninhab.

Ulilaba:  $3/4 \times 1/4$  mi.; 135 ft. high; wooded; lagoon

Ulilapa.

Urilapa. on n. side, with mangroves; uninhab. On  
s. side of Espiritu Santo.

Ulilapa [= Ulilaba].

Uraura: islet in harbor on s. side of Pallikulo.

Ure [= Tomman].

Uri:  $1 \frac{1}{4}$  mi. by 670 yards; 109 ft. to top of trees; inhab.

Near Mangrove Point, on e. coast Malekula. Has  
steep coral cliff on e. coast.

Urilapa [= Ulilaba].

Uripiv:  $1/2$  mi. diam.; 121 ft. to tree tops; coral cliff

15 ft. high at e. end; inhab.; Presbyterian  
mission here. Is just n. of Uri, on e. coast  
of Malekula.

Urombo: islet off Malekula.

Uru [= Tomman].

Urukiki: islet off Port Stanley, Malekula.

Valea: 1300 yards by 400 yds.; 367 ft. high; almost inacces-  
sible, as sides are precipitous cliffs; above the  
steep sides are coconuts and thick vegetation; unin-  
hab. but visited by natives for coconuts. In  
Shepherd group, 1 mi. n. w. of Tongariki.



Vao: islet 2 1/2 mi. circ.; 130 ft. high; densely wooded; inhab.; Marist mission station here. Speiser (1913) says thickly inhab. and wooded, has "reed" grass on it over 6 ft. high, large fig trees and lianes. Pigs and dogs are kept. Off Port Stanley, on n. coast Malekula.

Vasquez: an id. discovered by Maurelle (1781), supposed to be in 24° 44' S., 177° 41' E.; not now identified. Placed here for convenience.

Vaté [= Faté].

Vele: 2 mi. diam.; shore steep; 800 ft. high, with volc. Hinchinbroke.

cone 1493 ft. high, crater filled with vegetation; lagoon on w. side; inhab. peaceful.  
Hinchinbrook.  
Hitchinbrook.

Mau.

Venui: islet on s. side Espiritu Santo; has tree 135 ft. high on w. side.

Verao [= Moso].

Vila [= Fila].

Vi to: small wooded islet, 50 ft. high; about 250 yards in extent; uninhab. Is on s. coast of Malekula.

Volcano [= Api].

Wala [= Walo].

Walo: 1 1/2 mi. circ.; 150 ft. high; inhab. North of Port Wala.  
Stanley, on n. coast of Malekula.



Waratap: on e side of south bay of Faté; inhab.

Whitsun [= Arag].

Whitsuntide [= Arag].

Wot [= Monument].

Wu lei: 1350 yards by 1/2 mi.; mostly low and swampy, with mangroves and coconuts; a ridge on s. side has several cone-shaped hills, the highest 290 ft. high, covered with fir trees; at s. w. end the ridge drops precipitously to the sea; on s. and s. e. sides there are several small islets on reef. Is s.-most id. of Maskelyne group.

•  $\int_{\gamma} \omega = 0$  mod  $2\pi$

• Type 1 = 1st trimester

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17. New Hebrides. Birds.

Phasianidae.

Gallus gallus, subspecies.

Megapodidae.

Megapodius layardi Tristram. (Type locality, Faté)

Ambrym: Layard.

Api: Layard.

Espiritu Santo: Layard.

Faté: Bennett; Brenchley (eggs); Layard.

Tanna: Bennett; Brenchley (eggs).

Layard (Jr.?) says he found an egg on Faté (on side of id. opposite Havannah Harbor), but did not get the bird (at least on that trip). Layard (Ibis, 1878, 276) says the species is "getting very scarce in consequence of the rapid increase of pigs and tame cats that have taken to the bush."

Treronidae.

Treron curvirostra (Gmelin). (T.l., "Tanna.")

Tanna: "Latham" Forster?

Type of the genus Treron, and supposed to be same species as the bird called T. nipalensis; if so, locality must be wrong. Apparently not otherwise recorded from the group.

Speiser (1913) says of Santo Peak, on Espiritu Santo, "the natives pretend that a peculiar species of pigeon lives here." The natives were probably better naturalists than he, but it is uncertain what the species is, and whether it belongs in this family or the next.





Ptilinopus greyi "Gray" Bonaparte.  
(T.l., Vanikoro, Sta Cruz group.)

Aneiteum: Layard.  
Aniwa: Layard; Inglis.  
?Api: Layard; Tristram (records it).  
Eromanga: Gray (records it); Inglis.  
Espiritu Santo: Farquhar.  
Faté: Mus. Liverpool; Layard; Richards; Farquhar;  
Malekula: Layard; Farquhar. (Mackinlay.  
Tanna: MacGillivray.  
Tongoa: Collett (records it).

Sylphitreron tannensis (Latham). (T.l., Tanna.)

Ambrym: Layard.  
Eromanga: Layard; Farquhar.  
Espiritu Santo (islet of Tangoa): Farquhar.  
Faté: Layard; Mackinlay.  
Malekula: Corrie.  
Tanna: Forster; Layard.  
Tongoa: Collett (records it).  
Sharpe finds specimens from Eromanga and Espiritu Santo (Tangoa) differ from those in the Brit.Mus. from other ids. in the New Hebrides.

Globicera pacifica, subspecies.

Ambrym: Mus. Liverpool.  
Aneiteum: Gray (records it).  
Api: Layard; 'Challenger'.  
Eromanga: Layard; Inglis; Robertson.  
Espiritu Santo: Layard.  
Faté: Layard.  
Malekula: Layard; Farquhar.  
Malo: Layard.  
Tanna: Gray (records it).  
Tongoa: Collett (records it).

Sharpe thinks Samoan and Tongan birds different from those of the New Hebrides and Louisiade groups and that the name G. tarralii Bp. may be available for the bird of the New Hebrides, as this has Vanikoro as its type locality.

Globicera farquhari Sharpe (T.l., Eromanga.)

Eromanga: Farquhar ("very common"). Based on one female from Polonia Bay, Eromanga, taken May 28, 1899. Sharpe says it is allied to G. pacifica, but much darker, etc., "with dark leaden-grey under wing-coverts."

Columbidae.

Janthoenas leopoldi Tristram. (T.l., Faté.)



Ambrym: Layard.  
 Aneiteum: Layard; Freeman.  
 Api: Layard.  
 Eromanga: Layard; Farquhar.  
 Faté: Layard.  
 Malekula: Layard.  
 Malo: Layard.

?Macropygia, species.

Farquhar (Ibis, 1900, 608) refers to "a bright yellow dove of this genus" in the New Hebrides, described to him, but he did not meet with it, and thinks it must be "very rare."

Macropygia rufa Ramsay. (T.l., Faté)

Ambrym: Layard.  
 Aneiteum: Inglis.  
 Api: Layard.  
 Eromanga: Layard.  
 Espiritu Santo: Layard; Farquhar.  
 Faté: Mackinlay; Layard.  
 Malekula: Layard; Farquhar.  
 Malo: Layard.  
 Tanna: Layard; Richards.  
 Tongoa: Collett (records it).

The species of this genus are prone to variation, and the present species may not prove to be the same on all the islands.

Macropygia mackinlayi Ramsay. (T.l., Tanna.)

Tanna: Mackinlay. This is suspected of being the same as M. rufa.

Peristeridae.

Chalcophaps chrysochlora, subspecies.

Ambrym: Layard.  
 Aneiteum: Inglis ("very plentiful")  
 Aniwa: Inglis; Paton.  
 Api: Layard.  
 Eromanga: Layard; Farquhar  
 Espiritu Santo: Layard; Farquhar.  
 Faté: Layard; Mackinlay.  
 Malekula: Layard; Farquhar ("common")  
 Malo: Layard.  
 Tanna: Macgillivray; Richards.  
 Tongoa: Collett (records it).

Gallicolumba ferruginea (Forster). (T.l., Tanna.)

Tanna: Forster. Not found since Forster's time



(Salvadori, Cat. Birds Brit. Mus., xxi, 605). Wardlaw-Ramsay (Ibis, 1890, 227) suggests this is Treron fulvicollis from a wrong locality, but Forster was usually very careful with his localities and probably described his birds on the spot, hence it is doubtful if Wardlaw-Ramsay's guess is correct.

Gallicolumba, species.

Tanna: Latham (records it). Described by Latham from "Tanna", ex Banks' collection; not met with since, and may prove to be female of preceding (Salvadori, Cat. Birds Brit. Mus., xxi, 605).

Rallidae.

Hypotaenidia philippensis, subspecies.

Aneiteum: Inglis ("lives in the bush, and flies little.")

Poliolimnas cinereus tannensis (Forster).  
(T.l., Tanna.)

Tanna: Forster. Ingram recognizes this as a distinct form.

Porzana tabuensis (Gmelin) or subspecies.

Aneiteum: Gray (records it); Macgillivray.

Tanna: Latham (records it).

-----: Layard.

The bird from Tanna is recorded as a variety by Latham and Gmelin.

Porphyrio melanonotus aneiteumensis Tristram.  
(T.l., Aneiteum.)

Aneiteum: Inglis ("lives inland.")

?Tanna: Layard.

Malekula: Farquhar (recorded as P. smaragdineus by Sharpe).

Faté: an individual of "a singularly small, delicately formed race of this bird" was sent Layard alive from this island.

Puffinidae.

Farquhar says the natives (island not given) described a bird "as nesting in holes in the mountains--some sort of Shearwater, I presume."

Pterodroma "torquata". (T.l., Aneiteum.)

Aneiteum: Macgillivray. Macgillivray, who



described torquata (which Salvin synonymizes with brevipes), say it "Breeds in burrows on the wooded mountains of the interior of the island, the highest of which attains an elevation of 2788 feet. A young bird, not many days old, and covered with black down, was brought me on the 14th of February, but I have not yet seen an egg. The Aneiteumese name is Katébu." (Zoologist, 1860, 7134.) Macgillivray says he has seen the species off the coast of Tanna and Eromanga, and a native of Tanna told him it breeds in his district, which began about 12 miles south of Port Resolution.

Pterodroma rostrata (Peale). (T.l., Tahiti.)

Aneiteum: Macgillivray.

Puffinus lherminieri "subsp. n."

?New Hebrides. Mathews indicates a new form from the New Hebrides, which he thinks may prove the same as Procellaria nugax Solander (for the Queensland bird). Mathews does not give any definite record or locality for the New Hebrides.

#### Hydrobatidae.

Fregetta albogularis (Finsch). (T.l., Fijis.)

Aneiteum: Macgillivray (breeding: eggs in January)  
New Hebrides: Heine & Reichenow (record it)

#### Sternidae.

Thalasseus bergii rectirostris (Peale).  
(T.l., Fiji Ids.)

-----: Layard.

Aneiteum: Inglis; Forbes & Robinson (record it;  
spn. in Liverpool Mus.)

Anous stolidus, subspecies.

Aneiteum: Inglis.

Gygis (or Leucanous) alba, subspecies.

Aniwa: Inglis.

#### Scolopacidae.

Vetola lapponica baueri (Naumann). (T.l., Australia)

Aneiteum: Macgillivray; Inglis ("very plentiful")  
?Aniwa: Inglis. Tristram had an immature bird  
he thought might be melanuroides, collected by





Inglis. In his Catalogue (1889, p. 16) he identifies the bird as "Uropygialis" (baueri), and gives the locality as "Aneityum".

Heteroscelus incanus (Gmelin).

Aneiteum: Macgillivray; Layard.

Charadriidae.

Pluvialis dominicus fulvus (Gmelin).

-----: Gray (records it); Layard.

Aneiteum: Macgillivray; Layard; Inglis.

Aniwa: R. Paton; Inglis ("abundant on the shore" of this and preceding ids.).

Espiritu Santo: Farquhar.

Aphrizidae.

Arenaria interpres oahuensis (Bloxham).

(T.l., Hawaiian Ids.)

New Hebrides: Gray (records it).

Aneiteum: Macgillivray.

Ardeidae.

Demigretta sacra, subspecies.

Aneiteum: Macgillivray; Freeman; Inglis.

Malekula: Farquhar ("common").

Tristram says these are smaller than the Samoan bird, and he thinks there are two forms, a larger and a smaller, that occur in the Pacific, though they do not seem to be found together in any one locality.

(Nycticorax caledonicus. Salvadori records this from the New Hebrides, but in error for New Britain.-- See Wigglesworth, Aves Polynesiae, p. 69.)

Butorides javanica stagnatilis (Gould).

(T.l., Australia.)

Malekula: Farquhar ("common")

Anatidae.

Anas superciliosa, subspecies.

Aneiteum: Tristram (records it).

Api: "wild ducks" are reported from here.

Espiritu Santo: Layard.

Phaethontidae.

Phaethon rubricaudus Boddaert. (T.l., Mauritius.)



Aneiteum: Inglis.

Buteonidae.

Urospiza (or Astur) fasciatus insularis (Sarasin).  
(T.l., New Caledonia)

Aneiteum: Inglis; Layard.

Api: Schmeltz.

Faté; Schmeltz.

Circus approximans wolffi Gurney.  
(T.l., New Caledonia.)

?Api: Layard.

Faté: Layard; Farquhar.

Eromanga: Mackinlay.

Falconidae.

Falco peregrinus, or subspecies.

Faté: Layard.

Loriidae.

Layard mentions a small, long-tailed parrot, "with a red breast, and about the size of Lorius solitarius of Fiji", from Espiritu Santo. George Forster refers to parrots, large and beautiful (black, red and yellow), from Tanna, but not known to later travelers.

Trichoglossus massena Bonaparte.

New Hebrides: Brenchley.

Aneiteum: Layard; Inglis (in small flocks, in  
Eromanga: Mackinlay. cocoanuts.)

Faté: Layard; Richards; Mackinlay.

Malekula: Farquhar ("common in all the islands,  
going generally in pairs.")

Tanna: Richards; Mackinlay.

Tongoa: Collett (records it).

Hypocharmosyna palmarum (Gmelin). (T.l., Tanna.)

New Hebrides: Brenchley.

Ambrym: Farquhar ("not very common anywhere"  
on the islands).

Aneiteum: Brit. Mus. (record).

Api: Layard.

Elephant islet (of Espiritu Santo): Farquhar.

Eromanga: Ramsay (records it).

Espiritu Santo: Layard.

Faté: Layard (rare and very wary; feed on  
cocoanut blossoms); Mackinlay;  
Richards.



Tanna: Forster; H.M.S. Herald.

Tongoa: Collett (records it).

Both Layard and Salvadori think H. pygmaea (Gmelin), supposed to have come from Otaheite, may be the female of H. palmarum, and Wigglesworth synonymizes it with the latter.

Psittacidae.

?Cyanoramphus ulietanus (Gmelin).

?Tanna: Brit. Mus. (ex Bullock Colln.). Layard (1880) does not think it occurs at Tanna; he made inquiries about it, but in vain. (See note under this species, in Society group.)

Cuculidae.

Urodynamis t. taitensis (Sparrman).

Ambrym: Layard.

Faté: Layard.

Forbes and Robinson (Bull. Liverpool Mus.) record a specimen from "South Pacific (Suwarrows Island)". There is a Suwarro islet on the e. side of Malekula, but more likely the locality intended is the id. of similar name under group 8 or 14.

Cacomantis schistaceigularis Sharpe.

(T.I., Espiritu Santo.)

Frequently mentioned in the literature as C. bronzinus (Gray).

Ambrym: Layard.

Api: Layard.

Bromanga: Layard.

Espiritu Santo: Layard; Farquhar.

Faté: Layard.

Malekula: Layard.

Malo: Layard.

Cacomantis simus (Peale).

Tanna: (Seeböhm colln.). Specimens from the New Hebrides may prove to be the preceding.

Tytonidae.

Tyto alba lulu (Peale).

Aneiteum: Layard; Inglis (lives in woods and

Api: Layard. not much seen).

Bromanga: Inglis; Layard; Farquhar (saw 2 he thought this species)

Espiritu Santo: Farquhar.

Faté: Layard.



Malekula: Layard.

Tanna: Forster.

Micropodidae.

Collocalia leucopygia Wallace. (T.l., New Caledonia).

Ambrym: Layard.

Api: Layard.

Eromanga: Layard.

Espiritu Santo: Layard.

Faté: Layard.

Malekula: Layard.

Malo: Layard.

Collocalia uropygialis Gray. (T.l., Aneiteum.)

Ambrym: Layard.

Aneiteum: Gray (records it); Brenchley; Inglis

Aniwa: Inglis ("plentiful"). ("plentiful")

Api: 'Challenger'.

Eromanga: Layard.

Espiritu Santo: Layard.

Faté: Layard.

Malekula: Layard; Farquhar.

Malo: Layard.

Tangoa (Espiritu Santo); Farquhar.

Tongoa: Collett (records it).

-----: Inglis.

Collocalia fuciphaga vanikorensis (Quoy & Gaimard).  
(T.l., Vanikoro).

Ambrym: Layard.

Api: Layard;

Eromanga: Layard.

Espiritu Santo: Sayard; Farquhar.

Faté: Layard (not uncommon); Farquhar.

Malekula: Layard.

Malo: Layard.

Alcedinidae.

Sauropatis chloris hyperontia Oberholser  
(T.l., Faté).

Faté; Layard.

Sauropatis sanctus, subspecies.

Ambrym: Layard.

Aneiteum: Inglis.

Api: Layard.

Eromanga: Layard.

Espiritu Santo: Layard.

Faté: Layard.

Malo: Layard.





Malekula: Layard.

Sauropatis tannensis (Sharpe). (T.l., Tanna).

Tanna: Rayner.

Sauropatis solomonis (Ramsey). (T.l., Solomon Ids.)

Aneiteum: Macgillivray.

Api: 'Challenger'.

Sauropatis juliae Heine (T.l., New Hebrides).

Aneiteum: Inglis; Layard.

Aniwa: Inglis.

Api: 'Challenger'.

Eromanga: Inglis; Farquhar.

Espiritu Santo: Farquhar.

Faté: Layard; Mackinlay; Richards.

Malekula: Farquhar.

Malo: Layard.

Tanna: Forster; Layard.

Tongos: Collett (records it).

A specimen from "Vela Harbor", collected by Mackinlay, is doubtless from Fila Harbor, on Faté. Forbes and Robinson think there may be another form on Aniwa, related to juliae.

Halcyon farquhari Sharpe. (T.l., Malekula).

Espiritu Santo: Farquhar.

Malekula: Farquhar.

Sharpe says it is in the "Cyanalcyon section", and its nearest relative seems to be H. leucopygius, of the Solomons.

There appears to be considerable revision necessary in the kingfishers of the New Hebrides and the Fijis, at least, which will require a good series of skins.

#### Hirundinidae.

Hirundo (or Hypurolepis) tahitica Gmelin.  
(T.l., Tahiti).

Aneiteum: Macgillivray.

Api: 'Challenger'.

Espiritu Santo: Layard; Farquhar.

Faté: Layard.

#### Muscicapidae.

Petroica ambrynnensis Sharpe. (T.l., Ambrym).



Ambrym: Farquhar. Sharpe says it is nearer P. pusilla of Fiji and Samoa than to similis of Aneiteum and Tanna.

Petroica similis Gray. (T.l., Aneiteum).

Aneiteum: Macgillivray; Inglis.

Eromanga: Farquhar.

Tanna: Layard.

Rhipidura bulgeri Layard. (T.l., New Caledonia.)

Tongoa: Collett (records it). Not certain it is this species.

Rhipidura brenchleyi Sharpe. (T.l., Aneiteum.)

Aneiteum: Brenchley.

Tanna: Forster.

Rhipidura erromangae Sharpe. (T.l., Eromanga.)

Eromanga: Farquhar; ?Inglis. Sharpe says it is intermediate between R. brenchleyi and R. saturata.

Rhipidura "n. sp.?"

Tongoa: Collett (records it). Says it is allied to R. verreauxi.

Rhipidura sancta Sharpe. (T.l., Espiritu Santo.)

Espiritu Santo: Farquhar. Allied to R. verreauxi

Rhipidura melanolaema Sharpe. (T.l., "Malikollo or Vanikoro".)

Malekula: Schmeltz.

Myiagra perspicillata tannaensis Tristram  
(T.l., Tanna.)

Aneiteum: (Mus. Tristram).

Api: Farquhar.

?Faté:

Eromanga: Farquhar.

Tanna: Layard.

Tongoa: Collett (records it).

Myiagra caledonica melanura Gray. (T.l., Eromanga and Aneiteum.)

Ambrym: Layard.

Aneiteum: Macgillivray; Inglis; Layard.

Aniwa: Inglis; Layard.

Api: Layard.

Eromanga: Macgillivray; Layard; Mackinlay.

Espiritu Santo: Layard.



Faté: Layard; Mackinlay.  
Malekula: Layard; Farquhar.  
Malo: Layard.  
Rano (islet of Malekula): Farquhar.

Piezorhynchus sericeus Ramsay. (T.l., Espiritu Santo)

Espiritu Santo: Braithwaite. Obtained about two mi. inland from Bougainville Channel. Ramsay says it looks like Lalage banksiana but is a member of the present genus.

Campephagidae.

Artamides caledonicus thilenii (Neumann).  
(T.l., Espiritu Santo)

Eromanga: Macgillivray; Inglis; Mackinlay;  
Espiritu Santo: Layard. Robertson.  
Malekula: Layard; Farquhar ("common" and "very  
Malo: Layard. inquisitive").

Neumann mentions only Espiritu Santo birds under this form, but probably all New Hebrides birds belong here, as Layard long ago (Ibis, 1880, 228) called attention to differences between the birds of New Caledonia and Malekula.

Lalage banksiana Gray. (T.l., Vanua Lava.)

Faté: Layard (saw one under favorable conditions but did not get it). The Brit. Mus. must have others from this island, as Sharpe says (Ibis, 1900, 343) "I cannot see that the Efaté examples in the Museum are different from the Vanua Lava birds", and that the presence of this species on Faté is a "somewhat curious fact in geographical distribution." L. banksiana has the under surface of body and light pattern of wings and tail white, with a "slight tinge of fawn-colour", while L. flavotincta is a "beautiful yellow" on these parts. The history of the Faté and Vanua Lava birds should be looked into, or, better, fresh material secured; if "skinned from alcohol", banksiana could be easily explained.

Lalage flavotincta Sharpe. (T.l., Espiritu Santo.)

Espiritu Santo: Farquhar.  
Eromanga: Robertson (collected in mountains).  
Malekula: Farquhar.  
Tangoa (islet of Espiritu Santo): Farquhar.

Diaphoropterus montrosieri (Verreaux & Des Murs).  
(T.l., New Caledonia.)

Aneiteum: Inglis (Tristram queried the species;  
1 spn. in bad condition).



Eromanga: Inglis; Farquhar.

Faté: Layard; Farquhar.

Malekula: Farquhar.

Tongoa: Collett (recorded it.)

### Turdidae.

Turdus (or Planesticus) mareensis Layard & Tristram.  
(T.l., Maré, Loyalty Ids.)

Espiritu Santo: Farquhar (Very wild, but not uncommon; eggs in Aug. and Sept.)

Malekula: Farquhar (an immature female, the only one seen).

Farquhar thinks the Malekula bird not so dark as that from Espiritu Santo.

Sharpe could not make a good comparison of the Farquhar birds with those of mareensis from Maré, as all of Layard's spns. "seem to have been preserved in spirits." He thinks (with Wigglesworth) that New Hebrides and Maré birds should be compared with those from Vanikoro, since mareensis may prove to be a synonym of vanikornensis.

Turdus (or Planesticus), species.

Ambrym: Layard. Wigglesworth thinks this may be vanikorensis.

Turdus (or Planesticus) pritzbueri (Layard).  
(T.l., Lifu, Loyalty Ids.)

?Malo: Layard.

Tanna: Macgillivray; Layard.

Turdus (or Planesticus) albifrons Ramsay.  
(T.l., mts. of Eromanga.)

Eromanga: Robertson (mts.)

### Artamidae.

Artamus leucorhynchus melaleucus (Wagler).  
(T.l., New Caledonia.)

Api: 'Challenger'.

Espiritu Santo: Layard; Farquhar.

Faté: Layard; Farquhar.

Malekula: Layard.

Tongoa: Collett (records it).

Farquhar says it is common on some of the islands.

### Prionopidae.

Clytorhynchus grisescens Sharpe. (T.l., Espiritu Santo)

Espiritu Santo: Farquhar.

Malekula: Farquhar.





Clytorhynchus vatensis Sharpe. (T.l., Faté)

Faté: Layard; Farquhar (1 female). Layard shot one in May on the side of the island opposite from Havannah Harbor.

"Laniidae."

Pachycephala intacta Sharpe. (T.l., Malekula.)

Espiritu Santo: Layard; Farquhar.

Faté: Layard.

Malekula: Layard; Farquhar ("common")

Pachycephala chlorura Gray. (T.l., Eromanga.)

New Hebrides: Brenchley.

Ambrym: Layard.

Aneiteum: Macgillivray; Inglis; Layard.

Api: Macgillivray; Layard.

Eromanga: Macgillivray; Layard.

Malo: Layard.

Tanna:

Tongoa: Collett (records it).

Eopsaltria cucullata Gray is the female of this species. Possibly birds from Ambrym, Api, Malo, and Tongoa, or some of them, belong to the preceding species.

Zosteropidae.

Zosterops macgillivrayi Sharpe. (T.l., Malekula.)

Aneiteum:

Api: Farquhar.

Malekula: Farquhar.

Sharpe says it is related to Z. rendovae.

Zosterops flavifrons (Gmelin). (T.l., Tanna.)

New Hebrides: Brenchley.

Aneiteum: Inglis.

Aniwa: Inglis.

Eromanga: Macgillivray; Mackinlay.

Faté: Layard; Mackinlay; Farquhar.

Tanna: Forster; Mackinlay.

Tongoa: Collett (recorded it).

Zosterops griseonota Gray. (T.l., Nu Id., New Caledonia.)

Ambrym: Layard.

Api: Layard.

Eromanga: Brenchley; Layard; Robertson.

Faté: Richards; Layard.

Espiritu Santo: Layard; Farquhar.

Malekula: Layard.



Malo: Layard.

Tongoa: Collett (recorded it).

Sharpe now thinks Z. vatensis is a synonym of this. He says the white under tail-coverts are due to the specimens having been preserved in alcohol, "which has destroyed the yellow tint." The compiler has put all references relating to vatensis and westernensis here.

Meliphagidae.

Myzomela cardinalis (Gmelin). (T.l., Tanna.)

Aneiteum: Macgillivray; Inglis.) I am not cer-  
 Aniwa: Macgillivray; Inglis. ) tain Macgilli-  
 Eromanga: Macgillivray; Inglis.) vray got spec-  
 Espiritu Santo: Farquhar. mens on each of  
 Faté: Farquhar. these ids. CWR.  
 Malekula: Farquhar.

Tanna: Forster; Layard; Mackinlay.

Tongoa: Collett (recorded it).

Tristram named M. splendida from Tanna, but this is type locality of M. cardinalis.

?Myzomela chermesina Gray. (T.l., unknown.)

?Malekula: (in Brit. Mus.). Some writers question the locality, but Gadow records the specimen from "Manikollo" without a query. Sharpe records the species only from Rotuma in his Hand-List.

?Myzomela caledonica Forbes. (T.l., New Caledonia.)

Api: Layard.

Faté: Layard.

Malekula: Layard.

Forbes says "Mr. Layard also met with a Myzomela,\*\* in the New Hebrides, on the islands of Vate, Api, and Mallikollo, and remarks that a specimen procured is identical with the New-Caledonian bird; so that it seems probable that M. caledonica may extend its range as far as these islands; but specimens to show this are as yet wanting." (P.Z.S., 1879, 260.)

Gliciphila flavotincta Gray. (T.l., Eromanga.)

Eromanga: Brenchley; Farquhar.

Faté: Layard; Mackinlay; Farquhar.

Tanna: Mackinlay.

Tongoa: Collett (records it).

Ploceidae.

Erythura cyanofrons Layard. (T.l., Lifu, Loyalty  
 Ids.)

Ambrym: Farquhar.



Eromanga: Robertson.  
 Faté: Farquhar.  
 Tanna: Layard; Richards.

Erythura regia (Sclater). (T.l., Api.)

Api: Kenneth Howard (found it in interior of id.)  
 Tongoa: Collett (records it).

Erythura serena (Sclater). (T.l., Aneiteum.)

Aneiteum: Macgillivray.  
 ?Faté: Layard. (Possibly this record belongs  
 under E. cyanofrons.)

"Eulabetidae."

Aplonis rufinennis Layard. (T.l., Faté).

Ambrym: Mus. Liverpool; Farquhar.  
 Espiritu Santo: Mus. Liverpool; Farquhar.  
 Faté: Layard. The type of this species is in the  
 Liverpool Museum, and was sent from Faté "in alcohol".  
 Sharpe borrowed the specimen and decided that Espiritu  
 Santo and Ambrym birds were the same--"Evidently  
 identical"; he also thought the same species was  
 figured in the Voy. 'Astrolabe' (pl. 9, fig. 1) as  
Lamprotornis zelandica.

17a. Banks Islands. Birds.

Megapodidae.

Megapodius brazieri Sclater. (T.l., Vanua Lava.)

Vanua Lava: Brazier. This species was based on  
 an egg from John Brazier.

Megapodius layardi Tristram.

Vanua Lava: Brenchley. Gray records eggs obtain-  
 ed by Brenchley. Possibly these are the same as  
Megapodius brazieri.

Loriidae.

Trichoglossus massena Bonaparte.

Vanua Lava: Brenchley.

Hypocharmosyna palmarum (Gmelin).

Vanua Lava: Farquhar.



Muscicapidae.

Rhipidura spilodera Gray. (T.l., Vanua Lava.)

Vanua Lava: Brenchley.

Myiagra caledonica melanura Gray.

Vanua Lava: Brenchley.

Campephagidae.

Lalage banksiana Gray. (T.l., Vanua Lava.)

Vanua Lava: Brenchley. See reference to this species under New Hebrides.

Meliphagidae.

Gliciphila notabilis Sharpe. (T.l., Vanua Lave.)

Vanua Lava: Farquhar (1 pair). Sharpe says this appears to replace G. flavotincta on Vanua Lava, and that its nearest ally "seems to be G. fasciata of New Caledonia."

17b. Santa Cruz Islands. Birds.

Treronidae.

Ptilinopus greyi "Gray" Bonaparte. (T.l., Vanikoro).

Santa Cruz; Mus. Liverpool.

Vanikoro: 'Astrolabe'.

Globicera pacifica, subspecies.

Vanikoro: 'Astrolabe'.

Scolopacidae.

Heteroscelus incanus (Gmelin).

Santa Cruz: Mus. Liverpool.

Micropodidae.

Collocalia fuciphaga vanikorensis (Quoy & Gaimard).  
(T.l., Vanikoro.)

Vanikoro: Quoy & Gaimard.

Alcedinidae.





Gray (1859, p. 7) says Quoy and Gaimard recorded a "Martin Chasseur" from Vanikoro, but did not describe it.

Muscicapidae.

Rhipidura melanolaema Sharpe. (T.l., "Malikollo or Vanikoro.")

Vanikoro: Hombron & Jacquinot.

Rhipidura astrolabi Oustalet. (T.l., Vanikoro.)

Vanikoro: Quoy & Gaimard.

Turdidae.

Turdus (or Planesticus) vanikorensis (Quoy & Gaimard)  
(T.l., Vanikoro.)

Vanikoro: 'Astrolabe.'

"Laniidae."

Pachycephala vanicorensis Oustalet. (T.l. Vanikoro).

Vanikoro: Quoy & Gaimard.

"Eulabetidae."

Aplonis maxwelli Forbes. (T.l., Santa Cruz Id.)

Santa Cruz: (ex Tristram colln.).



17a. Banks Group (of the New Hebrides).

"Lágrimas de San Pedro" (of Quirós) may be equivalent to this group. Annexed by the British in 1898, according to Brigham; or, government administered by British and French, conjointly, according to the Hydrographic Pilot. Inhabitants are decreasing yearly (syphilis very prevalent); mostly friendly at this time. Much fever in some districts. A poisonous plant, called "salata" causes ugly sores and ulcers.

The Hydrographic Pilot gives the limits of this group as 13° 48' S., and 167° 05' E., and includes here Tucopia, Anuda, and Fataka (which, in the present list, are placed under the Santa Cruz group).

Ababa [= Torres] .

Alaba [= Torres] .

Ara: small wooded islet, 250 ft. high; inhab. Is on Araa.

fringing reef of Valua, off and close to s.w. point.

Araa [= Ara] .

Avava [= Torres].

Baba [= Torres].

Bennett: discovered by Capt. Hunter of the vessel Marshall

Bennett, in 1835; mentioned by Findlay in 1851, but not in the latest edition of his 'Directory.' Said to be due south of the Banks group, distant about 14-16 miles; of good height and even appearance, and sloping at the sides; thought to be about 30-35 mi. diam., and probably inhab., as fires were seen.

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Bligh [= Ureparapara].

Claire: an isolated rock to the s. w. of Mota.

Gana [= Gaua].

Gaua: nearly circular in shape, 10 mi. or more in diam.;

Gana.

Gog.

Santa Maria.

outlying reef runs round island; 2300 ft. high, flat-topped, with fine lake in center at about 2000 ft., where ducks are said to "abound"; steep cliffs on n. w. and s. w. points, but n. e. end is low; fine forest; inhab.; mission station here. A cave at promontory at "Cocksparrow Point" has a legend of many birds inhabiting it; and "pigeons" occur at Lakona Bay, on s. w. coast. Many pigs here. Some small islets occur off n. 3., and n. and w. sides.

Gog [= Gaua].

Hiu [= Hiw].

Hiw: 6 1/2 x 3 1/2 mi.; 1230 ft. high.. n. w. point is

Hiu.

North. low; wooded; inhab. In Torres group.

Kakea: low, flat-topped islet of Port Patteson, Vanua Lava;

Pakea.

Qakea. wooded.

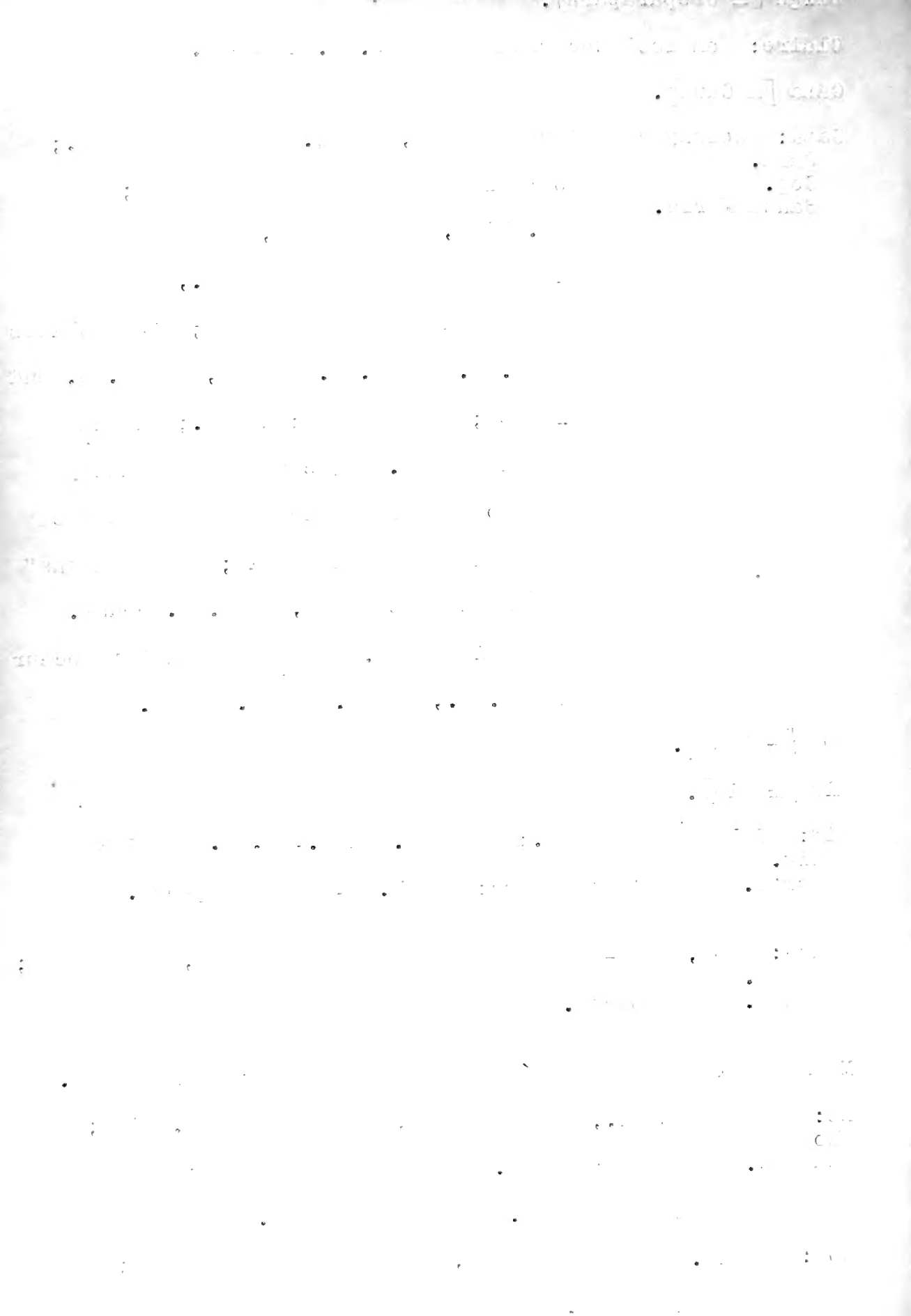
**Ea Margaritana** (of Quirós) may be one of the Banks group.

Lo: 3 1/2 x 2 mi., with 2 peaks, 390 and 353 ft. high;

Low?

Saddle. wooded; inhab. friendly and amiable; mission station here. In Torres group.

Low: an id. near Vanua Lava, mentioned by Brenchley; may be same as Lo.



Meralaba [= Merlav].

Meralav [= Merlav].

Merelava [= Merlav].

Merig: small islet, 200 ft. high; about 30 inhab. No an-Merigi.

St. Claire. anchorage; landing (on n. e. side) is bad.

Merigi [= Merig].

Merlav: small id., 2 1/4 mi. diam., with inactive volcano

Meralaba.

Meralav. (conical peak 2900 ft. high); inhab.,

Merelava.

Merlay. land cultivated for some distance up moun-

Pic de l'Etoile.

Star. tain side; mission station here.

Star Peak.

Merlay [= Merlav].

Metoma: 1 1/4 x 3 /4 mi.; oval in shape; 412 ft. high.

Ovale.

smallest of Torres group.

Middle [= Tegua].

Mota: "8-10" mi. circ., or 2 mi. diam., has 2 wooded peaks

Nostra Senora de la Luz.

Pan de Azucar.

about 1350 ft. high, in center

San Marcos?

Sugar Loaf.

of id.; coast cliffy, and landing

difficult; vegetation luxuriant,

but water scarce; inhab.; head-

quarters of Melanesian mission in

Banks group located here.

Mota Lava: name given to s. part of Valua.

Niwula: islet near Kakea, low; flat-topped; wooded. On e.

side Vanua Lava.

Norbarbar [= native name for Ureparapara].

North [= Hiw].

Nostra Senora de la Luz [= Mota].



Montréal [ = Montréal ]

Montréal [ = Montréal ]

Montréal [ = Montréal ]

Montréal: small island, 100 ft. high, in the

St. Lawrence.

St. Lawrence: small island, 100 ft. high, in the

Montréal [ = Montréal ]

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St. Lawrence.

Montréal: small island, 100 ft. high, in the

St. Lawrence.

Ovale [= Metoma].

Pakea [= Kakea].

Pan de Azucar [= Mota].

Pic de l'Étoile [= Merlav].

"Pukapuka" (of traders) [= Tog].

Qakea [= Kakea].

Ravena [= Ravenga] .

Ravenga : about 1/2 mi. diam.; about 70 ft. high; some red  
Ravena.  
Revena. cliffs at west end; wooded; inhab. Off Port  
Patteson, e. coast Vanua Lava.

Reef Islets: 3 small, low, sandy, wooded islets about 4 mi.  
n. of Vanua Lava; one islet, Rowa, is inhab.

Revena [= Ravenga] .

Rowa: northermost of the Reef Group; a few inhab.; mission  
Rowo.  
station here.

Rowo [= Rowa].

Saddle [= Lo].

Saddle [= Valua].

San Marcos (of Quirós) may be sane as Mota.

Sanna: small, narrow islet, south of Rowa Reef.

Santa Maria [= Gaua].

South [= Tog].

Star [= Merlav] .

Star Peak [= Merlav].

St. Claire [= Merig].

Sugar Loaf [= Mota].

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Tegua: 3 1/2 mi. diam.; circular id. in middle of Torres  
Middle.  
Torga. group, with peak 643 ft. high; inhab.;  
mission station here. Is 2 1/2 mi. s. e.  
of Hiw.

Tog: 8-9 mi. circ., flat-topped; "600" or "896" or "901"  
Pukapuka  
South. ft. high; steep and bluff in most places, with  
Toga. coast cliffs; inhab.; mission station here.

Toga [= Tog].

Torga [= Tegua].

Torres group: 5 ids. of coral formation; inhab.; little  
Ababa.  
Alaba. water; Hiw is 1200 ft. high, others much  
Avava.  
Baba. lower; geologically recent; Melanesian  
Vava. mission station here. Ids. are: Hiw (or  
North), Lo (or Saddle), Metoma (betw.  
Middle and North), Tegua (or Middle), and  
Tog (or South).

Ureparapara: 12 mi. circ.; 2440 ft. high; volcanic; mtn.  
Bligh.  
Norharbar. wooded; e. side fertile, but w. side more  
steep and rocky; coconuts abound; inhab.;  
mission station here. Has 12 ? islets.

Valua: 6 mi. long; 1465 ft. high; n. e. side is bold and  
Mota Lava.  
Saddle. rocky; Mota Lava is the s. part, where  
965 ft. high (a rocky bluff); fertile,  
wooded; inhab.; mission station here.  
Cattle, goats, fowls, and ducks are  
raised.

[illegible]

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• [425] = 89.09

1. The first part of the document is a list of names and titles, including "The Hon. Mr. Justice" and "The Hon. Mr. Justice".

Vanua Lava: 15 x 10 mi.; largest of Banks Group; a volcanic range over 3000 ft. high runs through id.; active volcano on ridge; some low swampy land on e. side, betw. coast and hills; coast rocky; thickly wooded everywhere; thickly inhab.; mission station here. Port Patteson is a harbor on e. coast. Kakea, Niwula, and Ravenga are islets.

Vanua Lavu [= Vanua Lava].

Vatganai: islet consisting of 2 rocks, 250 ft. high,  
Vatu Rhandi. top covered with trees; northermost of Banks group.

Vatu Rhandi [= Vatganai].

Vava [= Torres].

Venua Lava [= Vanua Lava].



17b. Santa Cruz Group ( of New Hebrides)

British Protectorate, and administered by same authority as for Solomon Islands. Speiser (1913) says annexed by Great Britain in 1898, and are under the jurisdiction of the Solomon Islands. Said to consist of 7 larger islands, with various lesser ones. Climate damp, hot, and unhealthful, even to the natives, who are "covered with ulcers" (Hydrogr. Pilot). Natives good natured, but not to be trusted.

Aldersey [= Vanikoro].

Annula [= Anuda] .

Anologo: 1 mi. long; 120 ft. high ; 17 mi. w. 3/4 s. from  
Nakoga.  
Nalogo. Matemá group.

Anouda [= Anuda].

Anuda: 1 1/2 or 1/2 mi. diam.; a hill is "212" or "325"  
Annula. ft. high, and appears bare, but is well cul-  
Anouda. tivated; valley is well wooded, and id. is  
Cherry. thickly "covered with vegetation"; fine  
sandy beach on w. side; inhab.

Banepe [= Panavi] .

Banga Ndeni [= Nimanu] .

Banganeda [= Matemá] .

Banga Netepa [= Panavi].

Barwell [= Tucopia] .

Bass: islets of Taumaco group; 200 ft. high; about 5 mi.  
s. e. of Disappointment Id.





Cherry [= Anuda].

Chucupia [= Tucopia].

Combermere [= Nanounha].

Deni [= Sta. Cruz].

Direction [= Manevai].

Disappointment: 1200 ft. high; well wooded; inhab. (have  
Monterey. bows and poisoned arrows, but said to  
Netepa. be friendly. Largest of Duff group.  
Tuamaco.

Duff group: small ids., 17 mi. in extent, consist of vol-  
Wilson group. canic rocks, the easternmost covered with  
trees; inhab. Ids. are: Bass, Disappoint-  
ment, Obelisk, Treasurers, etc.

Edgecombe [= Tapua].

Edgecumbe [= Tapua].

Egmont [= Sta. Cruz].

Fatáka: 2 mi. long; consists of 2 hills and a rock; "steep  
Mitre. and covered with wood," or "bare of vege-  
tation" according to another source; un-  
inhab., but visited by natives of Tucopia,  
"who catch birds and sharks."

Fenualoa:  $4 \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \frac{3}{4}$  mi. or  $1 \frac{1}{2}$  by less than 1 mi.; 100-  
200 ft. high; e. side bold, with bluff on n. e.  
coast; extensive reefs; inhab.

Fenuloa [= Fenualoa?].

Garden [= Temotu].

Huerta [= Temotu].

Kennedy [= Motuiti].

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• Vereinfachung

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Yaboku:

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• *Chrysothrix*

La Guerta [= Temotu].

La Perouse [= Vanikoro group; Vanikoro and Tevai].

Lomlon: 5 x 1 1/2 mi.; 200 ft. high; inhab. In Matemá  
Navelo.  
Nevelo. group.

Lord Howe: islet off s. e. end of Sta. Cruz; 3 x 1 mi.;  
"moderate height"; covered with trees.

Malema [= Matemá]..

Manevai: small islet of Vanikoro; 250 ft. high.  
Direction.

Manicolo [= Vanikoro].

Mannicolo [= Vanikoro].

Marex: doubtful id. or reef, alleged in 8° 25' s., 165°  
32' E.

Matemá : small; 100 ft. high; only id. on s. side of  
Great Reef, about midway betw. Lomlon and West  
Point of Great Reef. Of Matemá group.

Matema group: 9 or more ids.; small; low coral patches,  
Banganeda. about 30 ft. high (or, Hydr. Pilot says  
Malema. 100-200 ft. high), with labyrinth of reefs  
Reef. round them; mostly inhab. (treacherous,  
Swallow. formerly at least). Anologo, Lomlon,  
Nimanu, Nufiluli, Nukapu, Nupani, Panavi,  
Fileni, and perhaps others.

Mattoetee [= Motuiti].

Mitre [= Fatáka].

Monterey [= Disappointment].

De l'ouest [ = l'ouest ]

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Motuiti: little known of it; "existence doubtful" according to Kennedy.  
Mattoetee. ing to Hydrogr. chart; said to be in  
8° 36' S., 167° 5' 3"; searched for in  
1883 and 1898, but not found.

Nakoga [= Anologo].

Nalogo [= traders' name for Anologo].

Nanounha: a small, low islet off n. point of Vanikoro; not  
Combermere.  
over 3000 ft. in circ.

Naunha: low islet on n. side of Vanikoro.

Navelo [= Lomlom].

Ndeni [= Santa Cruz].

Netepa [= Disappointment].

Nevelo [= Lomlom].

New Alderney [= Tapua].

New Jersey: adjoins Santa Cruz.

Nibanga [= Nimanu].

Nifilofi [= Nufiluli].

Nifiloli [= Nufiluli].

Nimanu: small, round, "bold-looking" id., 200 ft. high;  
Banga Ndeni. inhab. Is s. e. id. of Matema group,  
Nibanga. and 25 mi. n. e. of Sta. Cruz.

Nitendi [= Santa Cruz].

Nivluli [= Nufiluli].

Nuestra Senora del Socorro [= Taumaco].

Nufiloli [= Nufiluli].

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Nufiluli: 1 mi. long; 120 ft. high; wooded?; inhab.;  
Nifilofi.  
Nifilole. natives (friendly) have money with  
Nifiloli.  
Nivluli. scarlet feathers on it. In Matemá  
Nufiloli. group, and about one mi. from Fenualoa.

Nukapu: 1 mi. long; narrow, and 120 ft. high, low at s.  
end; reef encircles id.; covered with dense  
bush; inhab. (were hostile in 1871). Is in  
Matemá group.

Nungna: islet on Boussole reef, s. e. side of Vanikoro.

Nupani: 1 mi. long; 120 ft. high; about 2 mi. n. w. of  
Anologo, in Matemá group.

Obelisk: a rock in the Duff group, with several small high  
islets near it, most of them barren, but 2  
covered with trees.

Ourry [= Tapua].

Panavi: eastern id. of Matemá group; size and appearance  
Banepe.  
Banepi. of Nimanu, but only about 180 ft. high;  
Banga Netepa. well wooded; inhab.

Pileni: 1 mi. long; 100 ft. high; wooded?; inhab. (natives  
have money with scarlet feathers on it). In  
Matemá group, and next id. w. of Nufiluli, which  
is 3 mi. distant. Mission and trading stations  
here.

Pitt's [= Vanikoro].



$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2}$$

Queen Charlotte's: about half way betw. Vanikoro and Sta.

Cruz. Mentioned by Erskine, and  
probably in this list under another  
name.

Recherche (Ile de la) [= French name for Vanikoro].

Reef [= Matemá group.]

Sand: sandy islet near Pileni, in Matemá group; about  
10 ft. high.

Sanja Cruz: 15 mi. long, with fringing reef; mtns. at n.  
Deni.  
Egmont. e. end and about 1800 ft. high, heavily  
Ndendi. wooded to summit; thickly inhab.; natives  
Ndeni. use poisoned arrows. (Coote says "Nitendi"  
Nitendi. is a bold, high id., with no outlying reef;  
inhabited and forested; possibly his  
Nitendi is another id.)

Swallow [= Matemá group].

Tamami [= Tinakula].

Tamani [= Tinakula].

Taomaco [= Torres' name for Taumaco].

Tapoua - Tapua .

Tapua: 6 mi.; has 2 lofty wooded hills; wooded; inhab.  
Edgecombe.  
Edgecumbe. (friendly). Is about 20 or more mi. n. and  
New Alderney. w. of Vanikoro; uncertain entrance thro  
Ourry. reef (which fully encircles id.) for a  
Tapoua. 100-ton boat.  
Tupua.  
Utupua.



Taumaco: said to be in Duff group, and may be same  
Nuestra Senora del Socorro.  
Taomaco. as Disappointment.

Taumaco group: may be part of Duff group? Has Bass, Obelisk,  
and possibly others.

Tavai [= Tevai] .

Tecopia [= Tucopia] .

Temelflua [= Tucopia] .

Temotu. 10 mi. circ; triangular in shape; rather  
Garden.  
Huerta. low, and covered with trees; mission  
La Guerta.  
Trevanion. station here. About 1 mi. off n. w.  
end of Sta. Cruz.

Tevai: 9 mi. circ., or 8 x 4 mi.; high; on reef with  
Tavai.  
Vanikoro.

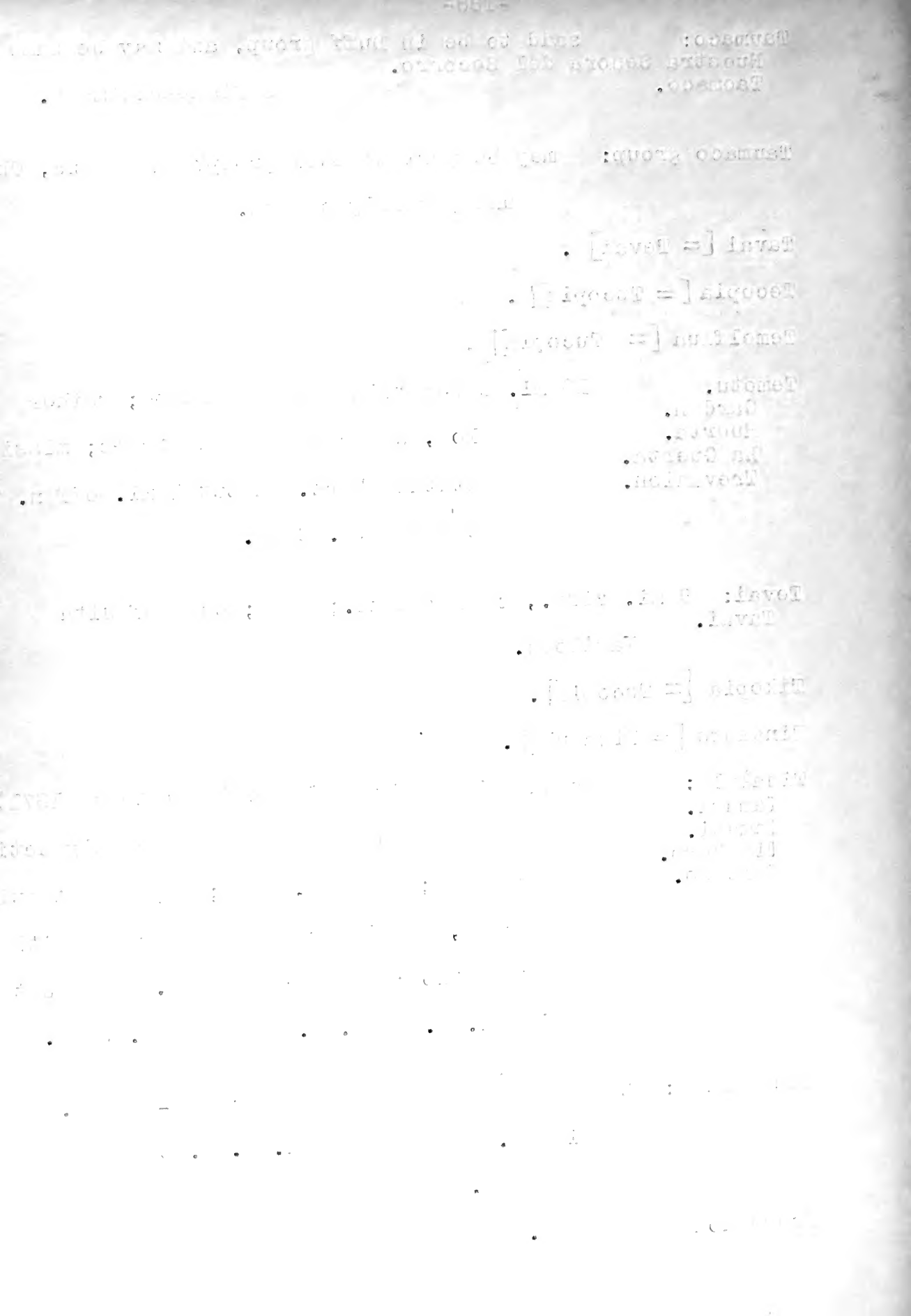
Tikopia [= Tucopia] .

Tinakoro [= Tinakula] .

Tinakula: permanently active volcano (as late as 1871),  
Tamami.  
Tamani. and appeared to have been recently active  
Tinakoro. in 1886); 2200 ft. high; upper part quite  
Volcano. barren, but lower portion covered with  
vegetation; no natives seen. Is about  
16 mi. n. of n. w. end of Sta. Cruz.

Treasurers: 2d in size of the Duff group; 150-175 ft. high;  
inhab. Is about 6 mi. n. w. of Disappoint-  
ment Id.

Trevanion [= Temotu.]



Tuamaco (of Quiros) [= Disappointment] .

Tucopia: 7 mi. circ.; "3000" or "1235" ft. high; thickly  
Barwell.

Chucupia. wooded, with many coconuts; inside of

Tecopia.

Temelflua. crater covered with "beautiful vegetation";

Tilopia.

Tukopia. near center of id. is a deep lake; inhab.

(friendly).

Tukopia [= Tucopia] .

Tupua [= Tapua] .

Utupua [= Tapua] .

Vanikolo [= Vanikoro] .

Vanikoro: 13 x 7 mi.; Mt. Kapogo 3031 ft. high; mtns.

Aldersey.

Manicolo.

Mannicolo.

Ile de la

Recherche.

Pitt's.

Vanikolo.

mostly descend "direct to the sea",

with "little level ground in the in-

terior"; densely wooded; mangroves to

water's edge in most places; climate

hot, damp and unhealthful; coast

only inhab. (who were said to be

friendly about 1880, but caution

needed in dealing with them); reef is

about 30-36 mi. in circ.; dangerous

reefs jutting out in all directions.

Poisonous snakes said to occur.

Vanikoro Ids.; consis of Vanikoro, Tevai, and several islets.  
La Perouse.

Volcano [= Tinakula] .

Wilson group [= Duff group] .

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17, 17a, 17b. New Hebrides, Banks and Santa Cruz Islands.

Chief collectors and voyages in these groups.

Cook's second Voyage, 1772-1775. J. R. Forster, his son Georg, and Anders Sparrman were naturalists. Visited Malekula, Monument, and Tanna, in July-August, 1774.

Voyage of 'Astrolabe', 1826-29, under Capt. J. Dumont-d'Urville. J. R. C. Quoy and Paul Gaimard were naturalists. Visited Vanikoro.

Voyage of 'Astrolabe' and 'Zélée', 1837-40, under Capt. Dumont-d'Urville. Hombron and H. Jacquinot were naturalists. Visited Vanikoro in Oct. or Nov., 1838.

Voyage of 'Sulphur', 1837?-1840?, under Capt. Edward Belcher. Dr. Hinds appears to have acted as naturalist. Visited Tanna.

Voyage of 'Herald', 1845-185--?, under Capt. Henry Kellett. Dr. F. M. Rayner acted as naturalist part of the time, and apparently John Macgillivray also. Visited the New Hebrides on one or more cruises.

Voyage of 'Rattlesnake', about 1854-55. John Macgillivray was with it part of the time. Visited some of the islands.

Voyage of 'Curaçoa', 1865. Julius L. Breachley was with it. Visited Aneiteum, Eromanga, Faté, Tanna, and Vanua Lava.

Voyage of 'Challenger', 1872-76. H. N. Mosley was one of the naturalists. Visited some of the islands, such as Api, about 1875. "Our parties were landed for about three hours on Api, with orders not to wander far from the beach." They got six birds.

Dr. A. Mackinlay obtained various birds for Ramsay (Australian Museum), very likely in spirits, about 1878. He was attached to the H.M.S. 'Nymphé'.

Rev. J. Inglis, stationed at Aneiteum, sent Tristram various birds from there and Aniwa, about 1874.

Rev. H. A. Robertson, stationed at Eromanga, sent Ramsay birds in spirits, about 1878.

Dr. A. Corrie got a few birds for Ramsay in the '70's.

E. L. Layard and his son visited some of the islands, and received material from others who were stationed in this group.

Lieut. George E. Richards, R.N., collected birds on some islands for Tristram.





John Brazier obtained the egg of a species of *Megapodius* on Vanua Lava, and possibly other things, in the '50's or '60's.

Capt. Kenneth Howard, R.N., collected the type of *Erythura regia* on Api, in August, 1880, and possibly other birds.

Capt. A. M. Farquhar (May-Oct., 1899, at least) visited several islands, such as Espiritu Santo (and islets Tangoa and Elephant), Eromanga, Faté, Malekula (and Rano islet), Api, Ambrym, and Vanua Lava, and made a collection which is now in Brit. Museum (Sharpe, Ibis, 1900, 337; 351, pl.vii; and Farquhar, same volume). He did not "trouble about the sea or shore birds." He says the birds "in the New Hebrides are very shy, at least the smaller kinds, for the natives seem to be always after them with their bows."

Robert Collett reported upon a collection made on Tongoa, but did not give the name of the collector.

The name "Frank" sometimes appears in old records for the New Hebrides, but this is probably the dealer of that name, and not a collector.

A. H. Markham in the cruise of the 'Rosario', sailed from Sydney, Oct. 19, 1871, and returned there Feb. 8, 1872. He visited the New Hebrides and Santa Cruz Islands, but may not have collected any specimens. On Anuda he says "we shot several pigeons of the bronze-wing kind, which proved capital eating."

Observations by Georg Forster (Voyage Round the World, ii, 1777, 375-6): "The natural productions of the New Hebrides, exclusive of all kinds of artificial riches, are therefore in my opinion considerable enough to engage the attention of future voyagers." On Malekula he says "we saw enough, however, to be convinced that the woods are inhabited by many species of birds,..." His party did not seem to get far from the shore, though they spent several days on the island, in July, 1774. Of Monument, he says "A great number of boobies and terns were seen flying about it, and seemed to have taken up their residence on it." On Tanna (Aug. 5-20, 1774), near the coast, he saw "a great number of birds of different sorts, chiefly fly-catchers, creepers, and paroquets" in coconut groves with undergrowth of shrubbery. On a plain they shot a number of small birds, but lost most of them in the thick grass. In large trees were "pigeons of different kinds, and chiefly of the sort which are to be met with at the Friendly Islands." Toward the volcano, and in a forest of high trees, "numbers of pigeons and paroquets fluttered about. We passed some time in shooting here." On the 15th "we rambled about among the woods on the plain, and shot several birds, of which the island has a great variety." Their most "valuable acquisition, in our opinion, was a pigeon, of the sort which is common at the Friendly Islands!"



(It had been feeding on nutmegs, and gave them the first clue, apparently, to the presence of nutmegs on Tanna.) On Aug. 16th, they went" into the woods on the plain. We saw a great number of large and beautiful parroquets, of black, red and yellow plumage; but they kept on the tops of the highest fig-trees, where they were wholly out of the reach of small shot, guarded by the thick foliage." He says the trees were at least 150 feet high. This woods was in a marshy place; and a pond nearby "was likewise the abode of rails and ducks, of which we could never obtain any, though they appeared to be of a new species." They went on through the plain, keeping on its western part, and then into a forest. "Here we shot a species of wild dove hitherto unknown to naturalists, and saw some parroquets, which were excessively shy." Still farther, they came to a large fig-tree, where "a prodigious number of birds, of a very diminutive size, fluttered about on its uppermost branches, and picked off the fruit." They fired at birds while under this tree, but he does not say they got any. On August 17th, "we passed some time in a fine plantation of bananas close to the western corner of the beach, where a number of parrots destroyed the fruit; but they were so extremely shy, that we attempted in vain to come at them." On August 19th, the party went into the interior some distance, and in a cluster of trees found "Their branches were the resort of various birds, adorned with the brightest colours," etc. As a general observation, Georg Forster remarks that the woods of Tanna "contained a variety of birds, especially several sorts of pigeons, parroquets, and fly-catchers. Among the latter we found a species which is likewise to be met with in New Zealand. The Ceylanese owl, a species of creeper, a sort of duck, and a purple water-hen were like-wise seen; but all in general were remarkably shy, which seems to indicate their being pursued by the natives."

Very likely the shyness or friendliness of birds will prove to be of some assistance in fixing the relative time of man on various islands. We know the birds of the Galapagos were excessively tame at the time of Darwin's visit, but here in the New Hebrides, at the time of Cook's voyage, they were very wild, and probably continue so to this day. Let us hope that Rollo H. Beck will, through mature consideration of the evidence, supply the world with some data that will help it through.



25. Tokelau (Tokolau, Tokerau) or Union Group.

Three low coral islands, with many islets, extending 180 (Findlay says 93) miles n.w.-s.e. Visited four times a year by steamer from Sydney, and about every two months by vessel from Samoa.

British since 1889.

Afua: islet of Fakaafo.

Atafu: reef with 63 islets (according to Brigham); closed lagoon;  
Duke of 3x2 1/2 mi.; 8-10 ft. high; inhab.; covered with cocoanut  
York. and Pandanus trees, with clump of Casuarinas on s. islet;  
Oatafu. no fresh water, but pigs are kept here. Village and church  
at n. end.

Autano: islet of Fakaafo.

Awtano.

Awtano: = Autano.

Bowditch: = Fakaafo.

Clarence: = Nukunono.

Duke of Clarence: = Nukunono.

Duke of York: = Atafu.

Fakaafo atoll:	with 62 islets; 8 mi. long and about 5 1/2 mi.
Bowditch.	wide; inhab.; no entrance for a vessel to
Fakaafo.	lagoon; no anchorages; vegetation (including
San Bernardo Ids.?	cocoanuts and shrubbery). Pigs are kept here
Tokalow.	for sale to mariners.
Tokelau.	

Fakaafo: = Fakaafo.

Fonuaafala: w. islet of Fakaafo; 75 ft. high; cocoanuts and other vegetation.

Fonualoa: s. islet of Fakaafo; 81 ft. high; vegetation, incl. cocoanuts.

Fonua Muli: Mulifonua.

Fulatutasi: islet of Fakaafo.

Kivave: islet of Fakaafo.

Longatana: islet of Fakaafo.

Matangi: islet of Fakaafo.

Mawtu: islet of Fakaafo.

Motuagea: islet of Fakaafo.

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Motuiti: islet of Fakaafo.

Motuloa: islet of Fakaafo.

Motunangea: islet of Fakaafo.

Motutulatula: islet of Fakaafo.

Mulifonua: n.e. islet of Fakaafo.

Fonua Muli.

Niue: islet of Fakaafo.

Nukulakia: islet of Fakaafo.

Nukumasanga: islet of Fakaafo.

Nukumatau: islet of Fakaafo.

Nukunono:	id. with closed lagoon; 7x5 mi.; with 93 islets
Clarence.	on the reef; inhab.; "many cocoanut and other
Duke of Clarence.	trees on the island." Pigs are raised here.

Nukusesuki: islet of Fakaafo.

Oafuna: islet of Fakaafo.

Oatáfu: = Atáfu

Otafi: islet of Fakaafo.

Palea: islet of Fakaafo.

Pangai: islet of Fakaafo.

Papaloo: islet of Fakaafo.

Patalinga: islet of Fakaafo.

Sakea: islet of Fakaafo.

San Bernardo Ids.: 4 of them, discovered by Mendaña, in 1595. Findlay (1851) says they may be the same as Swain Id., or Bowditch (=Fakaafo) Id.

Saumatafanga: islet of Fakaafo.

Sikalai: islet of Fakaafo.  
Sikatai.

Sikatai: = Sikalai.

Tafolaelo: islet of Fakaafo.

Teafua: islet of Fakaafo.



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Tioki: islet of Fakaafu.

Tisungatu: islet of Fakaafu.

Tokalow: = Fakaafu.

Tokelau: = Fakaafu.

Tokikimua: islet of Fakaafu.

Tukumatini: islet of Fakaafu.

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Low (alleged 9°33'S., 170° 38'W.) and Quiros (alleged 10° 32'S., 170°12'W.) said to belong to the United States, should be near Fakaafu, if extant.



25. Tokelau or Union Group.

Birds.

Treronidae.

*Globicera pacifica*? (Peale called it "Columba oceanica.")

Atáfu and Fakaafo: Peale (saw tame birds possessed by natives).

Sternidae.

*Procelsterna "cinerea"*.

Fakaafo: Ramsay records it under the name "Anous cinereus, Gould"; collected by Rev. Whitmee. Ramsay says the specimen differs from Gould's description in being somewhat smaller.

*Thalasseus bergii*, subspecies.

Fakaafo: Lister.

?*Anous*, species.

Atáfu: Peale (seen in the hands of natives, Jan. 25, 1841. Peale refers to this as a "Noddy", hence, presumably, a form of Anous).

"Terns and other oceanic species" were seen in "abundance" by Peale, on Atáfu, Jan. 25, 1841.

Charadriidae.

*Pluvialis dominicus fulvus* (Gmelin).

Atáfu: Peale (saw tame "plover" in the hands of natives, Jan. 25, 1841).

Peale reports that at Atáfu (on Jan. 25, 1841) he saw no land birds.

Byron (June, 1765) "found thousands of sea fowl sitting upon their nests, which were built in high trees: these birds were so tame, that they suffered themselves to be knocked down without leaving their nests. The ground was covered with land crabs, but no other animal was seen."



28. Uvea or Wallis Id. (n.e. of Horne Group.)

French Protectorate, administered from New Caledonia.

There are said to be many mosquitoes on Uvea.

Akimoa: = Nuku akimua.

Faioa: islet on s. side of Uvea; long and low; covered with cocoanuts.

Fatua: islet on s. side of Uvea.

Fenuafu: islet of Uvea.

Fougalei: islet of Uvea. (Possibly equals the following?)

Fungalei: islet on e. side of Uvea; 200 ft. high; with saddle-shaped  
?Fougalei? top.

Lonaniva: islet on e. side of Uvea.

Nukuafu: islet on s. side of Uvea.

Nukuatea: islet on s. side of Uvea; 200 ft. high, and rugged.

Nuku akimoa: = Nuku akimua.

Nuku akimua: islet on s. side of Uvea; 15 ft. high.

Akimoa.

Nuku akimua.

Sail-rock.

Nuku atea: = Nuku aeta.

Nukufetao: islet on s. side of Uvea.

Nukufutu: islet on n. side of Uvea.

Nukuloa: islet on n. side of Uvea.

Nukulufala: islet on e. side of Uvea.

Nukuteatea: islet on n. side of Uvea.

Ouvea: = Uvea

Sail-rock: = Nuku akimua.

Takuaviki: islet on n. side of Uvea.

Uea: = Uvea

20. List of names of the group.

French Protestant, Administrative and Social Services.  
There are said to be many more names of Uvats.

Armon: = Uvats.

Armon: List of names of Uvats; 1000 is the number of Uvats.

Armon: List of names of Uvats.

Armon: List of names of Uvats.

Armon: List of names of Uvats. (Possibly some are lost.)

Armon: List of names of Uvats; 1000 is the number of Uvats.  
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Armon: List of names of Uvats.

Armon: List of names of Uvats.

Uvea: 7 miles long: volcanic; 197 or 470 ft. high; near centre covered with vegetation ("bush"); inhab.; is on one reef 14 x 9 mi.; with many islets and rocks from 1-10 mi. in circ.; ship passage to lagoon on south.

Ouvea.  
Uea. with veget.  
Wallace.  
Wallis.

Wallace: = Wallis.

Wallis: = Uvea.





28. Uvea or Wallis Id. Birds.

Treronidae.

*Globicera pacifica* (Gmelin). (Type locality, Friendly Ids.)

Uvea: Arnoux; Graeffe?

*Ptilinopus porphyraceous graeffei* Neumann. (t.l., Uvea or Wallis Id.)

Uvea: Graeffe.

Rallidae.

*Hypotaenidia philippensis*, subspecies.

Uvea: Graeffe.

*Porphyrio "samoensis."*

Uvea: Graeffe.

Sternidae.

*Megalopterus minutus*, subspecies.

Uvea: Graeffe.

Scolopacidae.

*Heteroscelus incanus* (Gmelin). (t.l., Eimeo and Palmerston Ids.)

Uvea: Graeffe.

Buteonidae.

*Circus approximans*, subspecies.

Uvea: old spn. in Brit. Mus.

Loriidae.

*Vini australis* (Gmelin).

Uvea: Gray (records it); Graeffe.

Eulabetidae.

*Aplonis "vitiensis"?* (Hartlaub & Finsch call it *A. tabuensis*.)

Graeffe.

There must be at least double the above number of species found on this island, though possibly no more land birds. Only a careful examination can decide.



28. Uvea or Wallis Island. Additional note on Birds.

T. H. Hood, in "Notes of a Cruise in H.M.S. "Fawn" in the Western Pacific in the Year 1862" (Edinburgh, 1863, 8vo), says of birds on Wallis Island: "No sound is heard in these quiet woods but the cooing of numbers of pigeons and doves of a beautiful plumage". (p. 171↓)

At a lake here, he says there were tropic birds and "wild-ducks."  
(p. 172.)

The tropic birds and wild ducks are additional to the list for this island.



General index to Islands, indicating number of their Group.

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## GROUPS OF ISLANDS INCLUDED IN THE FOREGOING LIST.

1. Austral or Tubuai Group.  
Banks Group (see New Hebrides).
2. Caroline Group.  
Cook Group (see Hervey).  
Easter Island (see Rapanui).
3. Ellice Group.  
Fanning Group (see Line Islands).
4. Fiji Group.
5. Gilbert Group.
6. Hervey or Cook Group.
7. Horne Group.
8. Islands (scattered) east and northeast of Samoa.
9. Islands (scattered) south of Line Islands.  
Ladrones (see Marianne Group).
10. Line Islands.
11. Loyalty Group.
12. Marianne or Ladrone Group.
13. Marquesas Group.
14. Marshall Group.
15. Miscellaneous Islands in n. and s. Pacific  
(Marcus, Wake, etc.).
16. New Caledonia.
17. New Hebrides.
  - 17a. Banks Group.
  - 17b. Santa Cruz Group.  
Paumotu Group (see Tuamotu).
18. Pelew Group.
19. Phoenix Group.
20. Rapa Island and vicinity.
21. Rapanui (Easter) and Sala y Gomez Islands.
22. Rotuma and vicinity.
23. Samoan Group.  
Santa Cruz Group (see New Hebrides).
24. Society Group.
25. Tokelau or Union Group.
26. Tonga Group.
27. Tuamotu Group.
  - 27a. Outlying Islands, s.e. of main Tuamotu group.  
Tubuai Group (see Austral Group).  
Uncertain Islands (included under No. 15).  
Union Group (see Tokelau).
28. Uvea or Wallis Group.  
Wallis Group (see Uvea).













